

35 W, 2.0 - 6.0 GHz, GaN MMIC, Power Amplifier

Description

Wolfspeed's CMPA2060035F1 is a gallium nitride (GaN) High Electron Mobility Transistor (HEMT) based monolithic microwave integrated circuit (MMIC). GaN has superior properties compared to silicon or gallium arsenide, including higher breakdown voltage, higher saturated electron drift velocity and higher thermal conductivity. GaN HEMTs also offer greater power density and wider bandwidths compared to Si and GaAs transistors. This MMIC contains a two-stage 50-ohm matched amplifier, enabling very wide bandwidths to be achieved, in a small 0.5" square, screw-down package.



PN: CMPA2060035F1 Package Type: 440219

Typical Performance Over 2.0 - 6.0 GHz ($T_c = 25$ °C)

Parameter	2.0 GHz	3.0 GHz	4.0 GHz	5.0 GHz	6.0 GHz	Units
Small Signal Gain ^{1,2}	30.0	29.4	30.4	32.0	27.5	dB
Output Power ^{1,3}	45.6	46.2	45.7	46.2	44.4	dBm
Power Gain ^{1,3}	23.6	24.2	23.7	24.2	22.4	dB
Power Added Efficiency ^{1,3}	52	48	38	35	30	%

Notes:

 ${}^{1}\mathrm{V}_{_{\mathrm{DD}}}$ = 28 V, I $_{_{\mathrm{DO}}}$ = 1000 mA

² Measured at Pin = -20 dBm

³Measured at Pin = 22 dBm and CW

Features

- >30% Typical Power Added Efficiency
- 30 dB Small Signal Gain
- 36W Typical P_{SAT}
- Operation up to 28 V
- High Breakdown Voltage
- High Temperature Operation

Note: Features represent typical performance across multiple frequencies under 25°C operation. Please reference the performance charts for additional details.

Applications

- Civil and Military Pulsed Radar Amplifiers
- **Test Instrumentation**
- **Electronic Warfare Jamming**

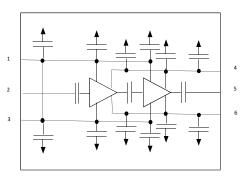


Figure 1.



Absolute Maximum Ratings (not simultaneous) at 25°C

Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Units	Conditions
Drain-source Voltage	V _{DSS}	84	VDC	25°C
Gate-source Voltage	V _{GS}	-10, +2	VDC	25°C
Storage Temperature	Τ _{stg}	-55, +150	°C	
Maximum Forward Gate Current	١ _g	16.32	mA	25°C
Maximum Drain Current	۱ _{DMAX}	4.0	A	
Soldering Temperature	Τ _s	260	°C	

Electrical Characteristics (Frequency = 2.0 GHz to 6.0 GHz unless otherwise stated; $T_c = 25$ °C)

-2.6 - 16.32 84 - - - - - - - - - -	-2.0 -1.8 19.58 - 30.0 45.6 46.2 45.7 46.2	-1.6 - - - - - - - - - - - -	V V _{DC} A V dB dBm dBm	$V_{DD} = 10 \text{ V}, \text{ I}_{D} = 16.32 \text{ mA}$ $V_{DD} = 28 \text{ V}, \text{ I}_{DQ} = 1000 \text{ mA}$ $V_{DS} = 6.0 \text{ V}, \text{ V}_{GS} = 2.0 \text{ V}$ $V_{GS} = -8 \text{ V}, \text{ I}_{D} = 16.32 \text{ mA}$ Pin = -20 dBm, Freq = 2.0 - 6.0 GHz $V_{DD} = 28 \text{ V}, \text{ I}_{DQ} = 1000 \text{ mA}, \text{ P}_{IN} = 22 \text{ dBm}, \text{ Freq} = 2.0 \text{ GHz}$ $V_{DD} = 28 \text{ V}, \text{ I}_{DQ} = 1000 \text{ mA}, \text{ P}_{IN} = 22 \text{ dBm}, \text{ Freq} = 2.0 \text{ GHz}$
- 16.32 84 - - - - -	-1.8 19.58 - 30.0 45.6 46.2 45.7		V _{DC} A V dB dBm	$V_{DD} = 28 \text{ V, } I_{DQ} = 1000 \text{ mA}$ $V_{DS} = 6.0 \text{ V, } V_{GS} = 2.0 \text{ V}$ $V_{GS} = -8 \text{ V, } I_{D} = 16.32 \text{ mA}$ Pin = -20 dBm, Freq = 2.0 - 6.0 GHz $V_{DD} = 28 \text{ V, } I_{DQ} = 1000 \text{ mA, } P_{IN} = 22 \text{ dBm, Freq} = 2.0 \text{ GHz}$
16.32 84 - - - -	19.58 - 30.0 45.6 46.2 45.7	- - - -	A V dB dBm	$V_{DS} = 6.0 \text{ V}, V_{GS} = 2.0 \text{ V}$ $V_{GS} = -8 \text{ V}, I_D = 16.32 \text{ mA}$ Pin = -20 dBm, Freq = 2.0 - 6.0 GHz $V_{DD} = 28 \text{ V}, I_{DQ} = 1000 \text{ mA}, P_{IN} = 22 \text{ dBm}, Freq = 2.0 \text{ GHz}$
84 - - - -	- 30.0 45.6 46.2 45.7		V dB dBm	$V_{GS} = -8 \text{ V}, \text{ I}_{D} = 16.32 \text{ mA}$ Pin = -20 dBm, Freq = 2.0 - 6.0 GHz $V_{DD} = 28 \text{ V}, \text{ I}_{DQ} = 1000 \text{ mA}, \text{ P}_{IN} = 22 \text{ dBm}, \text{ Freq} = 2.0 \text{ GHz}$
-	30.0 45.6 46.2 45.7	-	dB dBm	Pin = -20 dBm, Freq = 2.0 - 6.0 GHz V _{DD} = 28 V, I _{DQ} = 1000 mA, P _{IN} = 22 dBm, Freq = 2.0 GHz
-	45.6 46.2 45.7	-	dBm	$V_{DD} = 28 \text{ V}, \text{ I}_{DQ} = 1000 \text{ mA}, \text{ P}_{IN} = 22 \text{ dBm}, \text{ Freq} = 2.0 \text{ GHz}$
-	45.6 46.2 45.7	-	dBm	$V_{DD} = 28 \text{ V}, \text{ I}_{DQ} = 1000 \text{ mA}, \text{ P}_{IN} = 22 \text{ dBm}, \text{ Freq} = 2.0 \text{ GHz}$
-	46.2 45.7	-		
-	45.7		dBm	$V_{\rm c} = 20 V_{\rm c} = 1000 \text{m}$ A D = 22 dBm Free = 2.0 CHz
		-		$V_{_{DD}}$ = 28 V, I $_{_{DQ}}$ = 1000 mA, $P_{_{IN}}$ = 22 dBm, Freq = 3.0 GHz
-	46.2		dBm	$V_{_{DD}} = 28 \text{ V}, \text{ I}_{_{DQ}} = 1000 \text{ mA}, \text{ P}_{_{IN}} = 22 \text{ dBm}, \text{ Freq} = 4.0 \text{ GHz}$
		-	dBm	$V_{_{DD}}$ = 28 V, $I_{_{DQ}}$ = 1000 mA, $P_{_{IN}}$ = 22 dBm, Freq = 5.0 GHz
-	44.4	_	dBm	$V_{_{DD}}$ = 28 V, $I_{_{DQ}}$ = 1000 mA, $P_{_{IN}}$ = 22 dBm, Freq = 6.0 GHz
_	52	_	%	$V_{_{DD}}$ = 28 V, $I_{_{DQ}}$ = 1000 mA, $P_{_{IN}}$ = 22 dBm, Freq = 2.0 GHz
-	48	-	%	$V_{_{DD}}$ = 28 V, I $_{_{DQ}}$ = 1000 mA, P $_{_{\rm IN}}$ = 22 dBm, Freq = 3.0 GHz
-	38	-	%	$V_{_{DD}}$ = 28 V, I $_{_{DQ}}$ = 1000 mA, P $_{_{IN}}$ = 22 dBm, Freq = 4.0 GHz
-	35	-	%	$V_{_{DD}}$ = 28 V, I $_{_{DQ}}$ = 1000 mA, P $_{_{\rm IN}}$ = 22 dBm, Freq = 5.0 GHz
-	30	-	%	$V_{_{DD}}$ = 28 V, $I_{_{DQ}}$ = 1000 mA, $P_{_{IN}}$ = 22 dBm, Freq = 6.0 GHz
_	23.6	-	dB	$V_{_{DD}} = 28 \text{ V}, \text{ I}_{_{DQ}} = 1000 \text{ mA}, \text{ P}_{_{IN}} = 22 \text{ dBm}, \text{ Freq} = 2.0 \text{ GHz}$
-	24.2	-	dB	$V_{_{DD}} = 28 \text{ V}, \text{ I}_{_{DQ}} = 1000 \text{ mA}, \text{ P}_{_{IN}} = 22 \text{ dBm}, \text{ Freq} = 3.0 \text{ GHz}$
-	23.7	-	dB	$V_{_{DD}} = 28 \text{ V}, \text{ I}_{_{DQ}} = 1000 \text{ mA}, \text{ P}_{_{IN}} = 22 \text{ dBm}, \text{ Freq} = 4.0 \text{ GHz}$
-	24.2	-	dB	$V_{_{DD}}$ = 28 V, $I_{_{DQ}}$ = 1000 mA, $P_{_{IN}}$ = 22 dBm, Freq = 5.0 GHz
-	22.4	-	dB	$V_{DD} = 28 \text{ V}, \text{ I}_{DQ} = 1000 \text{ mA}, \text{ P}_{IN} = 22 \text{ dBm}, \text{ Freq} = 6.0 \text{ GHz}$
-	-14	-	dB	Pin = -20 dBm, 2.0 - 6.0 GHz
	-14	-	dB	Pin = -20 dBm, 2.0 - 6.0 GHz
-	_	5:1	Ψ	No damage at all phase angles
	-	- 22.4 14 14	- 22.4 - 14 - 14 -	- 22.4 - dB 14 - dB 14 - dB

Notes:

¹ Scaled from PCM data

² Performance is based on production testing at a fixed input power. To see performance where the input power is optimized for either maximum output power or power added efficiency, see Figures 46 and 47.



Thermal Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Units	Conditions
Operating Junction Temperature	T,	225	°C	
Thermal Resistance, Junction to Case (packaged) ¹	R _{ejc}	1.5	°C/W	CW

Notes:

¹For the CMPA2060035F1 at $P_{DISS} = 89 W$

Typical Performance of the CMPA2060035F1

Test conditions unless otherwise noted: $V_p = 28$ V, $I_{po} = 1000$ mA, CW, Pin = 22 dBm, $T_{RASE} = +25$ °C

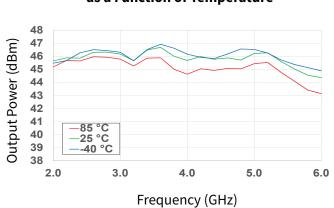
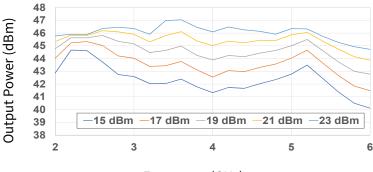


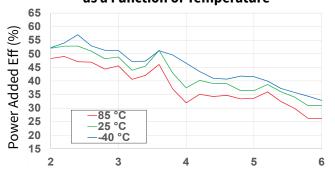
Figure 1. Output Power vs Frequency as a Function of Temperature

Figure 2. Output Power vs Frequency as a Function of Input Power



Frequency (GHz)

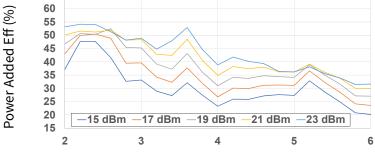
Figure 3. Power Added Eff. vs Frequency as a Function of Temperature



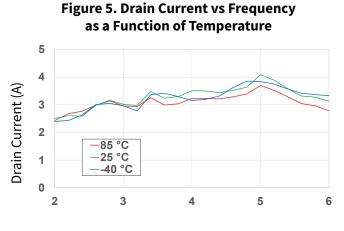
Frequency (GHz)

as a Function of Input Power 65

Figure 4. Power Added Eff. vs Frequency

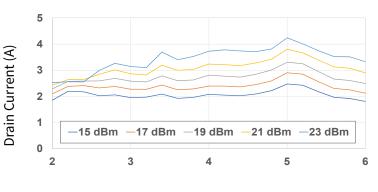


Frequency (GHz)



Frequency (GHz)

Figure 6. Drain Current vs Frequency as a Function of Input Power



Frequency (GHz)

Typical Performance of the CMPA2060035F1

Test conditions unless otherwise noted: $V_{D} = 28 \text{ V}$, $I_{DO} = 1000 \text{ mA}$, CW, Pin = 22 dBm, $T_{BASF} = +25 \text{ °C}$

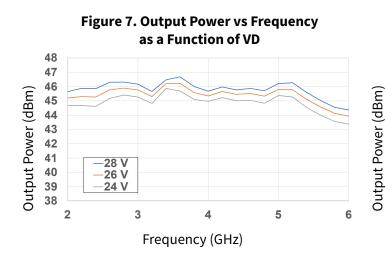


Figure 9. Power Added Eff. vs Frequency as a Function of VD

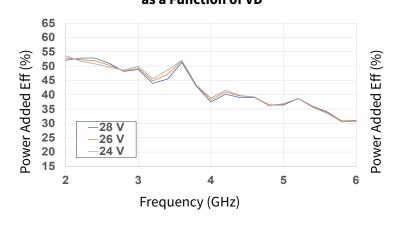


Figure 11. Drain Current vs Frequency as a Function of VD

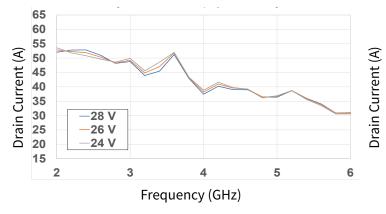


Figure 8. Output Power vs Frequency as a Function of IDQ 48 47 46 45 44 43 1000 mA 42 41 500 mA 40 250 mA 39 38 3 2 4 5 6 Frequency (GHz)

Figure 10. Power Added Eff. vs Frequency as a Function of IDQ

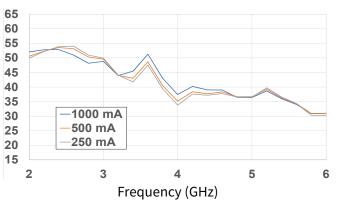
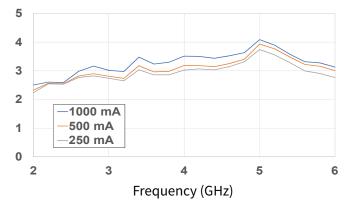


Figure 12. Drain Current vs Frequency as a Function of IDQ



Test conditions unless otherwise noted: $V_D = 28 \text{ V}$, $I_{DO} = 1000 \text{ mA}$, CW, Pin = 22 dBm, $T_{BASE} = +25 \text{ °C}$

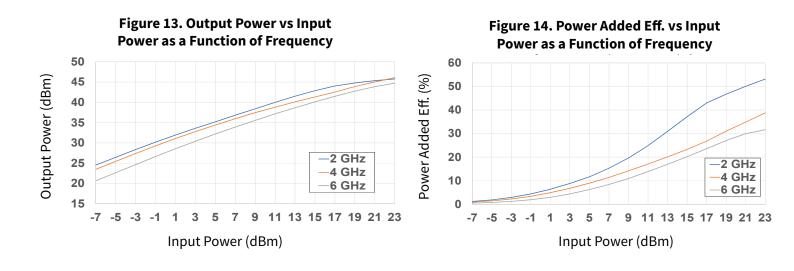
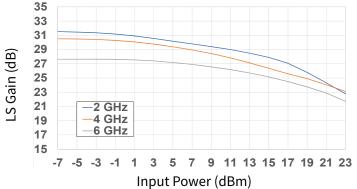


Figure 15. Large Signal Gain vs Input Power as a Function of Frequency



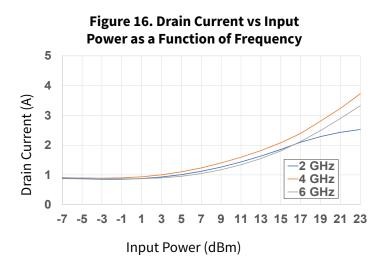
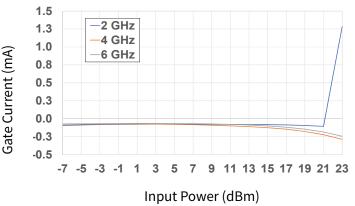


Figure 17. Gate Current vs Input Power as a Function of Frequency





Test conditions unless otherwise noted: $V_D = 28 \text{ V}$, $I_{DO} = 1000 \text{ mA}$, CW, Pin = 22 dBm, $T_{BASE} = +25 \text{ °C}$

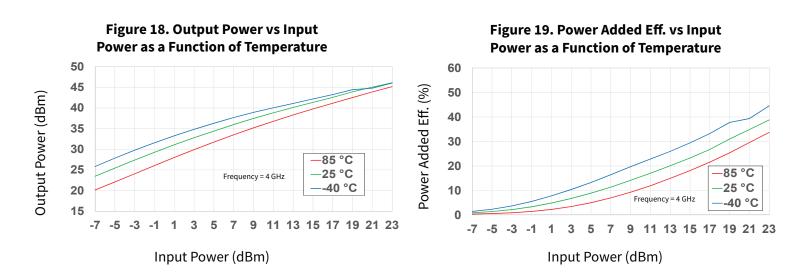
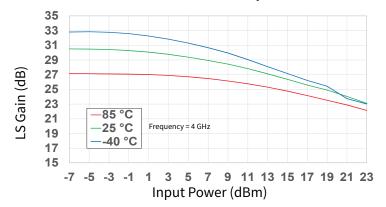
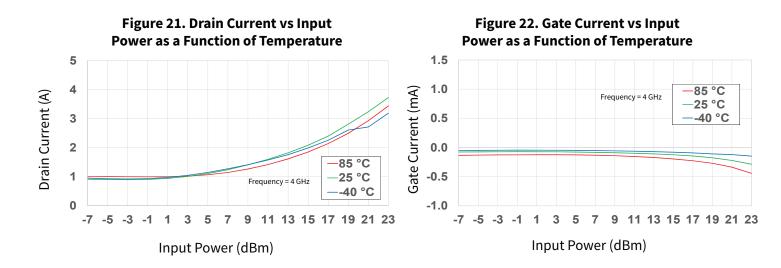


Figure 20. Large Signal Gain vs Input Power as a Function of Temperature

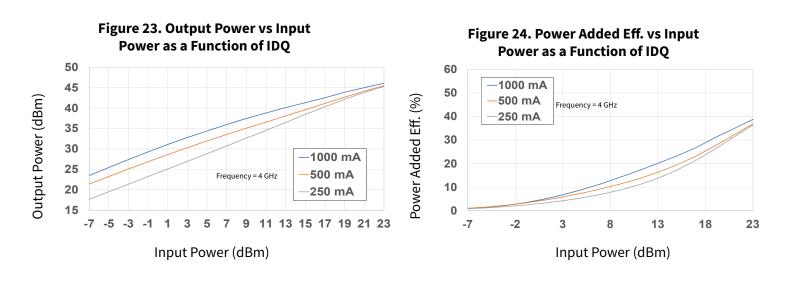


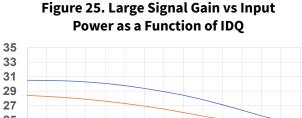


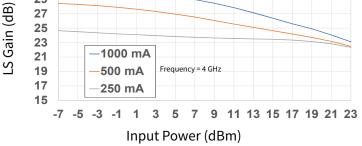


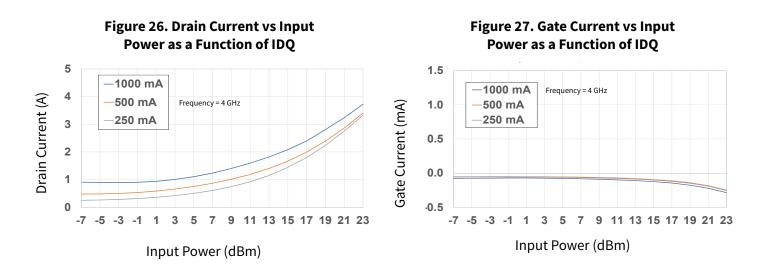
Typical Performance of the CMPA2060035F1

Test conditions unless otherwise noted: $V_{D} = 28 \text{ V}$, $I_{DO} = 1000 \text{ mA}$, CW, Pin = 22 dBm, $T_{BASE} = +25 \text{ °C}$



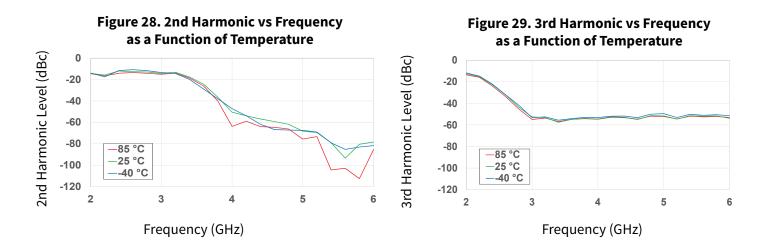






Typical Performance of the CMPA2060035F1

Test conditions unless otherwise noted: $V_{D} = 28 \text{ V}$, $I_{DO} = 1000 \text{ mA}$, CW, Pin = 22 dBm, $T_{BASE} = +25 \text{ °C}$





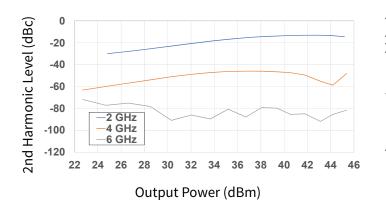
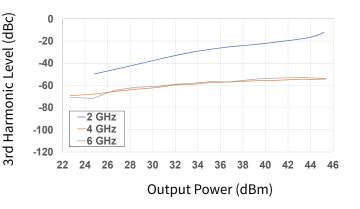
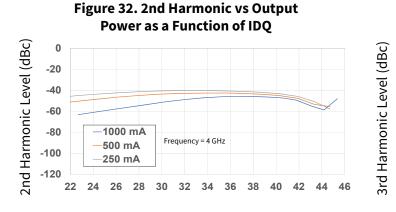


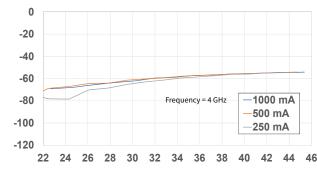
Figure 31. 3rd Harmonic vs Output Power as a Function of Frequency





Output Power (dBm)

Figure 33. 3rd Harmonic vs Output Power as a Function of IDQ



Output Power (dBm)



Test conditions unless otherwise noted: V_{D} = 28 V, I_{DO} = 1000 mA, Pin = -20 dBm, T_{BASE} = +25 °C

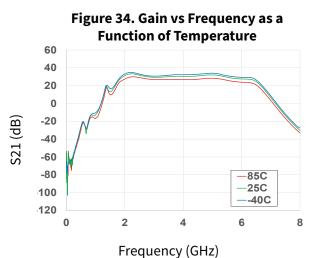
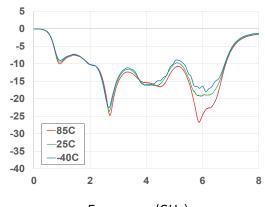


Figure 36. Input RL vs Frequency as a Function of Temperature



Frequency (GHz)

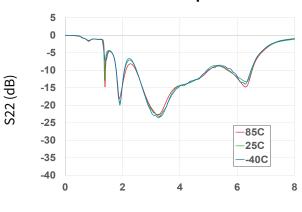


Figure 38. Output RL vs Frequency as a Function of Temperature

Frequency (GHz)

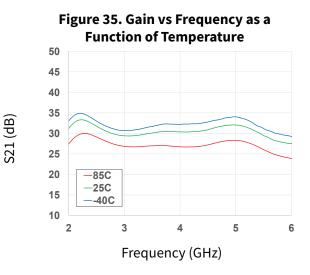


Figure 37. Input RL vs Frequency as a Function of Temperature

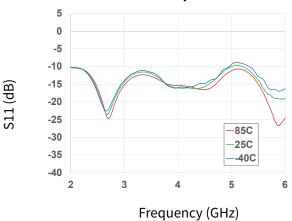
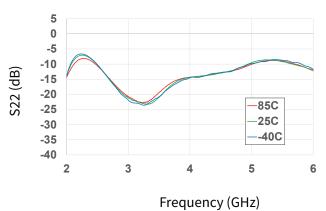


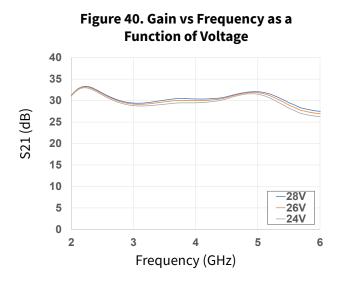
Figure 39. Output RL vs Frequency as a Function of Temperature

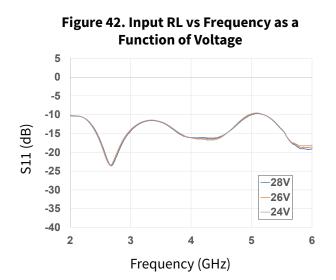


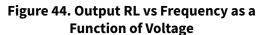
S11 (dB)

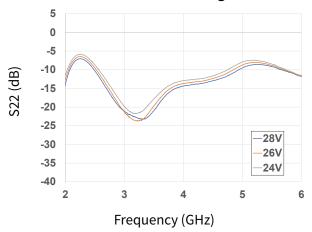


Test conditions unless otherwise noted: V $_{\rm D}$ = 28 V, I $_{\rm DO}$ = 1000 mA, Pin = -20 dBm, T $_{\rm BASE}$ = +25 °C









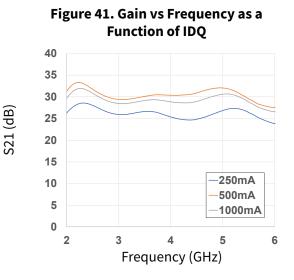


Figure 43. Input RL vs Frequency as a Function of IDQ

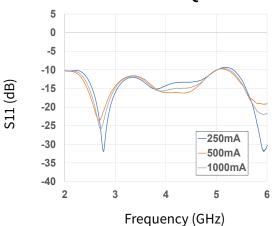
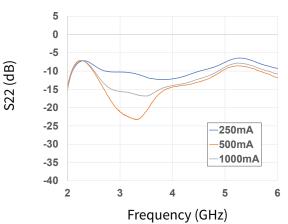


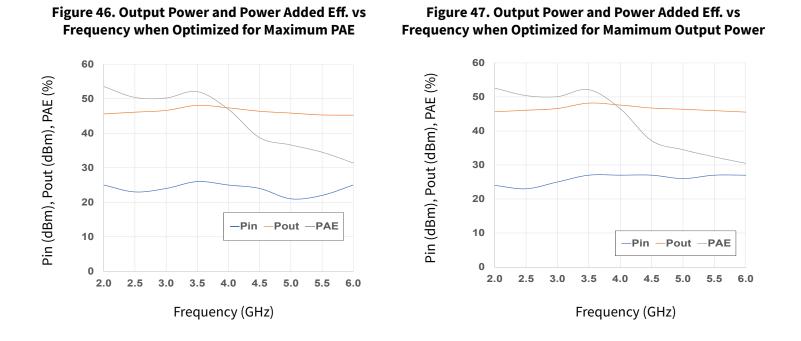
Figure 45. Output RL vs Frequency as a Function of IDQ



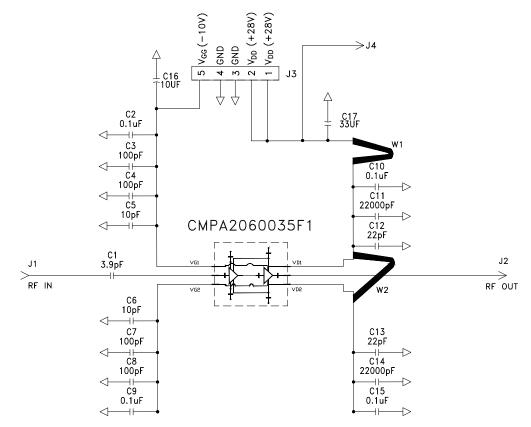


Typical Performance of the CMPA2060035F1

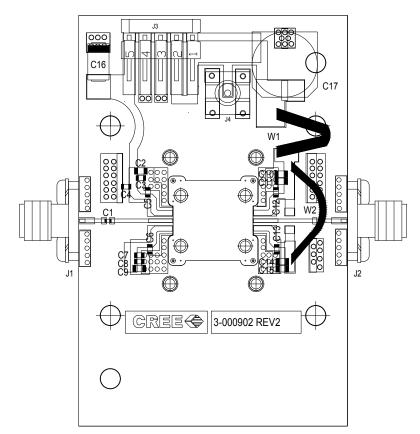
Test conditions unless otherwise noted: V_D = 28 V, I_{DO} = 1000 mA, Pin = -20 dBm, T_{BASE} = +25 $^{\circ}$ C



CMPA2060035F1-AMP Evaluation Board Schematic



CMPA2060035F1-AMP Evaluation Board Outline



13



CMPA2060035F1-AMP Evaluation Board Bill of Materials

Designator	Description	Qty
C1	CAP, 3.9pF, +/-0.1pF, 0402, ATC	1
C11, C14	CAP CER 22,000PF 100V 10% X7R 0805	2
C12. C13	CAP, 22pF,+/-5%, 0603, ATC	2
C16	CAP 10UF 16V TANTALUM, 2312	1
C17	CAP, 33 UF, 20%, G CASE	1
C2, C9, C10,C15	CAP CER 0.1UF 100V 10% X7R 0805	4
C3, C4, C7, C8	CAP, 100.0pF, +/-5%, 0603, ATC	4
C5, C6	CAP, 10.0pF, +/-5%, 0603, ATC	2
J1, J2	CONN, SMA, PANEL MOUNT JACK, FLANGE, 4-HOLE, BLUNT POST, 20MIL	2
J3	HEADER RT>PLZ .1CEN LK 5POS	1
J4	CONN, SMB, STRAIGHT JACK RECEPTACLE, SMT, 50 OHM, Au PLATED	1
W1, W2	WIRE, BLACK, 22 AWG	2
	TEST FIXTURE, 2-6GHz, CMPA2060035F1	1
	PCB board 2.6"X1.7", TACONIC RF35, 0.01", 440219 package	1
	BASEPLATE, AL, 2.60 X 1.70 X 2.50	1
Q1	CMPA2060035F1: GaN, MMIC PA, 35 W, 2-6 GHz, Flange	1

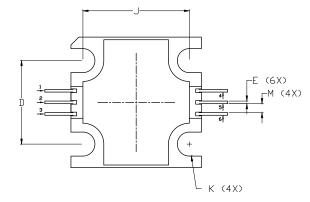
Electrostatic Discharge (ESD) Classifications

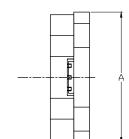
Parameter	Symbol	Class	Test Methodology
Human Body Model	НВМ	1B (≥ 500 V)	JEDEC JESD22 A114-D
Charge Device Model	CDM	II (≥ 200 V)	JEDEC JESD22 C101-C

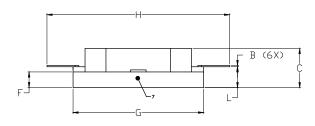
Moisture Sensitivity Level (MSL) Classification

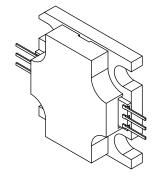
Parameter	Symbol	Level	Test Methodology
Moisture Sensitivity Level	MSL	3 (168 hours)	IPC/JEDEC J-STD-20

Product Dimensions CMPA2060035F1 (Package 440219)

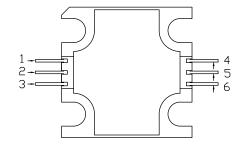








	INCHES		MILLIMETERS	
DIM	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
А	0.495	0.505	12.57	12.82
В	0.003	0.005	0.076	0.127
С	0.140	0.160	3.56	4.06
D	0.315	0.325	8.00	8.25
E	0.008	0.012	0.204	0.304
F	0.055	0.065	1.40	1.65
G	0.495	0.505	12.57	12.82
Н	0.695	0.705	17.65	17.91
J	0.403	0.413	10.24	10.49
к	ø .092		2.3	34
L	0.075	0.085	1.905	2.159
М	0.032	0.040	0.82	1.02



DESC.
Gate 1
RFIN
Gate 2
Drain 1
RFOUT
Drain 2

<u>NOT TO SCALE</u>

Part Number System

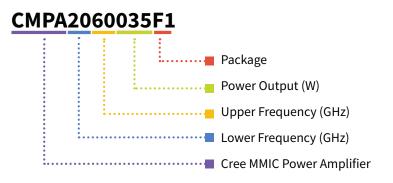


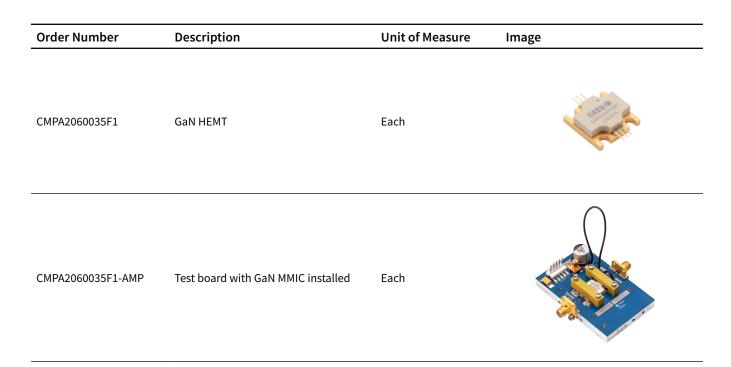
Table 1.		
Parameter	Value	Units
Lower Frequency	2.0	GHz
Upper Frequency	6.0	GHz
Power Output	35	W
Package	Flange	-

Note¹: Alpha characters used in frequency code indicate a value greater than 9.9 GHz. See Table 2 for value.

Table 2.	
Character Code	Code Value
A	0
В	1
С	2
D	3
E	4
F	5
G	6
Н	7
J	8
К	9
Examples:	1A = 10.0 GHz 2H = 27.0 GHz

16

Product Ordering Information



For more information, please contact:

4600 Silicon Drive Durham, North Carolina, USA 27703 www.wolfspeed.com/rf

Sales Contact rfsales@cree.com

Notes & Disclaimer

Specifications are subject to change without notice. "Typical" parameters are the average values expected by Cree in large quantities and are provided for information purposes only. Cree products are not warranted or authorized for use as critical components in medical, life-saving, or life-sustaining applications, or other applications where a failure would reasonably be expected to cause severe personal injury or death. No responsibility is assumed by Cree for any infringement of patents or other rights of third parties which may result from use of the information contained herein. No license is granted by implication or otherwise under any patent or patent rights of Cree.

© 2020– 2021 Cree, Inc. All rights reserved. Wolfspeed® and the Wolfspeed logo are registered trademarks of Cree, Inc.