

KOE

JDI Group

Kaohsiung Opto-Electronics Inc.

FOR MESSRS : _____

DATE : Jan. 20th, 2014

SP14N02L6ALCZ

Supplied By

Midas Displays

Contents

| No. | ITEM | SHEET No. | PAGE |
|-----|----------------------------|-----------------------------|------------|
| 1 | COVER | 7B64PS 2701-SP14N02L6ALCZ-1 | 1-1/1 |
| 2 | RECORD OF REVISION | 7B64PS 2702-SP14N02L6ALCZ-1 | 2-1/1 |
| 3 | GENERAL SPECIFICATION | 7B64PS 2703-SP14N02L6ALCZ-1 | 3-1/1 |
| 4 | ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS | 7B64PS 2704-SP14N02L6ALCZ-1 | 4-1/1 |
| 5 | ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS | 7B64PS 2705-SP14N02L6ALCZ-1 | 5-1/1 |
| 6 | OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS | 7B64PS 2706-SP14N02L6ALCZ-1 | 6-1/2~2/2 |
| 7 | BLOCK DIAGRAM | 7B64PS 2707-SP14N02L6ALCZ-1 | 7-1/1 |
| 8 | INTERFACE TIMING | 7B64PS 2708-SP14N02L6ALCZ-1 | 8-1/2~2/2 |
| 9 | OUTLINE DIMENSIONS | 7B64PS 2709-SP14N02L6ALCZ-1 | 9-1/3~3/3 |
| 10 | APPEARANCE STANDARD | 7B64PS 2710-SP14N02L6ALCZ-1 | 10-1/4~4/4 |
| 11 | PRECAUTION IN DESIGN | 7B64PS 2711-SP14N02L6ALCZ-1 | 11-1/3~3/3 |
| 12 | DESIGNATION OF LOT MARK | 7B64PS 2712-SP14N02L6ALCZ-1 | 12-1/1 |
| 13 | PRECAUTION FOR USE | 7B64PS 2713-SP14N02L6ALCZ-1 | 13-1/1 |

ACCEPTED BY: _____

PROPOSED BY: 

RECORD OF REVISION

| DATE | SHEET No. | SUMMARY |
|------|-----------|---------|
| | | |

3. GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

| | |
|-----------------------|---|
| (1) Part Name | SP14N02L6ALCZ |
| (2) Module Size | 159.4(W)mm x 101.0(H)mm x 12.0 (D)mm max. |
| (3) Dot Size | 0.47(W)mm x 0.47(H)mm |
| (4) Dot Pitch | 0.50(W)mm x 0.50(H)mm |
| (5) Number Of Dots | 240(W) x 128(H)dots |
| (6) Duty | 1/128 |
| (7) LCD Type | Film type black / white (Negative type) The upper polarizer is anti-glare type. (Hardness.3H) The bottom polarizer is transmissive type. |
| (8) Viewing Direction | 6 O'clock |
| (9) Backlight | Light-Emitting Diode |
| (10) LED Lifetime | 50k hrs. |

4. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

4.1 Electrical Absolute Maximum Ratings.

VSS = 0V : Standard

| ITEM | SYMBOL | MIN. | MAX. | UNIT | COMMENT |
|---------------------------|----------------|------|---------|------|---------|
| Power Supply For Logic | VDD-VSS | 0 | 6.5 | V | |
| Power Supply For LC Drive | VDD-VEE | 0 | 20.5 | V | |
| Input Voltage | V _i | -0.3 | VDD+0.3 | V | |
| Input Current | I _i | 0 | 1 | A | |
| Static Electricity | - | - | - | - | Note 1 |

Note 1: Make certain you are grounded when handling LCM.

4.2 Environmental Absolute Maximum Ratings

| ITEM | OPERATING | | STORAGE | | COMMENT |
|---------------------|----------------|-------------------------------|----------------|--|----------------------|
| | MIN. | MAX. | MIN. | MAX. | |
| Ambient Temperature | 0°C | 50°C | -20°C | 60°C | Note 2,3 |
| Humidity | Note 1 | | Note 1 | | Without Condensation |
| Vibration | - | 4.9m/s ² (0.5G) | - | 19.6m/s ² (2G) Note 5 | Note 4 |
| Shock | - | 29.4m/s ² (3 G) | - | 490.0m/s ² (50 G) | XYZ Directions |
| Corrosive Gas | Not Acceptable | | Not Acceptable | | |

Note 1: Ta ≤ 40°C : 85%RH max.

Ta > 40°C : Absolute humidity must be lower than the humidity of 85%RH at 40°C

Note 2: Ta at -20°C ----- < 48h, at 60°C ----- < 168h.

Note 3: The maximum rating is defined as above based on the chamber temperature, which might be different from ambient temperature after assembling the panel into the application.

Moreover some temperature-related phenomenon as below needed to be noticed:

- Background color, contrast and response time would be different in temperatures other than 25°C.
- Operating under high temperature will shorten LED lifetime.

Note 4: 5Hz~100Hz (Except Resonance Frequency)

Note 5: This module should be operated normally after finishing the test.

5. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

5.1 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

| ITEM | SYMBOL | CONDITION | MIN. | TYP. | MAX. | UNIT |
|--|---------|------------------|--------|-------|--------|------|
| Power Supply Voltage For Logic | VDD-VSS | - | 4.75 | 5.0 | 5.25 | V |
| LC driver Circuit Power Supply Voltage | VEE-VSS | - | -15.5 | -15.0 | -14.5 | V |
| Input Voltage | VI | H LEVEL | 0.8VDD | - | VDD | V |
| | | L LEVEL | 0 | - | 0.2VDD | V |
| Power Supply Current For Logic Note 1 | IDD | VDD-VSS=5.0V | - | 11.7 | 14.0 | mA |
| Power Supply Current For LCD Note 1 | IEE | VDD-VSS=5.0V | - | 2.5 | 4.0 | mA |
| Recommended LC Driving Voltage Note 2 | VDD-V0 | Ta= 0°C , φ = 0° | - | 16.9 | - | V |
| | | Ta=25°C , φ =0° | - | 15.8 | - | V |
| | | Ta=50°C , φ =0° | - | 15.2 | - | V |

Note 1: VDD-V0=15.8V , Ta=25°C

Note 2: Recommended LC driving voltage may fluctuate about ±1.0V by each module.
Test pattern is all "Q".

5.2 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS OF BACKLIGHT

| ITEM | SYMBOL | MIN. | TYP. | MAX. | UNIT | NOTE |
|---------------------|--------|------|------|------|------|--------|
| LED Input Voltage | VLED | - | 5 | 5.7 | V | Note 1 |
| LED Forward Current | ILED | - | 144 | - | mA | |
| LED Lifetime | - | - | 50K | - | V | Note 2 |

Note 1: Fig. 5.1 shows the LED backlight circuit. VLED and ILED is many to one relationship, the above VLED range is defined to obtain 144 mA.

Note 2: The estimated lifetime is specified as the time to reduce 50% brightness by applying 144 mA at 25°C.

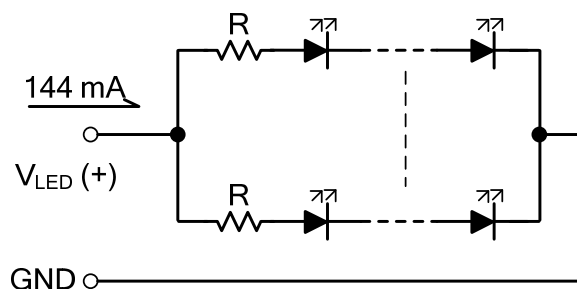


Fig 5.1

6. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

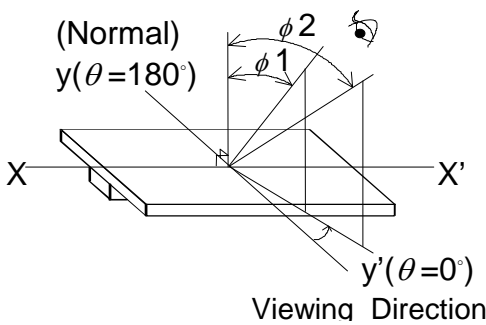
6.1 OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Ta=25°C (Backlight on)

| ITEM | SYMBOL | CONDITIONAL | MIN. | TYP. | MAX. | UNIT | NOTE |
|----------------------|-----------------|------------------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Viewing Area | $\phi 2-\phi 1$ | $K \geq 2.0$ | 30 | 40 | - | deg | 1,2 |
| Contrast Ratio | K | $\phi = 0^\circ, \theta = 0^\circ$ | - | 20 | - | - | 3 |
| Response Time (Rise) | tr | $\phi = 0^\circ, \theta = 0^\circ$ | - | 160 | - | ms | 4 |
| Response Time (Fall) | tf | $\phi = 0^\circ, \theta = 0^\circ$ | - | 110 | - | ms | 4 |

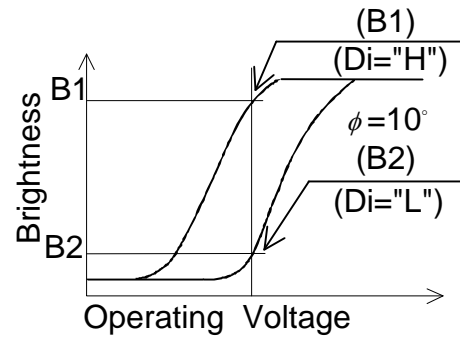
(Measure condition by KOE)

Note 1: Definition of θ and ϕ



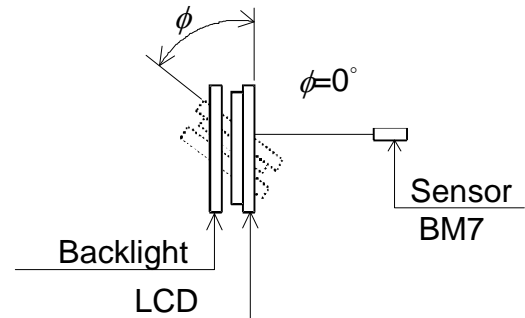
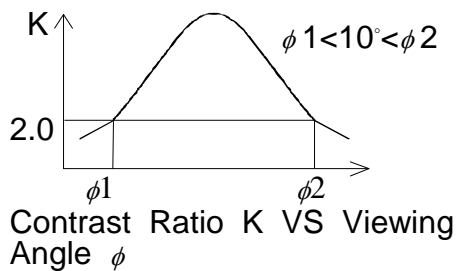
Note 3: Definition of contrast "K"

$$K = \frac{\text{Brightness on selected dot (B1)}}{\text{Brightness on non-selected dot (B2)}}$$

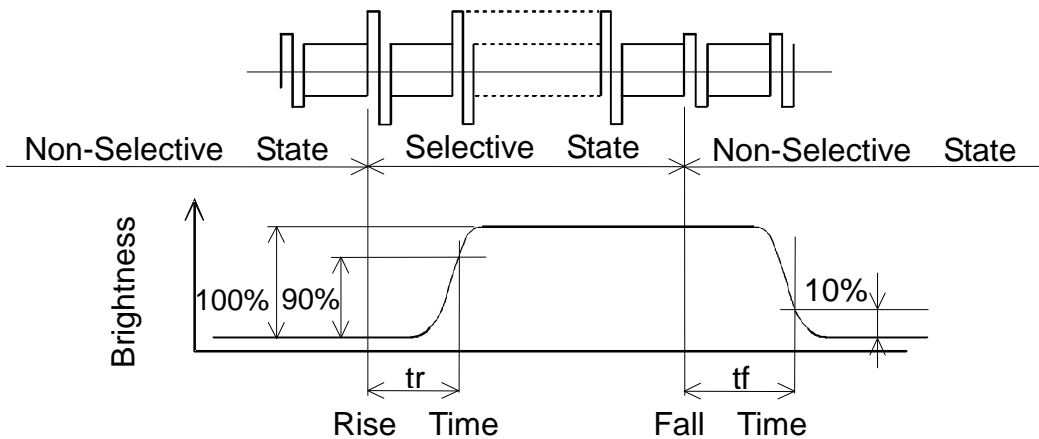


Note 2: Definition of viewing angle

$\phi 1$ and $\phi 2$.



Note 4: Definition of optical response



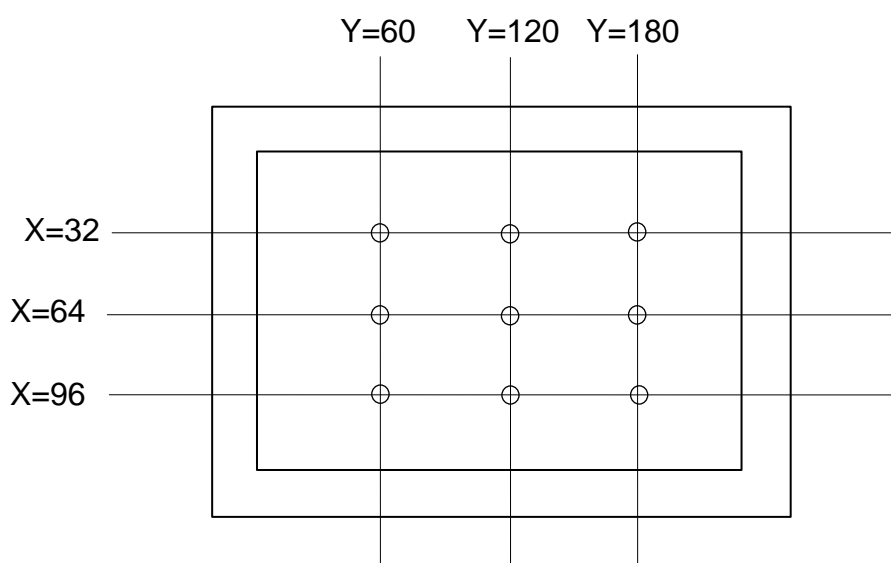
6.2 OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS OF BACKLIGHT

| ITEM | MIN. | TYP. | MAX. | UNIT | REMARKS |
|-----------------------|------|------|------|-------------------|---------|
| Brightness | 120 | 150 | - | cd/m ² | Note1,2 |
| Brightness Uniformity | - | - | ±30 | % | Note1,3 |

Note 1: Measurement after 10 minutes of LED operating.

Note 2: Brightness control : 100%. The LED current is 144 mA when applying 5V (VLED).

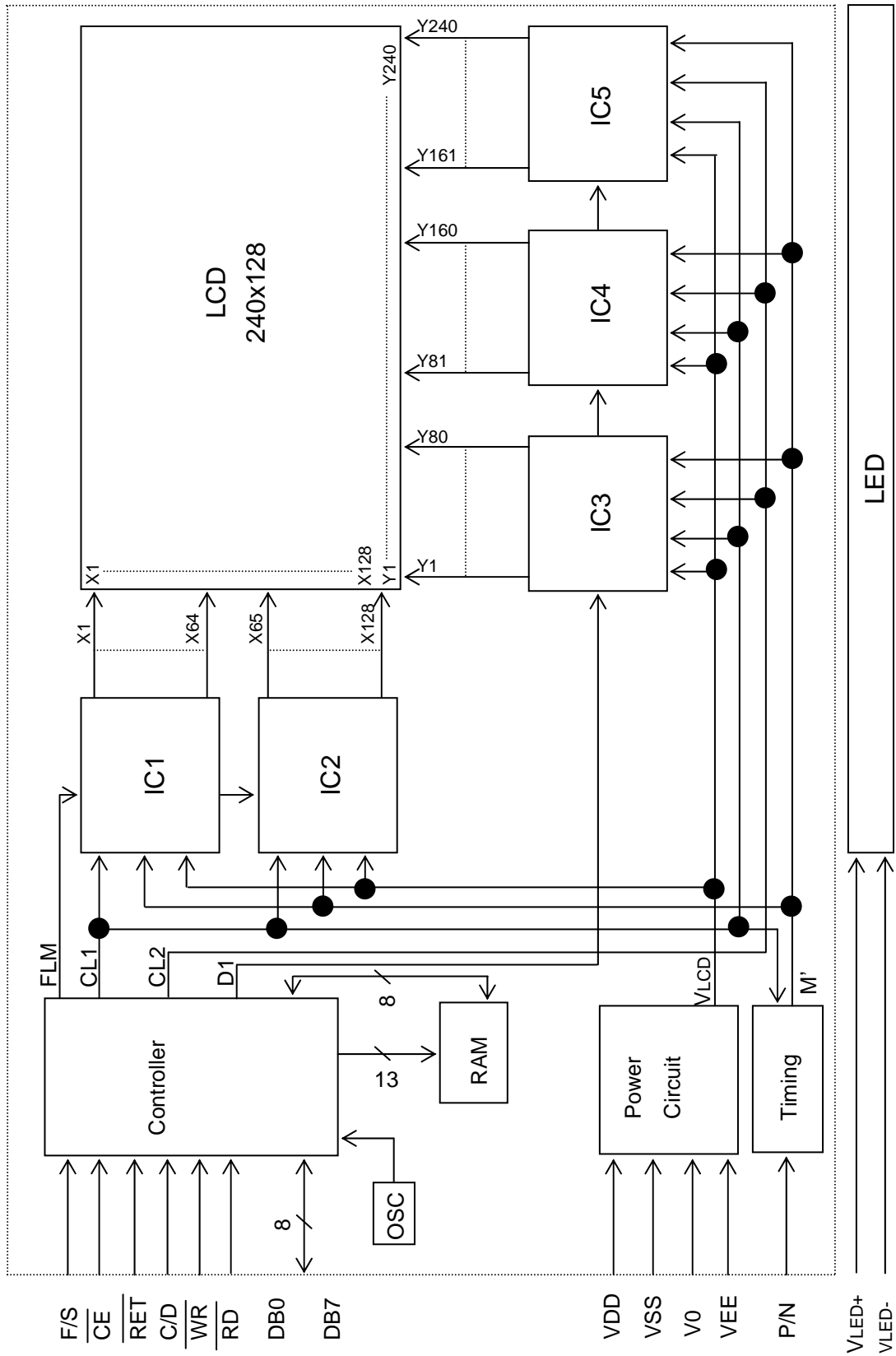
Note 3: Measure of the following 9 places on the display.



Definition of the brightness tolerance.

$$\left(\frac{\text{max. Brightness or min. Brightness} - \text{Average Brightness}}{\text{Average Brightness}} \right) \times 100\%$$

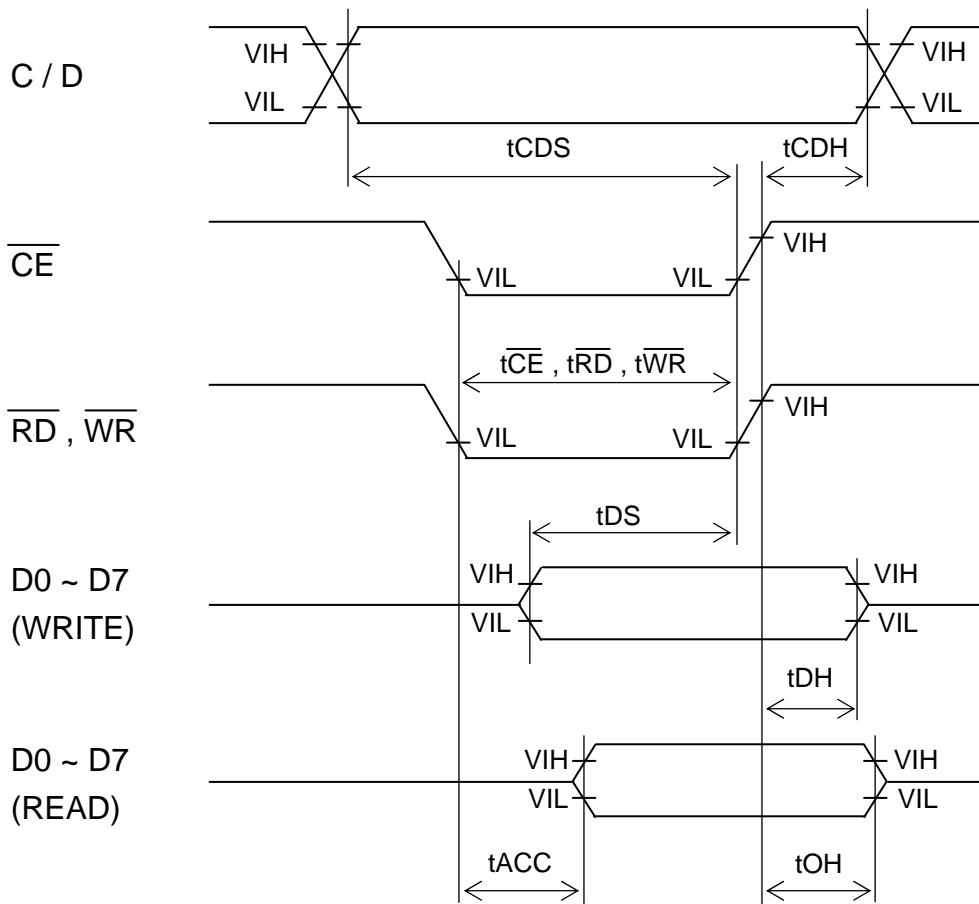
7. BLOCK DIAGRAM



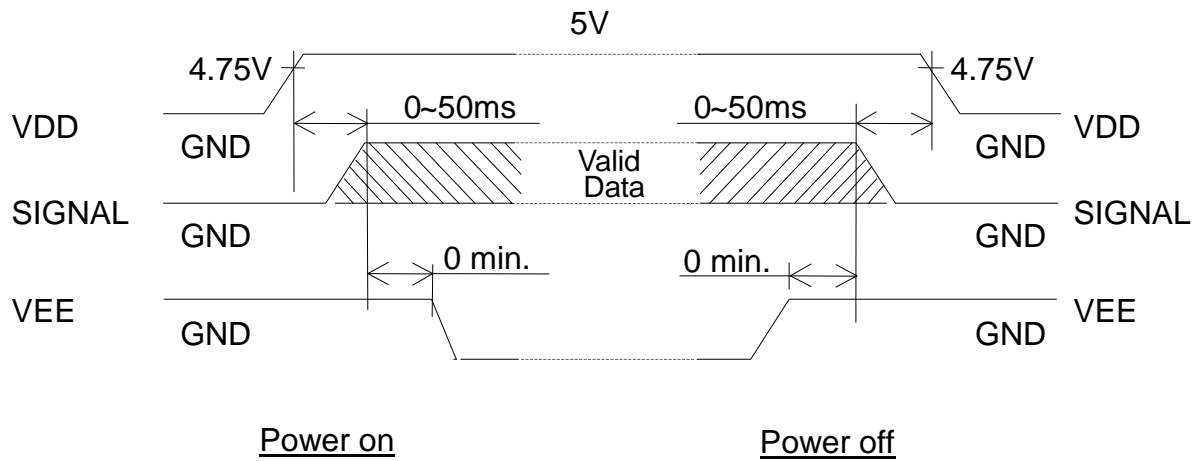
8. INTERFACE TIMING

8.1 INTERFACE TIMING

| ITEM | SYMBOL | MIN. | TYP. | MAX. | UNIT |
|--------------------------|-----------------|------|------|------|------|
| C / D Setup Time | tCDS | 100 | - | - | ns |
| C / D Hold Time | tCDH | 10 | - | - | ns |
| CE , RD , WR Pulse Width | tCE , tRD , tWR | 80 | - | - | ns |
| Data Setup Time | tDS | 80 | - | - | ns |
| Data Hold Time | tDH | 40 | - | - | ns |
| Access Time | tACC | - | - | 150 | ns |
| Output Hold Time | tOH | 10 | - | 50 | ns |

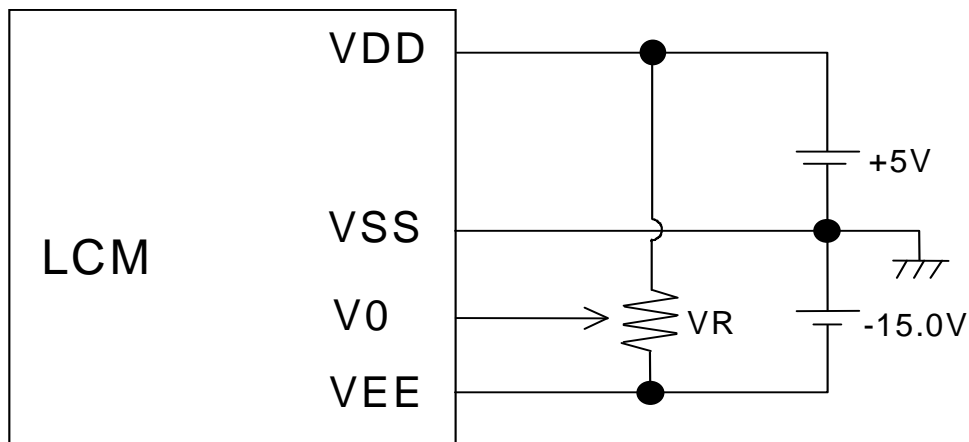


8.2 TIMING OF POWER SUPPLY AND INTERFACE SIGNAL



The missing pixels may occur when the LCM is driven beyond above power interface timing sequence.

8.3 POWER SUPPLY FOR LCM (EXAMPLE)

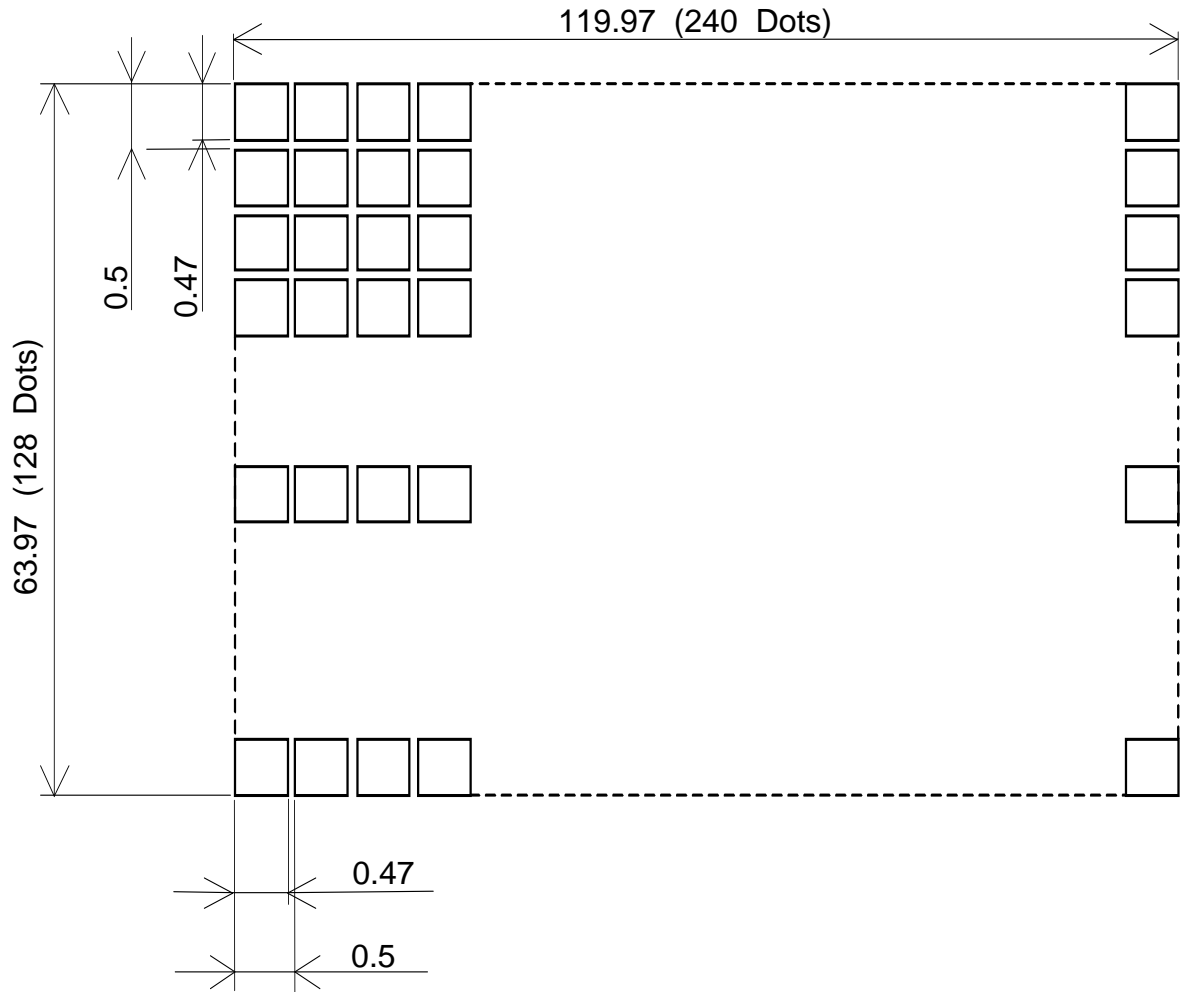


Recommend:

VR:10~20k Ω

VDD-V0 : LCD driving voltage

9.2 DISPLAY PATTERN



Scale: NTS

Unit : mm

Measurement Tolerance : ± 0.1

9.3 INTERNAL PIN CONNECTION

CN1

| PIN No. | SYMBOL | FUNCTION |
|---------|--------------------|---|
| A1 | VSS(0V) | Ground |
| A2 | VDD(+5V) | Power supply for logic circuit |
| A3 | V0 | Power supply for LCD drive |
| A4 | C/D | $\overline{WR}="L"$: C/D="H" Command write C/D="L" Data write $\overline{RD}="L"$: C/D="H" Status read C/D="L" Data read |
| A5 | \overline{WR} | Data write (Data write at "L") |
| A6 | \overline{RD} | Data read (Read data at "L") |
| A7~14 | DB0~DB7 | Data bus |
| A15 | \overline{CE} | Chip enable (\overline{CE} must be "L") |
| A16 | \overline{RET} | Reset |
| A17 | VEE(-15V) | Power supply for LCD drive |
| A18 | $\overline{D.OFF}$ | NC/Display , GND/Display off |
| A19 | F/S | Character font select : F/S="H" 6*8Font F/S="L" 8*8Font |
| A20 | P/N | Display mode reverse. |

LED I/F : JAE IL-G-4S-S3C2-SA

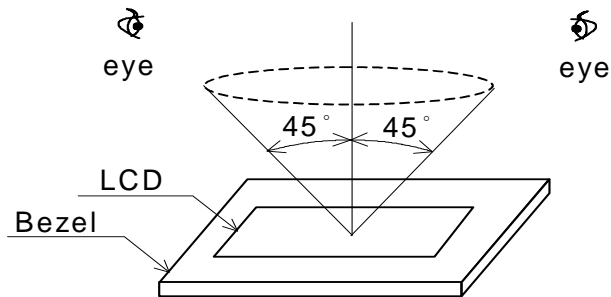
| PIN No. | SYMBOL | Function |
|---------|-----------|----------------------|
| 1 | VSS | GND |
| 2 | NC | No Connect |
| 3 | NC | No Connect |
| 4 | VLED(+5V) | Power Supply for LED |

10. APPEARANCE STANDARD

10.1 APPEARANCE INSPECTION CONDITION

Visual inspection should be done under the following condition.

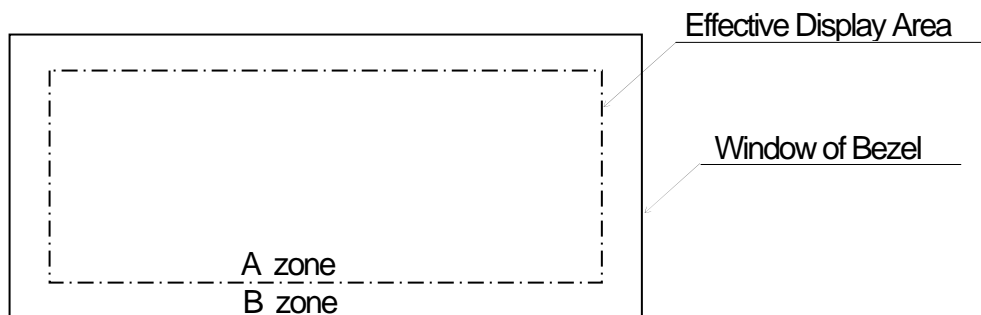
- (1) In the dark room
- (2) With panel lighted with prescribed LED current.
- (3) With eyes 25cm distance from LCM.
- (4) Viewing angle within 45 degrees from the vertical line to the center of LCD.



10.2 DEFINITION OF EACH ZONE

A zone : Within the effective display area specified at page 9-1/3 of this document.

B zone : Area between the window of bezel line and the effective display area line specified at page 9-1/3 of this document.



10.3 APPEARANCE SPECIFICATION

(1) LCD appearance

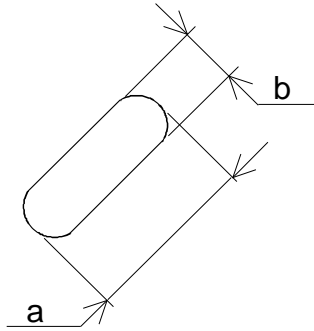
*) If the problem occurs about this item, the responsible person of both party (customer and KOE) will discuss more detail.

| No. | ITEM | CRITERIA | | A | B | |
|--|--|--|---------------------------|---------------------------|---|---|
| L C D | Scratches | Serious one is not allowed | | * | - | |
| | Dent | Serious one is not allowed | | * | - | |
| | Wrinkles In Polarizer | Serious one is not allowed | | * | - | |
| | Bubbles | Average Diameter D(mm) | Maximum Number Acceptable | | O | - |
| | | $D \leq 0.2$ | Ignored | | | |
| | | $0.2 < D \leq 0.3$ | 12 | | | |
| | | $0.3 < D \leq 0.5$ | 3 | | | |
| | | $0.5 < D$ | None | | | |
| | Stains, Foreign Materials Dark spot | Filamentous | | | O | * |
| | | LENGTH L(mm) | Width W(mm) | Maximum Number Acceptable | | |
| | | $L \leq 2.0$ | $W \leq 0.03$ | Ignored | | |
| | | $L \leq 3.0$ | $0.03 < W \leq 0.05$ | 6 | | |
| | | - | $0.05 < W$ | None | | |
| | | Round | | | O | * |
| | | Average Diameter D(mm) | Maximum Number Acceptable | Minimum Space | | |
| | | $D < 0.2$ | Ignored | - | | |
| | | $0.2 \leq D < 0.3$ | 6 | 10 mm | | |
| | | $0.3 \leq D < 0.4$ | 4 | 30 mm | | |
| | | $0.4 \leq D$ | None | - | | |
| | | The whole number | Filamentous + Round = 5 | | | |
| | | Those wiped out easily are acceptable | | | O | O |
| | Pinhole | $(A+B)/2 \leq 0.15$ Maximum number : Ignored | | O | - | |
| | | $0.15 < (A+B)/2 \leq 0.3$ Maximum number : Ignored | | | | |
| $C \leq 0.03$ Maximum number : Ignored | | | | | | |

| No. | ITEM | CRITERIA | | | | A | B |
|--------|---|------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------|---|---|
| L | Contrast Irregularity (Spot) | Average Diameter D(mm) | Maximum Number Acceptable | Minimum Space | | O | - |
| | | $D \leq 0.25$ | Ignored | - | | | |
| | | $0.25 < D \leq 0.35$ | 10 | 20mm | | | |
| | | $0.35 < D \leq 0.5$ | 4 | 20mm | | | |
| | | $0.5 < D$ | None | - | | | |
| C D | Contrast Irregularity (A Pair of Scratch) | Width W(mm) | Length L(mm) | Maximum Number Acceptable | Minimum Space | O | - |
| | | $W \leq 0.25$ | $L \leq 1.2$ | 2 | 20mm | | |
| | | $W \leq 0.2$ | $L \leq 1.5$ | 3 | 20mm | | |
| | | $W \leq 0.15$ | $L \leq 2.0$ | 3 | 20mm | | |
| | | $W \leq 0.1$ | $L \leq 3.0$ | 4 | 20mm | | |
| | | The whole number | | | 6 | | |

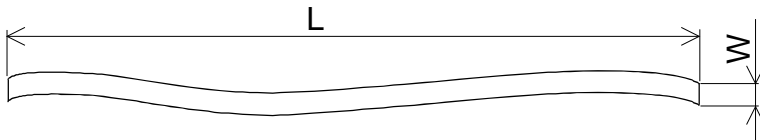
Note

(1) Definition of average diameter D

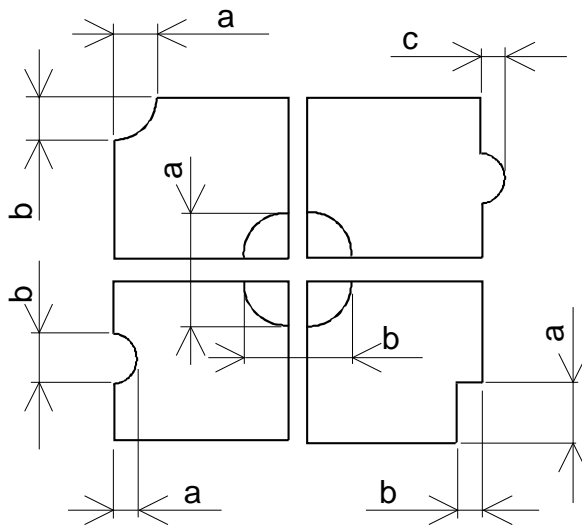


$$D = \frac{a+b}{2}$$

(2) Definition of length L and width W



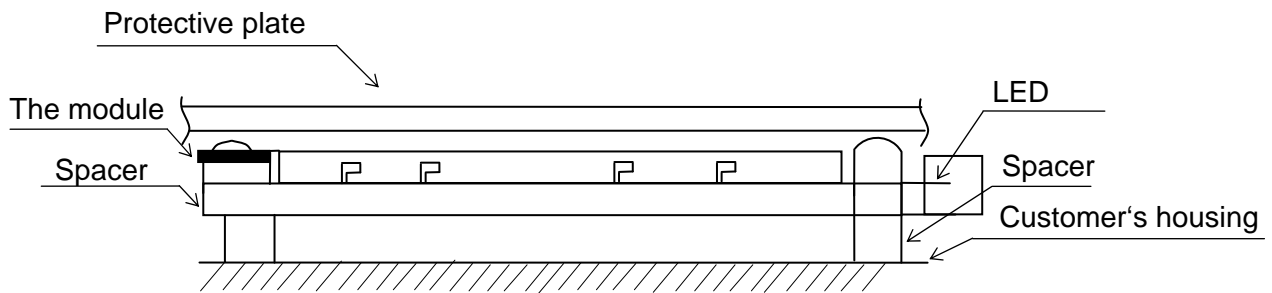
(3) Definition of pinhole



11. PRECAUTION IN DESIGN

11.1 Mounting Method

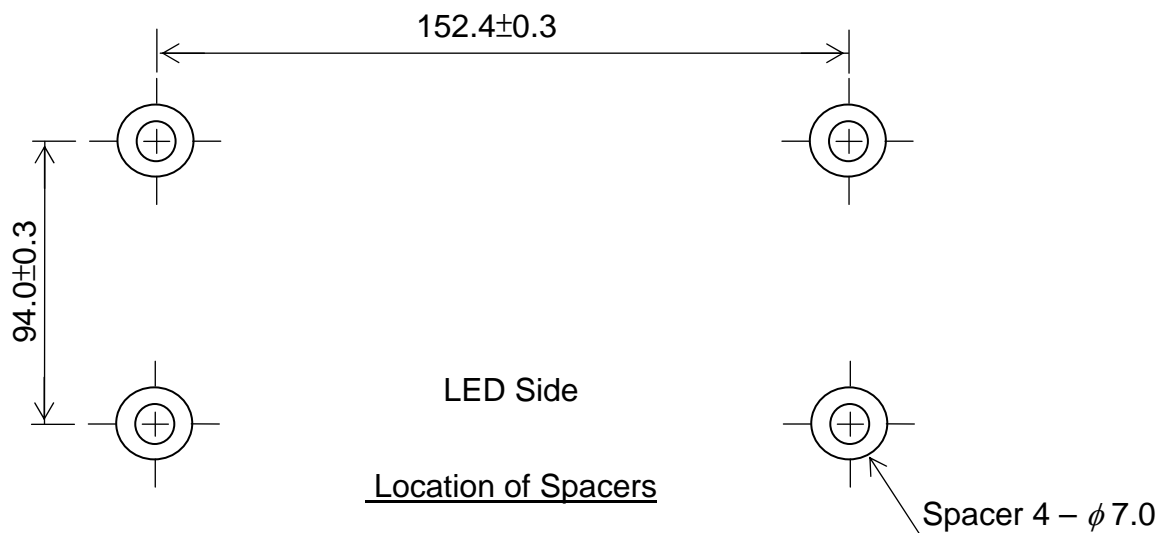
Since the module is so constructed as to be fixed by utilizing fitting holes in the module as shown below, it is necessary to take consideration the following items on attachment to a frame.



Example of Mounting

Unit : mm

Scale : NTS



- (1) Use of protective plate, made of an acrylic plate, etc, in order to protect a polarizer and LC cell.
- (2) To prevent the model cover from being pressed, the spacers between the module and the fitting plates should be longer than 0.5mm.
- (3) We recommend you to use protective spacer as figure for protecting LCD module from any kind of shock to your set.

11.2 LC driving voltage (V0) and viewing angle range.

Setting V0 out of the recommended condition will be a cause for a change of viewing angle range.

11.3 CAUTION AGAINST STATIC CHARGE

As this module is provided with C-MOS LSI, the care to take such a precaution as to grounding the operator's body is required when handling it.

11.4 POWER ON SEQUENCE

Input signals should not be applied to LCD module before power supply voltage is applied and reaches to specified voltage ($5\pm 0.25V$).

If above sequence is not kept, C-MOS LSIS of LCD modules may be damaged due to latch up problem.

11.5 PACKAGING

- (1) No. leaving products is preferable in the place of high humidity for a long period of time. for their storage in the place where temperature is $35^{\circ}C$ or higher, special care to prevent them from high humidity is required.
A combination of high temperature and high humidity may cause them polarization degradation as well as bubble generation and polarizer peel-off. Please keep the temperature and humidity within the specified range for use and storing.
- (2) Since upper polarizers and lower aluminum plates tend to be easily damaged, they should be handled with full care so as not to get them touched, pushed or rubbed by a piece of glass, tweezers and anything else which are harder than a pencil lead 3h.
- (3) As the adhesives used for adhering upper/lower polarizers and aluminum plates are made of organic substances which will be deteriorated by a chemical reaction with such chemicals as acetone, toluene ethanol and isopropyl alcohol.
The following solvents are recommended for use:
normal hexane

please contact us when it is necessary for you to use chemicals other than the above.

- (4) Lightly wipe to clean the dirty surface with absorbent cotton waste or other soft material like chamois, soaked in the chemicals recommended without scrubbing it hardly.
To prevent the display surface from damage and keep the appearance in good state, it is sufficient, in general, to wipe it with absorbent cotton.
- (5) Immediately wipe off saliva or water drop attached on the display area because its long period adherence may cause deformation or faded color on the spot.
- (6) Foggy dew deposited on the surface and contact terminals due to coldness will be a cause for polarizer damage, stain and dirt on product.
When necessary to take out the products from some place at low temperature for test, etc.
It is required for them to be warmed up in a container once at the temperature higher than that of room.

- (7) Touching the display area and contact terminals with bare hands and contaminating them are prohibited, because the stain on the display area and poor insulation between terminals are often caused by being touched by bare hands. (There are some cosmetics detrimental to polarizers.)
- (8) In general the quality of glass is fragile so that it tends to be cracked or chipped in handling, specially on its periphery please be careful not give it sharp shock caused by dropping down, ect.

11.6 CAUTION FOR OPERATION

- (1) It is an indispensable condition to drive LCD's within the specified voltage limit since the higher voltage than the limit causes the shorter LCD life. An electrochemical reaction due to direct current causes LCD's undesirable deterioration, so that the use of direct current driver should be avoided.
- (2) Response time will be extremely delayed at lower temperature than the operating temperature range and on the other hand at higher temperature LCD's show dark blue color in them. However those phenomena do not mean impediment or out of order with LCD's which will come back in the specified operating temperature range.
- (3) If the display area is pushed hard during operation, some font will be abnormally displayed but it resumes normal condition after turning off once.
- (4) A slight dew depositing on terminals is a cause for electrochemical reaction resulting in terminal open circuit.

Usage under the relative condition of 40°C 50%RH less is required.

11.7 STORAGE

In case of storing for a long period of time (for instance, for years) for the purpose of replacement use, the following ways are recommended.

- (1) Storage in a polyethylene bag with the opening sealed so as not to enter fresh air outside in it, and with no desiccant.
- (2) The placing in a dark room where neither exposure to direct sunlight nor light is, keeping temperature in the range from 0°C to 35°C.
- (3) Storing with no touch on polarizer surface by anything else. (It is recommended to stone them as they have been contained in the inner container at the time of delivery from us.)

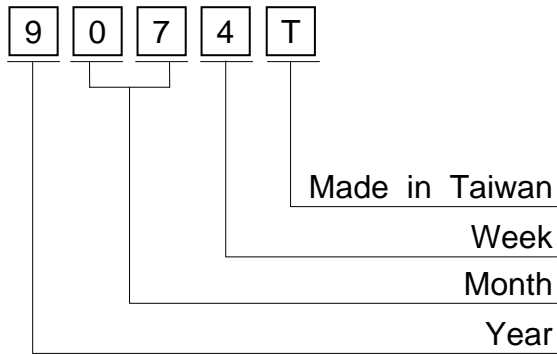
11.8 SAFETY

- (1) It is recommendable to crash damaged or unnecessary LCD's into pieces and wash off liquid crystal by either of solvents such as acetone and ethanol, which should be burned up later.
- (2) When any liquid leaked out of a damaged glass gall comes in contact with your hands, please wash it off well with soap and water.

12. DESIGNATION OF LOT MARK

12.1 Lot Mark

Lot mark is consisted of 4 digits for production lot.



| YEAR | FIGURE IN LOT MARK |
|------|--------------------|
| 2013 | 3 |
| 2014 | 4 |
| 2015 | 5 |
| 2016 | 6 |

| MONTH | FIGURE IN LOT MARK | MONTH | FIGURE IN LOT MARK |
|-------|--------------------|-------|--------------------|
| Jan. | 01 | Jul. | 07 |
| Feb. | 02 | Aug. | 08 |
| Mar. | 03 | Sep. | 09 |
| Apr. | 04 | Oct. | 10 |
| May | 05 | Nov. | 11 |
| Jun. | 06 | Dec. | 12 |

| WEEK (DAY IN CALENDAR) | FIGURE IN LOT MARK |
|------------------------|--------------------|
| 01~07 | 1 |
| 08~14 | 2 |
| 15~21 | 3 |
| 22~29 | 4 |
| 30~31 | 5 |

12.2 LOCATION OF LOT MARK

on the back side of LCM

9 0 7 4 T

13. PRECAUTION FOR USE

(1) A limit sample should be provided by the both parties on an occasion when the both parties agreed its necessity.

Judgement by a limit sample shall take effect after the limit sample has been established and confirmed by the both parties.

(2) On the following occasions, the handling of the problem should be decided through discussion and agreement between responsible persons of the both parties.

(1) When a question is arisen in the specifications.

(2) When a new problem is arisen which is not specified in this specifications.

(3) When an inspection specifications change or operating condition change in customer is reported to KOE, and some problem is arisen in this specification due to the change.

(4) When a new problem is arisen at the customer's operating set for sample evaluation in the customer site.

(3) Regarding the treatment for maintenance and repairing, both parties will discuss it in six months later after latest delivery of this product.

The precaution that should be observed when handling LCM have been explained above.

If any points are unclear of if you have any requests, please contact KOE.



Midas Displays
Electra House
32 Southtown Road
Great Yarmouth
Norfolk
NR31 0DU
England

Telephone
Email
Website

+44 (0)1493 602602
sales@midasdisplays.com
www.midasdisplays.com