User's Guide ADS8555EVM-PDK Evaluation Module

TEXAS INSTRUMENTS

ABSTRACT



This user's guide describes the operation and use of the ADS8555 evaluation module (EVM). The ADS8555 is a 6-channel, simultaneous sampling, 16-bit successive approximation (SAR) analog-to-digital converter (ADC). Each input channel on the device can support true bipolar input ranges up to ±12 V. The device includes a programmable, internally buffered voltage reverence. The ADC includes a serial programming interface (SPI) interface and a parallel interface (word and byte mode) for data communication. Device configuration is achieved through simple static digital input pins (hardware mode) or through communications to the SPI interface (control register configuration in software mode). This user's guide covers the circuit description, schematic diagram, and bill of materials for the ADS8555 circuit board. This EVM hardware and software can also be used to support the ADS8556, ADS8557, and ADS8558 devices from this family. Other devices can be tested by desoldering the ADC and reprogramming the EVM (see Section 6.3). Detailed instructions for using other family members are provided later in this document.

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1 ADS8555EVM-PDK Overview

This document describes how to connect the EVM to your computer and test equipment to evaluate device performance and understand device features. The document also describes how to install and use the associated evaluation module software.

1.1 ADS8555EVM-PDK Features

Figure 1-1 shows the proper component connection for the ADS8555EVM. The ADS8555 evaluation module kit includes the following features:

- Hardware and software required for diagnostic testing as well as accurate performance evaluation of the ADS8555 ADC.
- Digital and analog interface power with universal serial bus (USB) power. External power is required for the high-voltage ±15-V supply.
- Easy-to-use evaluation software for the 64-bit Microsoft[®] Windows[®]7, Windows[®] 8, and Windows[®] 10 operating systems.
- Precision host interface (PHI) controller translates the USB (2.0) or higher to parallel or serial digital communications.



Figure 1-1. System Connection for Evaluation

1.2 ADS8555EVM Features

- Six input channels connected to external single-ended signals that are source applied to subminiature version A (SMA) connectors or headers.
- Serial and parallel interface connects to the PHI controller via a 60-pin connector (J2).
- High-voltage power supplies (HVDD and HVSS) are not included. Connect common lab supplies via screw terminal J1.
- Analog low-voltage supplies (AVDD = 5 V) are generated using an external 15-V supply and a low-dropout regulator (LDO). HVDD (12-V supply) is also generated using the 15-V supply and an LDO. HVSS (–12-V supply) is generated using the –15-V supply and an LDO.
- Digital low-voltage supply (DVDD = 3.3 V) is generated using USB power from the PHI controller.
- Integrated or external voltage reference options are available.



2 EVM Analog Interface

The ADS8555EVM is an evaluation module built using a two-board modular EVM system. One board is a digital controller (PHI), and the other board contains the ADC and associated analog circuitry. Both boards and the associated cables form the ADS8555EVM-PDK.

2.1 ADC Supply, Input, Voltage Reference, and Digital Connections

Figure 2-1 shows the decoupling on AVDD, BVDD, HVDD, and HVSS and the voltage reference. The decoupling capacitors match the recommendations in the ADS8555 data sheet. The layout (see Figure 7-1) uses the shortest possible connections to the decoupling capacitors and connects the ground end to the GND plane using vias. The ADS8555 can use an external or internal voltage reference. This reference can be selected by changing the position of JP06 to *INT* for internal or *EXT* for external. Figure 2-1 also shows the analog input signal and digital signal connections.



Figure 2-1. ADC Signal and Supply Connection



2.2 ADC Amplifier Drive

Figure 2-2 shows the op amp configuration for each ADC drive input. The default configuration is a noninverting buffer configuration. The gain of this circuit can be adjusted by changing R03 and R02 as needed. C02 can be used to limit the amplifier bandwidth or compensate the amplifier. R01 and C01 can also be used to create a low-pass filter. Jumper JP00 can be used to completely bypass the amplifier. This diagram only shows one channel, but this circuit is repeated six times. For other channels, see Figure 7-2.



Figure 2-2. Amplifier Drive Circuit



3 Digital Interface

As noted in Section 1.1, the EVM interfaces with the PHI and communicates with the computer over the USB. There are two devices on the EVM with which the PHI communicates: the ADS8555 ADC (over SPI or parallel) and the EEPROM (over I²C). The electrically erasable programmable read-only memory (EEPROM) comes preprogrammed with the information required to configure and initialize the ADS8555 platform. When the hardware is initialized, the EEPROM is no longer used.

3.1 Parallel Interface

The parallel interface signals are generated on the PHI controller and are connected through J2. Each of these signals has a $47-\Omega$ resistor between the device and the controller to slow down the signal edges in order to minimize signal overshoot. The digital signals can be monitored on the J3, J4, and J5 test headers.

3.2 Serial Interface (SPI)

The ADS8555 ADC uses SPI serial communication in mode 1 (CPOL = 0 and CPHA= 1). Because the serial clock (SCLK) frequency can be as fast as 36 MHz, the ADS8555EVM offers $47-\Omega$ resistors between the controller and device to aid with signal integrity. Typically, in high-speed SPI communication, fast signal edges can cause overshoot; these $47-\Omega$ resistors slow down the signal edges in order to minimize signal overshoot.

3.3 I²C Bus and EEPROM

The circuit shown in Figure 3-1 is used with the EVM controller (PHI) for EVM identification. This circuit is not required by the ADS8555 for operation. The switch (S1) is write protected and does not need to be changed for EVM operation.



Figure 3-1. I²C Bus and EEPROM

3.4 Connections to the PHI Connector

Connector J2 is used to connect the PHI digital controller printed circuit board (PCB) to the ADS8555EVM. This connector has all the digital signals as well as the BVDD supply. The power for the BVDD supply is from the USB connection. This connector also provides I²C signals that are used on the EEPROM identification circuit. The digital signals can be monitored on the J3, J4, and J5 test headers. Figure 3-2 provides a schematic showing the various connections to the PHI connector.



Figure 3-2. Connections to PHI Connector

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4 Power Supplies

The ADS8555 device uses four power supplies: AVDD (5 V), BVDD (3.3 V), HVDD (12 V), and HVSS (-12 V). The two high-voltage power supplies require an external ±15-V supply and are connected on a screw terminal strip (J1). The ±15-V supplies are regulated from ±15 V to ±12 V for HVDD and HVSS. The digital voltage supply (BVDD), is generated with the USB power. The analog supply (AVDD) is generated using the external 15-V supply and an LDO to generate 5 V.

4.1 External Power Connections and Test Points

The screw terminal block J1 is used to connect the external high voltage supplies. These supplies are not provided in the evaluation module kit and the expectation is that a low-noise lab supply is used to provide this power (for example, Keysight[™] E3632A). The high-voltage supplies have transient voltage suppressor diodes to help protect the ADC from transients. These supplies are typically connected to ±15 V. For details on operation, see the ADS8555 data sheet. Figure 4-1 also shows how each supply has a light-emitting diode (LED) monitor for quick verification that power is applied.



Figure 4-1. External Power Connections and Test Points

4.2 Low-Dropout Regulator (TPS7A3001 for HVSS)

As shown in Figure 4-2, the –15-V external power is connected to the TPS7A3001 LDO to generate –12 V. This LDO output can be programmed to different voltages by changing the feedback network R6 and R7. This LDO was selected for low noise and flexibility.



Figure 4-2. Low-Dropout Regulator (TPS7A3001 for HVSS)



4.3 Low-Dropout Regulator (TPS7A4700 for AVDD, HVDD)

The 15-V external power is connected to two LDOs (TPS7A4700RGWR). One LDO generates AVDD (5 V), and one generates HVDD (12 V). As shown in Figure 4-3, the TPS7A4700RGWR LDO output can be programmed to different voltages by installing or uninstalling the resistors connected on pins 4-12. This LDO was selected for low noise and flexibility.



Figure 4-3. Low-Dropout Regulator (TPS7A4700 for AVDD, HVDD)



5 Installing the ADS8555EVM Software

Download the latest version of the EVM GUI installer from the *Tools and Software* folder of the ADS8555EVM and run the GUI installer to install the EVM GUI software on your computer. Accept the license agreements and follow the on-screen instructions shown in Figure 5-1 to complete the installation.

ADS855x EVM Setup —	×	☐ ADS855x EVM Setup - □ ×
Setup - ADS855x EVM		License Agreement
Welcome to the ADS855x EVM Setup	Wizard.	Please read the following License Agreement. You must accept the terms of this agreement before continuing with the installation.
		Source and Binary Code Internal Use License Agreement
		Important Please carefully read the following license agreement , which is legally binding. After you read it , you will be asked whether you accept and agree to its terms. Do not click I have read v
		Do you accept this license? I do not accept the agreement VMware InstallBuilder
< Back Next > 0	Cancel	< Back Next > Cancel
ADS855x EVM Setup —	×	🖬 ADS855x EVM Setup - 🗆 🗙
License Agreement		Installation Directory
Please read the following License Agreement. You must accept the terms of this agreement before continuing with the installation.		Please specify the directory where ADS855x EVM will be installed.
NATIONAL INSTRUMENTS SOFTWARE LICENSE AGREEMENT		Installation Directory CAProgram Files (x86)\Texas Instruments\AD: р
INSTALLATION NOTICE: THIS IS A CONTRACT. BEFORE YOU DOWNLOAD SOFTWARE AND/OR COMPLETE THE INSTALLATION PROCESS, CAREF DEAD, THIS ACCEEMENT, BY DOMANI CADINIC THE SOFTWARE AN		
Do you accept this license? O I do not accept the agreement VMware InstallBuilder		VMware InstallBuilder
< Back Next > 0	Cancel	< Back Next > Cancel

Figure 5-1. ADS8555 Software Installation Prompts

As a part of the ADS8555EVM GUI installation, a prompt with a *Device Driver Installation* (as shown in Figure 5-2) appears on the screen. Click *Next* to proceed.

Device Driver Installation Wizard	Device Driver Installation Wizard
Welcome to the Device Driver Installation Wizard!	Completing the Device Driver Installation Wizard
This wizard helps you install the software drivers that some computers devices need in order to work.	The drivers were successfully installed on this computer.
	You can now connect your device to this computer. If your device came with instructions, please read them first.
	Driver Name Status
	✓ Texas Instruments (Win Ready to use
To continue, click Next.	
< Back Next > Cancel	< Back Finish Cancel



The ADS8555EVM requires the LabVIEW[™] run-time engine and may prompt for the installation of this software, as shown in Figure 5-3, if not already installed.





Figure 5-3. LabVIEW™ Run-Time Engine Installation

Verify that C:\Program Files (x86)\Texas Instruments\ADS8555EVM is as shown in Figure 5-4 after these installations.



Figure 5-4. ADS8555EVM GUI Folder Post-Installation



6 ADS8555EVM Operation

This section provides step-by-step instructions for connecting the ADS8555EVM to the computer and evaluating the performance of the ADS8555.

6.1 Connecting the Hardware and Running the GUI

- 1. Set the jumpers according to Section 6.2.
- 2. Physically connect P2 of the PHI to J10 of the ADS8555EVM. Install the screws to assure a robust connection.
- 3. Connect the USB on the PHI to the computer first.
 - a. LED D5 on the PHI lights up, indicating that the PHI is powered up.
 - b. LEDs D1 and D2 on the PHI start blinking to indicate that the PHI is booted up and communicating with the PC; Figure 6-1 shows the resulting LED indicators.
- 4. As shown in Figure 6-2, start the software GUI. Notice that the LEDs blink slowly when the FPGA firmware is loaded on the PHI. This process takes a few seconds, afterwards the AVDD and DVDD power supplies turn on.
- 5. Connect the external \pm 15-V power supplies and GND to J1. This connection generates the AVDD, HVDD, and HVSS supplies (HVDD = 12 V, HVSS = -12 V, and AVDD = 5 V).
- Connect the signal generator. The default input range is ±10 V (or 10 Vpk). A common input signal applied is a sinusoidal 1-kHz, 9.9-Vpk signal with a 0-V offset. This signal is adjusted just below the full-scale range to avoid clipping.











6.2 Jumper Settings for the ADS8555EVM

The amplifiers and reference can be configured with jumpers. The amplifier jumpers (JP00–JP05) determine if the amplifier is used or if an external signal is directly connected to the ADC input. JP06 is used to select either the internal or external reference option. Make sure that the GUI configuration for the device reference matches the setting of JP06. The GUI software starts up in the *internal* reference mode, so make sure the JP06 is in the *INT* position. Table 6-1 lists the various jumper settings for the ADS8555EVM.

JUMPER	SETTING	DEFAULT	FUNCTION
JP00–JP05	AMP/BYPS	AMP	These eight jumpers determine if the amplifier is used to buffer the inputs signals or if the amplifier is bypassed. Choosing AMP connects the amplifier between each SMA connector (JP00–JP05) and the ADC input. The default amplifier configuration is noninverting (gain = 1 V/V). The amplifier gain configuration can be adjusted by soldering and desoldering different resistors. Choosing the bypass configuration (BYPS) connects the SMA connectors directly to the ADC input.
JP06	INT/EXT	INT	This jumper selects either the internal or external mode on the voltage reference. Using the internal mode disconnects the external reference. Using the external mode connects the external REF5025 2.5-V reference to the ADC reference input. Make sure that the GUI settings for the voltage reference match the setting on this jumper.

Table 6-1. Jumper Settings

6.3 Modifying Hardware and Using Software to Evaluate Other Devices in the Family

The ADS8555 is part of a family of related devices. This EVM hardware and software support the entire family because all the devices are pin-for-pin compatible. The Table 6-2 lists other compatible devices in the family. The following procedure shows how to modify the hardware and software to evaluate the other devices in this family.

- 1. Desolder the ADS8555 and replace this device with the device you want to evaluate.
- 2. Enable the EEPROM for writing. This process is done by changing switch S2 to the *WR_EN* (top) position using tweezers. Figure 6-3 details this process.
- 3. Connect the EVM and start the GUI as described in Figure 6-2.
- 4. Under the *Tools* menu in Figure 6-4, select *Load EEPROM* to load the EEPROM according to the device that is currently installed. When this procedure is successfully completed, the status bar at the top of the software updates according to the device installed on the hardware.

DEVICE	RESOLUTION	PARALLEL DATA RATE	SERIAL DATA RATE	OTHER FEATURE
ADS8555	16	630	450	Does not have partial power-down mode
ADS8556	16	630	450	_
ADS8557	14	670	470	_
ADS8558	12	730	500	_

Table 6-2. Compatible Devices





Figure 6-3. Enable EEPROM for Writing



Figure 6-4. Configure EEPROM and Software for the New Device



6.4 EVM GUI Global Settings for ADC Control and Registers

Figure 6-5 shows the *Register Map* page. This page can only be accessed by selecting *Software* device mode. Editing the *CONFIG_REG* configures the different ranges and voltage references available on the ADS8555. See the ADS8555 data sheet for register field details. The left hand side of this GUI contains important configurations such as interface selection, device mode, range selection, and sampling rate. These controls are always available on the left hand side of the GUI regardless of which page is selected. Also, if *Hardware* mode is used, the hardware input select pins on the device are set according the controls on the left hand side. For example, when in hardware mode if the *Parallel Interface* is selected, than the PAR/SER pin on the device is driven low by the PHI to select parallel interface mode.



Figure 6-5. EVM GUI Global Settings for ADC Control and Registers

6.5 Time Domain Display

The time domain display tool allows visualization of the ADC response to a given input signal. This tool is useful for both studying the behavior and debugging any gross problems with the ADC or drive circuits. The user can trigger a capture of the data of the selected number of samples from the ADS8555EVM, as per the current interface mode settings indicated in Figure 6-6 by using the *Capture* button. The sample indices are on the x-axis and there are two y-axes showing the corresponding output codes as well as the equivalent analog voltages based on the specified reference voltage. Switching pages to any of the analysis tools described in the subsequent sections causes calculations to be performed on the same set of data.



Figure 6-6. Time Domain Display



6.6 Frequency Domain Display

The spectral analysis tool, shown in Figure 6-7, is intended to evaluate the dynamic performance (SNR, THD, SFDR, SINAD, and ENOB) of the ADS8555 ADC through single-tone sinusoidal signal fast Fourier transform (FFT) analysis using the 7-term Blackman-Harris window setting. The FFT tool includes windowing options that are required to mitigate the effects of noncoherent sampling (this discussion is beyond the scope of this document). The 7-term Blackman-Harris window is the default option and has sufficient dynamic range to resolve the frequency components of up to a 24-bit ADC. The *None* option corresponds to not using a window (or using a rectangular window) and is not recommended.



Figure 6-7. Frequency Domain Display

6.7 Histogram Display

Noise degrades ADC resolution and the histogram tool can be used to estimate effective resolution, which is an indicator of the number of bits of ADC resolution losses resulting from noise generated by the various sources connected to the ADC when measuring a DC signal. The cumulative effect of noise coupling to the ADC output from sources such as the input drive circuits, the reference drive circuit, the ADC power supply, and the ADC itself is reflected in the standard deviation of the ADC output code histogram that is obtained by performing multiple conversions of a DC input applied to a given channel. As shown in Figure 6-8, the histogram corresponding to a DC input is displayed on clicking the *Capture* button.



Figure 6-8. Histogram Display



7 Bill of Materials, Layout, and Schematics

This section provides a bill of materials (BOM), a PCB layout for the ADS8555EVM, and schematics for the ADS8555EVM.

7.1 Bill of Materials

Table 7-1 lists the bill of materials (BOM) for the ADS8555EVM.

Table 7-1. Bill of Materials (I				(BOM)		
DESIGNATOR	QTY	VALUE	DESCRIPTION	PART NUMBER	MANUFACTURER	
!PCB	1		Printed circuit board	ADS8555	Any	
C1–C7, C10, C27, C28, C36, C37	12	1uF	CAP, CERM, 1 uF, 25 V, +/- 10%, X7R, 0603	C0603C105K3RACTU	Kemet	
C01, C11, C21, C31, C41, C51	6	1000pF	CAP, CERM, 1000 pF, 50 V, +/- 5%, C0G/NP0, 0603	GRM1885C1H102JA01D	MuRata	
C03, C04, C13, C14, C23, C24, C33, C34, C43, C44, C53, C54	12	0.1uF	CAP, CERM, 0.1 µF, 50 V,+/- 10%, X7R, AEC-Q200 Grade 1, 0603	C0603C104K5RACAUTO	Kemet	
C05, C15, C25, C35, C45, C55	6	220pF	CAP, CERM, 220 pF, 50 V, +/- 5%, C0G/NP0, 0603	06035A221JAT2A	AVX	
C8, C29	2	22uF	CAP, CERM, 22 uF, 25 V, +/- 10%, X7R, 1210	GRM32ER71E226KE15L	MuRata	
C9, C16, C18, C30, C38, C71, C72, C73, C75	9	10uF	CAP, CERM, 10 uF, 25 V, +/- 10%, X5R, 0805	CL21A106KAFN3NE	Samsung Electro- Mechanics	
C17, C19	2	0.01uF	CAP, CERM, 0.01 µF, 50 V,+/- 10%, X7R, 0603	885012206089	Wurth Elektronik	
C20, C26	2	10uF	CAP, CERM, 10 µF, 50 V,+/- 10%, X7R, AEC-Q200 Grade 1, 1206	CGA5L1X7R1H106K160AC	ТDК	
C39, C74	2	0.1uF	CAP, CERM, 0.1 uF, 50 V, +/- 10%, X7R, 0603	C0603C104K5RACTU	Kemet	
C40	1	0.47uF	CAP, CERM, 0.47 uF, 25 V, +/- 10%, X7R, 0603	GRM188R71E474KA12D	MuRata	
D1, D2	2	15V	Diode, TVS, Uni, 15 V, 24.4 Vc, 400 W, 16.4 A, SMA	SMAJ15A	Littelfuse	
D3–D6	4	Green	LED, Green, SMD	APT2012LZGCK	Kingbright	
D7	1	3.6V	Diode, Zener, 3.6 V, 500 mW, SOD-123	MMSZ4685T1G	ON Semiconductor	
H1–H4	4		Hex Standoff Threaded #4-40 Aluminum 0.250" (6.35mm) 1/4"	1891	Keystone	
H5–H8	4		MACHINE SCREW PAN PHILLIPS, 5/16", 4-40	PMSSS 440 0031 PH	B&F Fastener Supply	
H13, H14	2		Machine Screw Pan PHILLIPS M3	RM3X4MM 2701	APM HEXSEAL	
H15, H16	2		ROUND STANDOFF M3 STEEL 5MM	9774050360R	Wurth Elektronik	
J00–J05	6		SMA Straight Jack, Gold, 50 Ohm, TH	901-144-8RFX	Amphenol RF	
J1	1		Terminal Block, 3.5mm Pitch, 3x1, TH	ED555/3DS	On-Shore Technology	
J2	1		Header(Shrouded), 19.7mil, 30x2, Gold, SMT	QTH-030-01-L-D-A	Samtec	
J3	1		Header, 100mil, 16x2, Gold, TH	TSW-116-07-G-D	Samtec	
J4	1		Header, 100mil, 10x2, Gold, TH	TSW-110-07-G-D	Samtec	
J5	1		Header, 100mil, 3x2, Gold, TH	TSW-103-07-G-D	Samtec	



		Table 7-	1. Bill of Materials (BOM)	(continued)	
DESIGNATOR	QTY	VALUE	DESCRIPTION	PART NUMBER	MANUFACTURER
JP00–JP06	7		Header, 100mil, 3x1, Tin, TH	PEC03SAAN	Sullins Connector Solutions
R1, R2, R03, R4, R5, R13, R23, R25, R28, R33, R43, R53, R102	13	0	RES, 0, 5%, 0.1 W, AEC-Q200 Grade 0, 0603	CRCW06030000Z0EA	Vishay-Dale
R01, R11, R21, R31, R41, R51	6	1.00k	RES, 1.00 k, 0.1%, 0.1 W, 0603	RT0603BRB071KL	Yageo America
R3, R29	2	100k	RES, 100 k, 1%, 0.1 W, AEC- Q200 Grade 0, 0603	CRCW0603100KFKEA	Vishay-Dale
R04, R14, R24, R34, R44, R54	6	24.9	RES, 24.9, 1%, 0.1 W, 0603	RC0603FR-0724R9L	Yageo
R6	1	93.1k	RES, 93.1 k, 1%, 0.1 W, 0603	RC0603FR-0793K1L	Yageo
R7, R18, R19, R101	4	10.0k	RES, 10.0 k, 1%, 0.1 W, 0603	RC0603FR-0710KL	Yageo
R8, R10, R16, R27, R36, R39	6	0	RES, 0, 5%, 0.063 W, 0402	RC0402JR-070RL	Yageo America
R20, R30	2	6.65k	RES, 6.65 k, 1%, 0.063 W, AEC-Q200 Grade 0, 0402	CRCW04026K65FKED	Vishay-Dale
R35, R46, R71– R99	31	49.9	RES, 49.9, 1%, 0.063 W, AEC- Q200 Grade 0, 0402	CRCW040249R9FKED	Vishay-Dale
R47	1	0	RES, 0, 1%, 0.1 W, AEC-Q200 Grade 0, 0603	RMCF0603ZT0R00	Stackpole Electronics Inc
R48	1	0.22	RES, 0.22, 1%, 0.1 W, AEC- Q200 Grade 0, 0603	ERJ-3RQFR22V	Panasonic
R49, R50, R55, R56, R57	5	100k	RES, 100 k, 1%, 0.0625 W, 0402	RC0402FR-07100KL	Yageo America
S1	1		Switch, Slide, SPDT 100mA, SMT	CAS-120TA	Copal Electronics
SH-JP00–SH-JP06	7	1x2	Shunt, 100mil, Flash Gold, Black	SPC02SYAN	Sullins Connector Solutions
TP2–TP23	22		Test Point, Miniature, Black, TH	5001	Keystone
U00–U05	6		2.2 nV/rtHz, 18 MHz, Precision, RRO, Operational Amplifier, 4.5 to 36 V, -40 to 125 degC, 5-pin SOT23 (DBV5), Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	OPA209AIDBVR	Texas Instruments
U1, U5	2		36V, 1A, 4.17μVRMS, RF Low-Dropout (LDO) Voltage Regulator, RGW0020A (VQFN-20)	TPS7A4700RGWR	Texas Instruments
U2	1		16 Bit Analog to Digital Converter 6 Input 1 SAR 64- LQFP (10x10)	ADS8555SPMR	Texas Instruments
U3	1		I2C BUS EEPROM (2-Wire), TSSOP-B8	BR24G32FVT-3AGE2	Rohm
U4	1		Vin -3V to -36V, -200mA, Ultra-Low-Noise, High-PSRR, Low-Dropout (LDO) Linear Regulator, DRB0008A (VSON-8)	TPS7A3001DRBR	Texas Instruments
U6	1		3 µVpp/V Noise, 3 ppm/°C Drift Precision Series Voltage Reference, DGK0008A (VSSOP-8)	REF5025AIDGKR	Texas Instruments
C02, C12, C22, C32, C42, C52	0	100pF	CAP, CERM, 100 pF, 50 V, +/- 5%, C0G/NP0, 0603	885012006057	Wurth Elektronik



Table 7-1. Dir of materials (Dom) (continued)							
DESIGNATOR	QTY	VALUE	DESCRIPTION	PART NUMBER	MANUFACTURER		
FID1, FID2, FID3	0		Fiducial mark. There is nothing to buy or mount.	N/A	N/A		
R02, R12, R22, R32, R42, R52	0	1.00k	RES, 1.00 k, 0.1%, 0.1 W, 0603	RT0603BRB071KL	Yageo America		
R9, R15, R17, R26, R37, R38, R40, R45	0	0	RES, 0, 5%, 0.063 W, 0402	RC0402JR-070RL	Yageo America		
TP1	0		Test Point, Miniature, Black, TH	5001	Keystone		

Table 7-1, Bill of Materials (BOM) (continued)

7.2 Board Layout

Figure 7-1 shows the PCB layout for the ADS8555EVM.



Figure 7-1. Board Layout



7.3 Schematics

Figure 7-2 shows a schematic for the amplifier drive section of the ADS8555EVM. The amplifier is by default a buffer and can be bypassed by using a jumper.



Figure 7-2. Amplifier Drive Schematic

Figure 7-3 shows the LDOs used to generate the AVDD, HVDD, and HVSS supplies.



Figure 7-3. LDO Schematic

Figure 7-4 shows the ADC decoupling, digital connections, and reference connections.

Figure 7-4. ADC, Reference, and Digital I/O Schematic

8 Revision History

NOTE: Page numbers for previous revisions may differ from page numbers in the current version.

CI	nanges from Revision * (November 2009) to Revision A (May 2021)	Page
•	Changed entire document because of substantial changes in EVM hardware and software	1

STANDARD TERMS FOR EVALUATION MODULES

- 1. Delivery: TI delivers TI evaluation boards, kits, or modules, including any accompanying demonstration software, components, and/or documentation which may be provided together or separately (collectively, an "EVM" or "EVMs") to the User ("User") in accordance with the terms set forth herein. User's acceptance of the EVM is expressly subject to the following terms.
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WARNING

Evaluation Kits are intended solely for use by technically qualified, professional electronics experts who are familiar with the dangers and application risks associated with handling electrical mechanical components, systems, and subsystems.

User shall operate the Evaluation Kit within TI's recommended guidelines and any applicable legal or environmental requirements as well as reasonable and customary safeguards. Failure to set up and/or operate the Evaluation Kit within TI's recommended guidelines may result in personal injury or death or property damage. Proper set up entails following TI's instructions for electrical ratings of interface circuits such as input, output and electrical loads.

NOTE:

EXPOSURE TO ELECTROSTATIC DISCHARGE (ESD) MAY CAUSE DEGREDATION OR FAILURE OF THE EVALUATION KIT; TI RECOMMENDS STORAGE OF THE EVALUATION KIT IN A PROTECTIVE ESD BAG.

3 Regulatory Notices:

3.1 United States

3.1.1 Notice applicable to EVMs not FCC-Approved:

FCC NOTICE: This kit is designed to allow product developers to evaluate electronic components, circuitry, or software associated with the kit to determine whether to incorporate such items in a finished product and software developers to write software applications for use with the end product. This kit is not a finished product and when assembled may not be resold or otherwise marketed unless all required FCC equipment authorizations are first obtained. Operation is subject to the condition that this product not cause harmful interference to licensed radio stations and that this product accept harmful interference. Unless the assembled kit is designed to operate under part 15, part 18 or part 95 of this chapter, the operator of the kit must operate under the authority of an FCC license holder or must secure an experimental authorization under part 5 of this chapter.

3.1.2 For EVMs annotated as FCC – FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION Part 15 Compliant:

CAUTION

This device complies with part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) This device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation.

Changes or modifications not expressly approved by the party responsible for compliance could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

FCC Interference Statement for Class A EVM devices

NOTE: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at his own expense.

FCC Interference Statement for Class B EVM devices

NOTE: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna.
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver.
- Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio/TV technician for help.
- 3.2 Canada

3.2.1 For EVMs issued with an Industry Canada Certificate of Conformance to RSS-210 or RSS-247

Concerning EVMs Including Radio Transmitters:

This device complies with Industry Canada license-exempt RSSs. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

(1) this device may not cause interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference, including interference that may cause undesired operation of the device.

Concernant les EVMs avec appareils radio:

Le présent appareil est conforme aux CNR d'Industrie Canada applicables aux appareils radio exempts de licence. L'exploitation est autorisée aux deux conditions suivantes: (1) l'appareil ne doit pas produire de brouillage, et (2) l'utilisateur de l'appareil doit accepter tout brouillage radioélectrique subi, même si le brouillage est susceptible d'en compromettre le fonctionnement.

Concerning EVMs Including Detachable Antennas:

Under Industry Canada regulations, this radio transmitter may only operate using an antenna of a type and maximum (or lesser) gain approved for the transmitter by Industry Canada. To reduce potential radio interference to other users, the antenna type and its gain should be so chosen that the equivalent isotropically radiated power (e.i.r.p.) is not more than that necessary for successful communication. This radio transmitter has been approved by Industry Canada to operate with the antenna types listed in the user guide with the maximum permissible gain and required antenna impedance for each antenna type indicated. Antenna types not included in this list, having a gain greater than the maximum gain indicated for that type, are strictly prohibited for use with this device.

Concernant les EVMs avec antennes détachables

Conformément à la réglementation d'Industrie Canada, le présent émetteur radio peut fonctionner avec une antenne d'un type et d'un gain maximal (ou inférieur) approuvé pour l'émetteur par Industrie Canada. Dans le but de réduire les risques de brouillage radioélectrique à l'intention des autres utilisateurs, il faut choisir le type d'antenne et son gain de sorte que la puissance isotrope rayonnée équivalente (p.i.r.e.) ne dépasse pas l'intensité nécessaire à l'établissement d'une communication satisfaisante. Le présent émetteur radio a été approuvé par Industrie Canada pour fonctionner avec les types d'antenne énumérés dans le manuel d'usage et ayant un gain admissible maximal et l'impédance requise pour chaque type d'antenne. Les types d'antenne non inclus dans cette liste, ou dont le gain est supérieur au gain maximal indiqué, sont strictement interdits pour l'exploitation de l'émetteur

- 3.3 Japan
 - 3.3.1 Notice for EVMs delivered in Japan: Please see http://www.tij.co.jp/lsds/ti_ja/general/eStore/notice_01.page 日本国内に 輸入される評価用キット、ボードについては、次のところをご覧ください。 http://www.tij.co.jp/lsds/ti_ja/general/eStore/notice_01.page
 - 3.3.2 Notice for Users of EVMs Considered "Radio Frequency Products" in Japan: EVMs entering Japan may not be certified by TI as conforming to Technical Regulations of Radio Law of Japan.

If User uses EVMs in Japan, not certified to Technical Regulations of Radio Law of Japan, User is required to follow the instructions set forth by Radio Law of Japan, which includes, but is not limited to, the instructions below with respect to EVMs (which for the avoidance of doubt are stated strictly for convenience and should be verified by User):

- 1. Use EVMs in a shielded room or any other test facility as defined in the notification #173 issued by Ministry of Internal Affairs and Communications on March 28, 2006, based on Sub-section 1.1 of Article 6 of the Ministry's Rule for Enforcement of Radio Law of Japan,
- 2. Use EVMs only after User obtains the license of Test Radio Station as provided in Radio Law of Japan with respect to EVMs, or
- 3. Use of EVMs only after User obtains the Technical Regulations Conformity Certification as provided in Radio Law of Japan with respect to EVMs. Also, do not transfer EVMs, unless User gives the same notice above to the transferee. Please note that if User does not follow the instructions above, User will be subject to penalties of Radio Law of Japan.

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- 3.3.3 Notice for EVMs for Power Line Communication: Please see http://www.tij.co.jp/lsds/ti_ja/general/eStore/notice_02.page 電力線搬送波通信についての開発キットをお使いになる際の注意事項については、次のところをご覧ください。http://www.tij.co.jp/lsds/ti_ja/general/eStore/notice_02.page
- 3.4 European Union
 - 3.4.1 For EVMs subject to EU Directive 2014/30/EU (Electromagnetic Compatibility Directive):

This is a class A product intended for use in environments other than domestic environments that are connected to a low-voltage power-supply network that supplies buildings used for domestic purposes. In a domestic environment this product may cause radio interference in which case the user may be required to take adequate measures.

4 EVM Use Restrictions and Warnings:

- 4.1 EVMS ARE NOT FOR USE IN FUNCTIONAL SAFETY AND/OR SAFETY CRITICAL EVALUATIONS, INCLUDING BUT NOT LIMITED TO EVALUATIONS OF LIFE SUPPORT APPLICATIONS.
- 4.2 User must read and apply the user guide and other available documentation provided by TI regarding the EVM prior to handling or using the EVM, including without limitation any warning or restriction notices. The notices contain important safety information related to, for example, temperatures and voltages.
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 - 4.3.2 EVMs are intended solely for use by technically qualified, professional electronics experts who are familiar with the dangers and application risks associated with handling electrical mechanical components, systems, and subsystems. User assumes all responsibility and liability for proper and safe handling and use of the EVM by User or its employees, affiliates, contractors or designees. User assumes all responsibility and handling and use of the EVM by User or its employees, and/or mechanical) between the EVM and any human body are designed with suitable isolation and means to safely limit accessible leakage currents to minimize the risk of electrical shock hazard. User assumes all responsibility and liability for any improper or unsafe handling or use of the EVM by User or its employees, affiliates, contractors or designees.
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