

High Temperature High Side Current Sense in a SOT-23

DESCRIPTION

Demonstration circuit 1363 is a General Purpose High-Side Current-Sense Amplifier featuring the LT6107.

This demo board amplifies an on-board current-sense resistor voltage-drop, providing a precision uni-polar output voltage proportional to load current. The demo circuit includes scaling resistors that program the gain of the circuit to 50V/V. The LT6107 is powered from the same supply that the sense resistor is connected to and provides a ground referenced output. The LT6107 can perform current measurements on supplies ranging from 2.7V to 36V. Since the output voltage is developed as a controlled current through a load resistance, ground-loop errors can be eliminated by simply locating the load resistor at the destination point (subsequent signal

processing such as A/D conversion). Remote loading can be evaluated by simply removing the on board load resistor (R3).

DC1363 is fabricated from FR-406 high-temp epoxy-glass so that the full 150° operation of the LT6107 can be demonstrated. Other key performance characteristics of the LT6107 and DC1363 are shown in the Performance Summary below.

Design files for this circuit board are available. Call the LTC factory.

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PERFORMANCE SUMMARY Specifications are at T_A = 25°C

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
V _{IN}	Monitored Supply Input Range		2.7	3...28	36	V
V _{MON}	Measurement Output Signal	I _{OUT} = 5A		2.5		V
I _{MON}	Measurement Output Signal (current mode)	I _{OUT} = 5A, R3 removed		500		μA
I _{OUT}	Output Load Current Range	Thermal limit of R _{SENSE}			5	A
I _{INQ}	V _{IN} Quiescent Current	V _{IN} = 12V, I _{OUT} = 0A		65		μA
t _R	V _{MON} step-response time	I _{OUT} step from 0A to 5A		5		μs

OPERATING PRINCIPLES

The LT6107 operates by amplifying the voltage drop on a sense resistor placed in series with the power source of a load to be monitored. The sense inputs of the amplifier differentially measure the sense-resistor drop to control an internal variable current source that allows translation of the input information to a level referenced to V– (ground in this demo circuit). The circuit gain is established by the ratio of the output resistor to the input

resistor and is essentially as accurate as the resistors used. In DC1363 as shipped, the sense resistor installed is 10mΩ and the resistor ratio sets the gain to 50V/V, so the nominal output scaling is 500mV per Ampere of load current. Other scalings can be produced by resistor replacement on the demo circuit.

The DC1363 Schematic diagram is shown in Figure 2.

QUICK START PROCEDURE

Demonstration circuit 1363 is easy to set up to evaluate the performance of the LT6107. Refer to Figure 1 for proper measurement equipment setup and follow the procedure below:

1. With power off, connect the power supply positive to IN and the common to GND. This supply should be in the range of 2.7V to 36V. If this supply is not equipped with an accurate current readout, a DMM (set to measure Amperes) may be connected in series with the supply as shown in Figure 1.

NOTE. Be sure that the current capacity of the DMM is adequate to handle the intended load current.

2. Connect a voltmeter or oscilloscope probe to the MON terminal, with the common connection or ground clip tied to GND.
3. Connect a load to the OUT terminal (positive) and return (negative) to the common of the power supply. The load may be a power resistor, active load instrument, or other circuit of interest.
4. Turn on the power supply.
5. Measure an output voltage that corresponds to the load current. $V_{MON} = 0.5 \times I_{OUT}$ for the factory installed resistors.

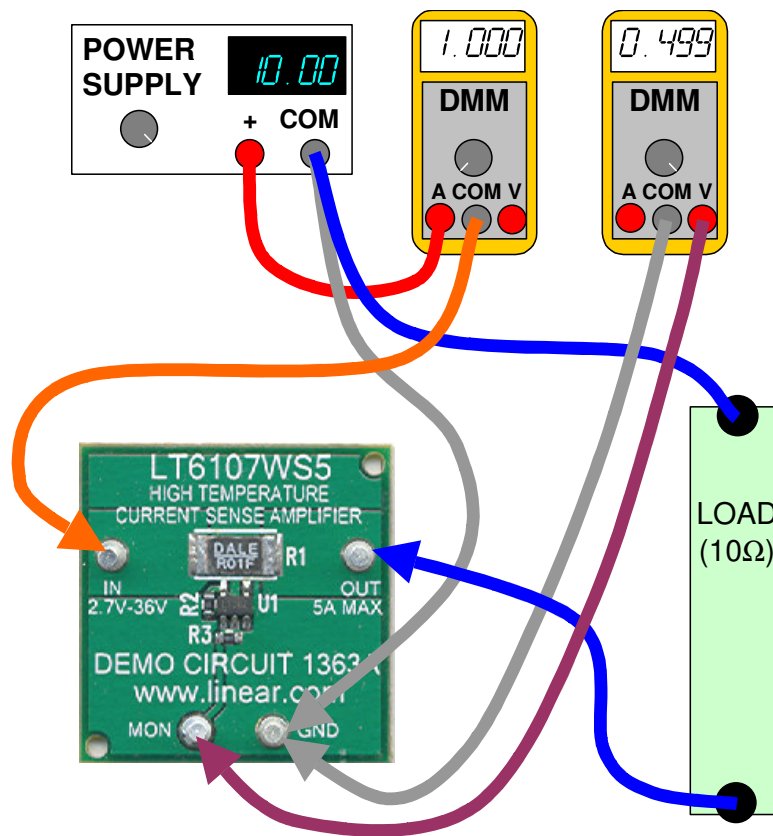


Figure 1. Proper Measurement Equipment Setup

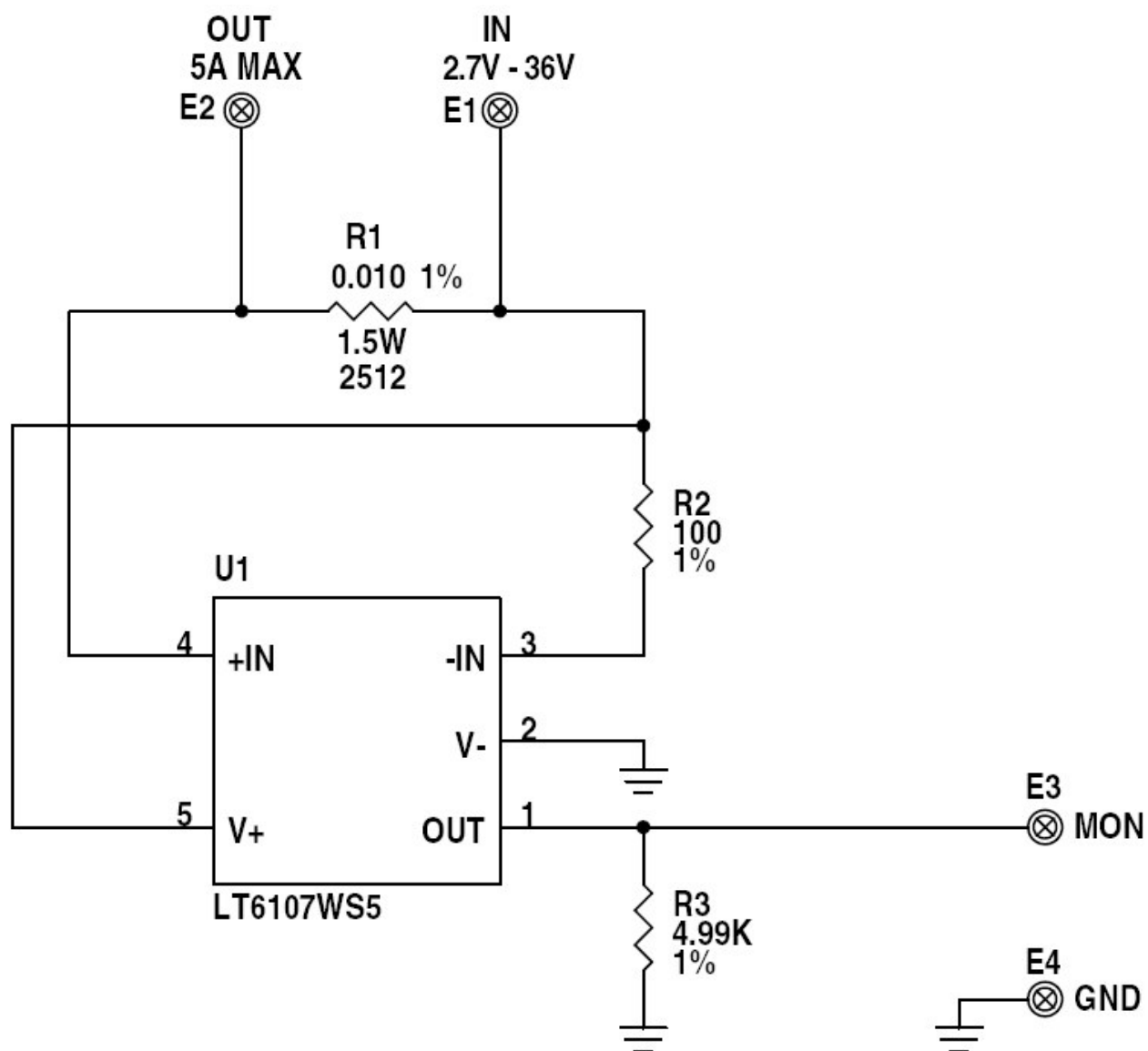


Figure 2. DC1363 Schematic Diagram