

## CY62167G Automotive

# 16-Mbit (1M Words × 16-Bit) Static RAM with Error-Correcting Code (ECC)

### Features

- AEC-Q100 qualified
- Ultra-low standby power
   Typical standby current: 5.5 μA
   Maximum standby current: 75 μA
- High speed: 45 ns / 55 ns
- Embedded error-correcting code (ECC) for single-bit error correction
- Temperature Ranges:
   Automotive-A: -40 °C to +85 °C
   Automotive-E: -40 °C to +125 °C
- Operating voltage range: 2.2 V to 3.6 V
- 1.0-V data retention
- TTL-compatible inputs and outputs
- Available in Pb-free 48-ball VFBGA and 48-pin TSOP I packages

### **Functional Description**

CY62167G is high-performance CMOS low-power (MoBL) SRAM devices with embedded ECC. This device is offered in dual chip-enable.

Devices with dual chip-enable are accessed by asserting both chip-enable inputs –  $\overline{CE}_1$  as LOW and  $CE_2$  as HIGH.

<u>Data</u> writes are performed by asserting the Write Enable input (WE) LOW, and providing the data and address on device data (I/O<sub>0</sub> through I/O<sub>15</sub>) and address (A<sub>0</sub> through <u>A<sub>19</sub></u>) pins respectively. The Byte High/Low Enable (BHE, BLE) inputs control byte writes, and write data on the corresponding I/O lines

to the memory location specified. BHE controls I/O<sub>8</sub> through I/O<sub>15:</sub> BLE controls I/O<sub>0</sub> through I/O<sub>7</sub>.

Data reads are performed by asserting the Output Enable  $(\overline{OE})$  input and providing the required address on the address lines. Read data is accessible on I/O lines (I/O<sub>0</sub> through I/O<sub>15</sub>). Byte accesses can <u>be performed</u> by asserting the required byte enable signal (BHE, BLE) to read either the upper byte or the lower byte of data from the specified address location.

All I/Os (I/O<sub>0</sub> through  $\underline{I/O}_{15}$ ) are placed in a HI-Z state when the device is deselected (CE<sub>1</sub> HIGH / CE<sub>2</sub> LOW for dual chip-enable

device), or control signals are de-asserted ( $\overline{OE}$ ,  $\overline{BLE}$ , and  $\overline{BHE}$ ).

These devices also have a unique "Byte Power down" feature

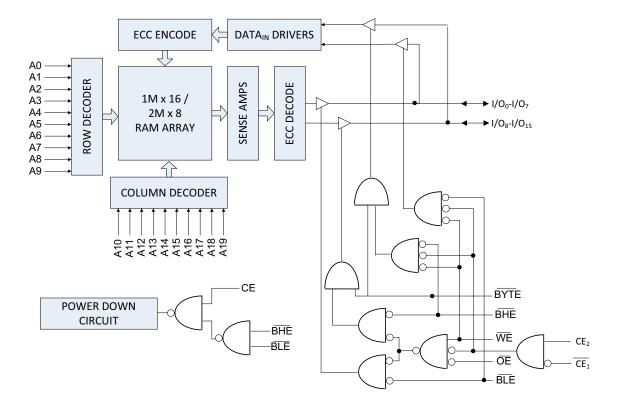
where if both the Byte Enables ( $\overline{BHE}$  and  $\overline{BLE}$ ) are disabled, the devices seamlessly switches to standby mode irrespective of the state of the chip enable(s), thereby saving power.

The CY62167G device is available in a Pb-free 48-ball VFBGA and 48-pin TSOP I packages. The device in the 48-pin TSOP I package can also be configured to function as a 2M words × 8 bit device. The logic block diagram is on page 2. Refer to Pin Configurations on page 4 and the associated footnotes for details.

Note 1. This device does not support automatic write-back on error detection.



## Logic Block Diagram – CY62167G





# CY62167G Automotive

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## **Pin Configurations**

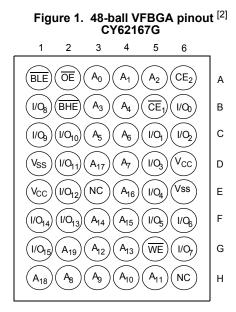


Figure 2. 48-pin TSOP I pinout (Dual Chip Enable without ERR) – CY62167G<sup>[2, 3]</sup>

0	
A15 🗖 1	19 116
A14 0	48 <b>–</b> <u>A16</u> 47 <b>–</b> BYTE
A14 🖬 2 A13 🗖 3	46 <b>V</b> ss
A12 - 4	45 <b>I</b> /O15/A20
A11 🖬 5	44 🖬 1/07
A10 🖬 6	43 🗖 I/O14
A9 🗖 7	42 🗖 1/06
A8 🖴 8	41 🗖 1/013
A19 🛏 9	40 🖿 I/O5
<u>NC</u> <b>=</b> 10	39 🗖 I/O12
WE = 11	38 🖬 1/04
CE <sub>2</sub> = 12 <u>NC</u> = 13	37 🗖 Vcc
<u>NC</u>	36 🗖 I/O11
	35 🗖 1/03
	34 <b>=</b> 1/O10
A18 = 16 A17 = 17	33 🗖 1/02
A17 🖬 17 A7 🖬 18	32 <b>=</b> 1/09 31 <b>=</b> 1/01
A7 <b>L</b> 18 A6 <b>L</b> 19	31 = 1/01 30 = 1/08
A5 <b>2</b> 0	29 1/00
A4 = 21	28 <b>–</b> OE
A3 <b>H</b> 22	20 - 0L 27 - Ves
A2 = 23	$26 = \frac{\sqrt{33}}{CE}$
A1 = 24	27 <b>P</b> <u>Vss</u> 26 <b>P</b> CE <sub>1</sub> 25 <b>P</b> A0
	110

### **Product Portfolio**

				Power Dissipation					
Product	Range	V <sub>CC</sub> Range (V)	Speed (ns)	Operating I <sub>CC</sub> , (mA), f = f <sub>max</sub> Star		Standby,	Ι <sub>SB2</sub> (μΑ)		
			()	Тур <sup>[4]</sup>	Max	Тур <sup>[4]</sup>	Max		
CY62167G30	Automotive-E	2.2 V–3.6 V	55	29.0	40.0	5.5	75.0		
	Automotive-A		45	29.0	36.0	5.5	16.0		

Notes

NC pins are not connected internally to the die and are typically used for address expansion to a higher-density device. Refer to the respective datasheets for pin configuration. 2.

The BYTE pin in the <u>48-pin TSOP I package</u> must be tied to V<sub>CC</sub> to use the device as a 1<u>M × 16 SRAM</u>. The 48-pin TSOP I package can also be used as a 2M × 8 SRAM by tying the BYTE signal to V<sub>SS</sub>. In the 2 M × 8 configuration, pin 45 is A20, while BHE, BLE and I/O<sub>8</sub> to I/O<sub>14</sub> pins are not used.
 Indicates the value for the center of Distribution at 3.0 V, 25 °C and not 100% tested.



### **Maximum Ratings**

Exceeding maximum ratings may shorten the useful life of the device. User guidelines are not tested.

Storage temperature	–65 °C to + 150 °C
Ambient temperature with power applied	–55 °C to + 125 °C
Supply voltage to ground potential <sup>[5]</sup>	–0.5 V to V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.5 V
DC voltage applied to outputs in HI-Z state <sup>[5]</sup>	–0.5 V to V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.5 V
DC input voltage [5]	–0.5 V to V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.5 V

### **DC Electrical Characteristics**

Over the Operating Range

Output current into outputs (LOW) 20 mA
Static discharge voltage (MIL-STD-883, Method 3015)>2001 V
Latch-up current>140 mA

## **Operating Range**

Grade	Ambient Temperature	V <sub>cc</sub>
Automotive-E	–40 °C to +125 °C	2.2 V to 3.6 V
Automotive-A	–40 °C to +85 °C	

Parameter	ameter Description		Test Conditio	t Conditions		55 ns (Automotive-E)			45 ns (Automotive-A)			
Parameter	Descr	iption	Test Conditio			<b>Typ</b> <sup>[6]</sup>	Max	Min	Тур [6]	Мах	Unit	
V <sub>OH</sub>		2.2 V to 2.7 V	V <sub>CC</sub> = Min, I <sub>OH</sub> = –0.1	V <sub>CC</sub> = Min, I <sub>OH</sub> = –0.1 mA		-	_	2.0	-	_	V	
	voltage	2.7 V to 3.6 V	$V_{CC}$ = Min, $I_{OH}$ = -1.0	mA	2.4	-	_	2.4	-	_		
V <sub>OL</sub>	Output LOW	2.2 V to 2.7 V	V <sub>CC</sub> = Min, I <sub>OL</sub> = 0.1 m	۱A	-	-	0.4	-	-	0.4	V	
	voltage	2.7 V to 3.6 V	V <sub>CC</sub> = Min, I <sub>OL</sub> = 2.1 m	۱A	-	-	0.4	-	-	0.4		
V <sub>IH</sub>	Input HIGH	2.2 V to 2.7 V	-		1.8	-	V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.3	1.8	-	V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.3	V	
	voltage <sup>[5]</sup>	2.7 V to 3.6 V	-		2.0	-	V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.3	2.0	-	V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.3		
V <sub>IL</sub>	Input LOW	2.2 V to 2.7 V	_	_		-	0.6	-0.3	_	0.6	V	
	voltage <sup>[5]</sup>	2.7 V to 3.6 V			-0.3	-	0.8	-0.3	-	0.8		
I <sub>IX</sub>	Input leakage	current	$GND \leq V_{IN} \leq V_{CC}$		-4.0	-	+4.0	-1.0	-	+1.0	μA	
I <sub>OZ</sub>	Output leakage current		$GND \leq V_{OUT} \leq V_{CC}$ , Output disabled		-4.0	-	+4.0	-1.0	-	+1.0	μA	
I <sub>CC</sub>		<sub>CC</sub> operating supply $V_{CC}$ = Max, $f = f_{MAX}$	f = f <sub>MAX</sub>	-	29.0	40.0	_	29.0	36.0	mA		
	current		I <sub>OUT</sub> = 0 mA, CMOS levels	f =1 MHz	-	7.0	18.0	-	7.0	9.0	mA	
I <sub>SB1</sub> [7]	Automatic power down current – CMOS inputs; V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.2 to 3.6 V		$ \overline{CE}_1 \ge V_{CC} - \underbrace{0.2}_{CC} \text{ V or } CE_2 \le 0.2 \text{ V} $ or (BHE and BLE) $\ge V_{CC} - 0.2 \text{ V}, $ $ V_{IN} \ge V_{CC} - 0.2 \text{ V},  V_{IN} \le 0.2 \text{ V}, $ $ f = f_{max} \text{ (address and data only)}, $ $ f = 0 \text{ (OE, and WE)},  V_{CC} = V_{CC(max)} $		_	5.5	75.0	_	5.5	16.0	μA	
I <sub>SB2</sub> <sup>[7]</sup>	Automatic pov current – CM0 V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.2 to 3	OS inputs;	$\overline{CE}_{1} \ge V_{CC} - 0.2V \text{ or } C$ or (BHE and BLE) $\ge V_{IN}$ $V_{IN} \ge V_{CC} - 0.2 \text{ V or } V$ f = 0, $V_{CC} = V_{CC(max)}$	E <sub>2</sub> ≤ 0.2 V <sub>CC</sub> – 0.2 V,	_	5.5	75.0	_	5.5	16.0	μA	

- S. V<sub>IL(min)</sub> = -2.0 V and V<sub>IH(max)</sub> = V<sub>CC</sub> + 2 V for pulse durations of less than 20 ns.
   6. Indicates the value for the center of <u>Distribution at 3.0 V</u>, 25 °C and not 100% tested.
   7. Chip enables (CE<sub>1</sub> and CE<sub>2</sub>) and BHE, BLE and BYTE must be tied to CMOS levels to meet the I<sub>SB1</sub> / I<sub>SB2</sub> / I<sub>CCDR</sub> spec. Other inputs can be left floating.



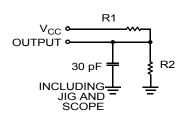
## Capacitance

Parameter <sup>[8]</sup>	Description	Test Conditions	Max	Unit
C <sub>IN</sub>	Input capacitance	$T_A = 25 \text{ °C}, f = 1 \text{ MHz}, V_{CC} = V_{CC(typ)}$	10	рF
C <sub>OUT</sub>	Output capacitance		10	рF

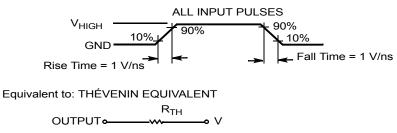
### **Thermal Resistance**

Parameter [8]	Description	Test Conditions	48-ball VFBGA	48-pin TSOP I	Unit
JA		Still air, soldered on a 3 × 4.5 inch, four-layer printed circuit board	31.50	57.99	°C/W
- 30	Thermal resistance (junction to case)		15.75	13.42	°C/W

## AC Test Loads and Waveforms



#### Figure 3. AC Test Loads and Waveforms



Parameters	3.0 V	Unit
R1	317	Ω
R2	351	Ω
V <sub>HIGH</sub>	3.0	V

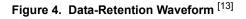


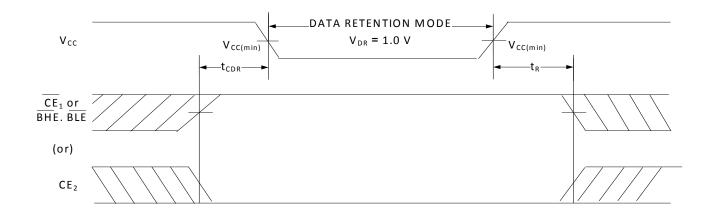
### **Data Retention Characteristics**

Over the Operating Range

Parameter	Description	Conditions	55 ns (Automotive-E)			45 ns (	Unit		
			Min	<b>Typ</b> <sup>[9]</sup>	Мах	Min	<b>Typ</b> <sup>[9]</sup>	Мах	Unit
V <sub>DR</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> for data retention		1	-	-	1	-	Ι	V
I <sub>CCDR</sub> <sup>[10]</sup>		$\begin{array}{l} 2.2 \text{ V} < \text{V}_{\text{CC}} \leq 3.6 \text{ V} \\ \hline \overline{\text{CE}}_1 \geq \text{V}_{\text{CC}} - 0.2 \text{ V} \text{ or } \text{CE}_2 \leq 0.2 \text{ V} \\ \text{or (BHE and BLE)} \geq \text{V}_{\text{CC}} - 0.2 \text{ V}, \\ \hline \text{V}_{\text{IN}} \geq \text{V}_{\text{CC}} - 0.2 \text{ V} \text{ or } \text{V}_{\text{IN}} \leq 0.2 \text{ V} \end{array}$	_	5.5	75.0	_	5.5	16.0	μΑ
t <sub>CDR</sub> <sup>[11]</sup>	Chip deselect to data-retention time		0	-	_	0	-	-	-
t <sub>R</sub> <sup>[12]</sup>	Operation-recovery time		55	-	_	45	-	_	ns

### **Data Retention Waveform**





- Indicates the value for the center of distribution at 3.0 V, 25°C and not 100% tested.
   Chip enables (CE<sub>1</sub> and CE<sub>2</sub>) and BYTE must be tied to CMOS levels to meet the I<sub>SB1</sub> / I<sub>SB2</sub> / I<sub>CCDR</sub> spec. Other inputs can be left floating.
   Tested initially and after any design or process changes that may affect these parameters.
   Full device operation requires linear V<sub>CC</sub> ramp from V<sub>DR</sub> to V<sub>CC(min)</sub> ≥ 100 µs or stable at V<sub>CC(min)</sub> ≥ 100 µs.
   BHE.BLE is the AND of both BHE and BLE. Deselect the chip by either disabling the chip enable signals or by disabling both BHE and BLE.



## **Switching Characteristics**

Parameter <sup>[14]</sup> Read Cycle	Description Read cycle time	Min	Max	Min	Мах	Unit
Read Cycle	Read cycle time				inax	
	Read cycle time			•	•	
t <sub>RC</sub>		55	_	45	_	ns
t <sub>AA</sub>	Address to data valid	-	55	_	45	ns
t <sub>OHA</sub>	Data hold from address change	10	_	10	_	ns
t <sub>ACE</sub>	$\overline{CE}_1$ LOW and $CE_2$ HIGH to data valid / $\overline{CE}$ LOW	-	55	_	45	ns
t <sub>DOE</sub>	OE LOW to data valid / OE LOW	-	25	_	22	ns
t <sub>LZOE</sub>	OE LOW to Low Z <sup>[15]</sup>	5	-	5	-	ns
t <sub>HZOE</sub>	OE HIGH to High Z [15, 16]	-	20	_	18	ns
t <sub>LZCE</sub>	CE <sub>1</sub> LOW and CE <sub>2</sub> HIGH to Low Z <sup>[15]</sup>	10	-	10	-	ns
t <sub>HZCE</sub>	CE <sub>1</sub> HIGH and CE <sub>2</sub> LOW to High Z <sup>[15, 16]</sup>	-	20	_	18	ns
t <sub>PU</sub>	CE <sub>1</sub> LOW and CE <sub>2</sub> HIGH to power-up	0	-	0	-	ns
t <sub>PD</sub>	CE <sub>1</sub> HIGH and CE <sub>2</sub> LOW to power-down	_	55	_	45	ns
t <sub>DBE</sub>	BLE / BHE LOW to data valid	-	55	-	45	ns
t <sub>LZBE</sub>	BLE / BHE LOW to Low Z <sup>[15]</sup>	5	_	5	-	ns
t <sub>HZBE</sub>	BLE / BHE HIGH to High Z <sup>[15, 16]</sup>	-	20	-	18	ns
Write Cycle [17]			•	•	•	
t <sub>WC</sub>	Write cycle time	55	_	45	_	ns
t <sub>SCE</sub>	CE <sub>1</sub> LOW and CE <sub>2</sub> HIGH to write end	40	-	35	-	ns
t <sub>AW</sub>	Address setup to write end	40	-	35	-	ns
t <sub>HA</sub>	Address hold from write end	0	_	0	_	ns
t <sub>SA</sub>	Address setup to write start	0	_	0	_	ns
t <sub>PWE</sub>	WE pulse width	40	-	35	-	ns
t <sub>BW</sub>	BLE / BHE LOW to write end	40	-	35	-	ns
t <sub>SD</sub>	Data setup to write end	25	_	25	_	ns
t <sub>HD</sub>	Data hold from write end	0	_	0	-	ns
t <sub>HZWE</sub>	WE LOW to High Z <sup>[15, 16]</sup>	_	20	_	18	ns
t <sub>LZWE</sub>	WE HIGH to Low Z <sup>[15]</sup>	10	_	10	-	ns

Notes

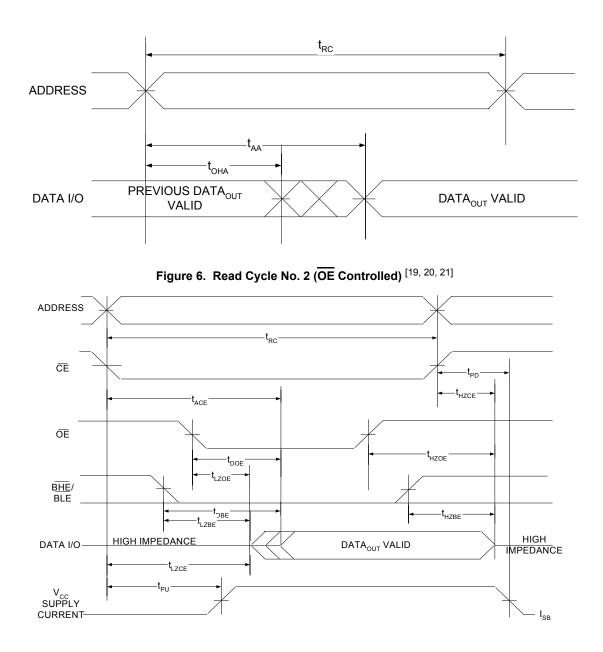
- 14. Test conditions assume signal transition time (rise/fall) of 3 ns or less, timing reference levels of 1.5 V (for V<sub>CC</sub> ≥ 3 V) and V<sub>CC</sub>/2 (for V<sub>CC</sub> < 3 V), and input pulse levels of 0 to 3 V (for V<sub>CC</sub> ≥ 3 V) and 0 to V<sub>CC</sub> (for V<sub>CC</sub> < 3 V). Test conditions for the read cycle use output loading shown in AC Test Loads and Waveforms section, unless specified otherwise.</p>

15. At any temperature and voltage condition, t<sub>HZCE</sub> is less than t<sub>LZCE</sub>, t<sub>HZBE</sub> is less than t<sub>LZDE</sub>, t<sub>HZCE</sub>, t<sub>HZCE</sub>, t<sub>HZDE</sub>, and t<sub>HZWE</sub> is less than t<sub>LZWE</sub> for any device.
16. t<sub>HZCE</sub>, t<sub>HZCE</sub>, t<sub>HZEE</sub>, and t<sub>HZWE</sub> transitions are measured when the outputs enter a high impedance state.
17. The internal write time of the memory is defined by the overlap of WE = V<sub>IL</sub>, CE<sub>1</sub> = V<sub>IL</sub>, BHE or BLE or both = V<sub>IL</sub>, and CE<sub>2</sub> = V<sub>IH</sub>. All signals must be ACTIVE to initiate a write. Any of these signals can terminate a write by going INACTIVE. The data input setup and hold timing must refer to the edge of the signal that terminates the write.



### **Switching Waveforms**

Figure 5. Read Cycle No. 1 of CY62167G (Address Transition Controlled) <sup>[18, 19]</sup>



#### Notes

18. The device is continuously selected.  $\overline{OE} = V_{IL}$ ,  $\overline{CE} = V_{IL}$ ,  $\overline{BHE}$  or  $\overline{BLE}$  or both =  $V_{IL}$ .

19. WE is HIGH for read cycle.

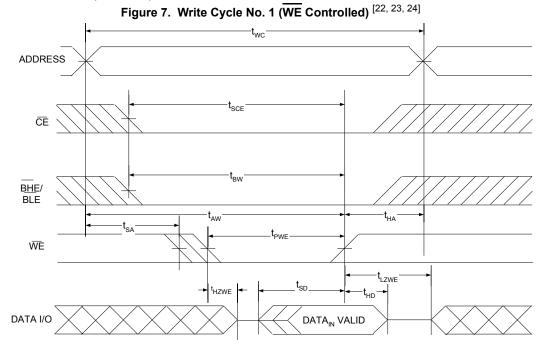
20. For all dual chip enable devices,  $\overline{CE}$  is the logical combination of  $\overline{CE}_1$  and  $CE_2$ . When  $\overline{CE}_1$  is LOW and  $CE_2$  is HIGH,  $\overline{CE}$  is LOW; when  $\overline{CE}_1$  is HIGH or  $CE_2$  is LOW, CE is HIGH.

21. Address valid prior to or coincident with  $\overline{\text{CE}}$  LOW transition.





### Switching Waveforms (continued)



Notes

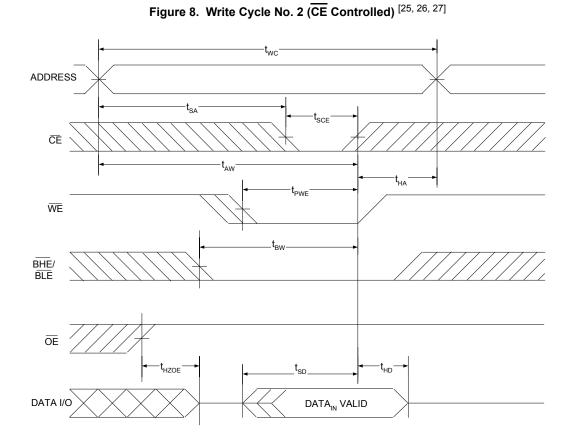
22. For all dual chip enable devices,  $\overline{CE}$  is the logical combination of  $\overline{CE}_1$  and  $CE_2$ . When  $\overline{CE}_1$  is LOW and  $CE_2$  is HIGH,  $\overline{CE}$  is LOW; when  $\overline{CE}_1$  is HIGH or  $CE_2$  is LOW, CE is HIGH.

23. The internal write time of the memory is defined by the overlap of  $\overline{WE} = V_{|L}$ ,  $\overline{CE}_1 = V_{|L}$ ,  $\overline{BHE}$  or  $\overline{BLE}$  or both =  $V_{|L}$ , and  $CE_2 = V_{|H}$ . All signals must be ACTIVE to initiate a write and any of these signals can terminate a write by going INACTIVE. The data input setup and hold timing must refer to the edge of the signal that terminates the write.

<sup>24.</sup> Data I/O is in HI-Z state if  $\overline{CE} = V_{IH}$ , or  $\overline{OE} = V_{IH}$  or  $\overline{BHE}$ , and/or  $\overline{BLE} = V_{IH}$ .



### Switching Waveforms (continued)



- 25. Eor all dual chip enable devices,  $\overline{CE}$  is the logical combination of  $\overline{CE}_1$  and  $CE_2$ . When  $\overline{CE}_1$  is LOW and  $CE_2$  is HIGH,  $\overline{CE}$  is LOW; when  $\overline{CE}_1$  is HIGH or  $CE_2$  is LOW, CE is HIGH.
- 26. The internal write time of the memory is defined by the overlap of  $\overline{WE} = V_{IL}$ ,  $\overline{EE}_1 = V_{IL}$ ,  $\overline{BHE}$  or  $\overline{BLE}$  or both =  $V_{IL}$ , and  $CE_2 = V_{IH}$ . All signals must be ACTIVE to initiate a write and any of these signals can terminate a write by going INACTIVE. The data input setup and hold timing must refer to the edge of the signal that terminates the write.
- 27. Data I/O is in high impedance state if  $\overline{CE} = V_{IH}$ , or  $\overline{OE} = V_{IH}$  or  $\overline{BHE}$ , and/or  $\overline{BLE} = V_{IH}$ .



### Switching Waveforms (continued)

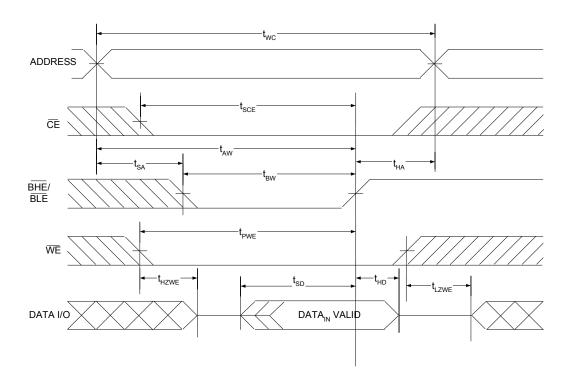


Figure 9. Write Cycle No. 3 (BHE/BLE Controlled, OE LOW) <sup>[28, 29, 30]</sup>

- 28. Eor all dual chip enable devices,  $\overline{CE}$  is the logical combination of  $\overline{CE}_1$  and  $CE_2$ . When  $\overline{CE}_1$  is LOW and  $CE_2$  is HIGH,  $\overline{CE}$  is LOW; when  $\overline{CE}_1$  is HIGH or  $CE_2$  is LOW,  $\overline{CE}$  is HIGH.
- 29. The internal write time of the memory is defined by the overlap of  $\overline{WE} = V_{\parallel}$ ,  $\overline{CE}_1 = V_{\parallel}$ ,  $\overline{BHE}$  or  $\overline{BLE}$  or both =  $V_{\parallel}$ , and  $CE_2 = V_{\parallel}$ . All signals must be ACTIVE to initiate a write and any of these signals can terminate a write by going INACTIVE. The data input setup and hold timing must refer to the edge of the signal that terminates the write.
- 30. Data I/O is in high impedance state if  $\overline{CE} = V_{IH}$ , or  $\overline{OE} = V_{IH}$  or  $\overline{BHE}$ , and/or  $\overline{BLE} = V_{IH}$ .





### Truth Table – CY62167G

CE <sub>1</sub>	CE <sub>2</sub>	WE	OE	BHE	BLE	Inputs/Outputs	Mode	Power
Н	X <sup>[31]</sup>	Х	Х	Х	Х	HI-Z	Deselect/Power-down	Standby (I <sub>SB</sub> )
X <sup>[31]</sup>	L	Х	Х	Х	Х	HI-Z	Deselect/Power-down	Standby (I <sub>SB</sub> )
X <sup>[31]</sup>	X <sup>[31]</sup>	Х	Х	Н	Н	HI-Z	Deselect/Power-down	Standby (I <sub>SB</sub> )
L	Н	Н	L	L	L	Data Out (I/O <sub>0</sub> –I/O <sub>15</sub> )	Read	Active (I <sub>CC</sub> )
L	Н	Н	L	Н	L	Data Out (I/O <sub>0</sub> –I/O <sub>7</sub> ); HI-Z (I/O <sub>8</sub> –I/O <sub>15</sub> )	Read	Active (I <sub>CC</sub> )
L	Н	Н	L	L	Н	HI-Z (I/O <sub>0</sub> –I/O <sub>7</sub> ); Data Out (I/O <sub>8</sub> –I/O <sub>15</sub> )	Read	Active (I <sub>CC</sub> )
L	Н	Н	Н	Х	Х	HI-Z	Output disabled	Active (I <sub>CC</sub> )
L	Н	L	Х	L	L	Data In (I/O <sub>0</sub> –I/O <sub>15</sub> )	Write	Active (I <sub>CC</sub> )
L	Н	L	Х	Н	L	Data In (I/O <sub>0</sub> –I/O <sub>7</sub> ); HI-Z (I/O <sub>8</sub> –I/O <sub>15</sub> )	Write	Active (I <sub>CC</sub> )
L	Н	L	Х	L	Н	HI-Z (I/O <sub>0</sub> –I/O <sub>7</sub> ); Data In (I/O <sub>8</sub> –I/O <sub>15</sub> )	Write	Active (I <sub>CC</sub> )

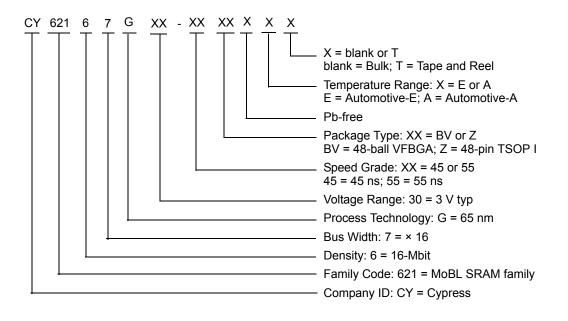
Note 31. The 'X' (Don't care) state for the chip enables refer to the logic state (either HIGH or LOW). Intermediate voltage levels on these pins is not permitted.



## **Ordering Information**

Speed (ns)	Ordering Code	Package Diagram	Package Type	Operating Range
55	CY62167G30-55BVXE	51-85150	48-ball VFBGA (6 × 8 × 1 mm) (Pb-free),	Automotive-E
	CY62167G30-55BVXET		Package Code: BZ48	
	CY62167G30-55ZXE	51-85183	18-pin TSOP I (12 × 18.4 × 1 mm) (Pb-free),	
	CY62167G30-55ZXET		Package Code: Z48A	
45	CY62167G30-45ZXA	51-85183	48-pin TSOP I (12 × 18.4 × 1 mm) (Pb-free),	Automotive-A
	CY62167G30-45ZXAT		Package Code: Z48A	
	CY62167G30-45BVXA	51-85150	48-ball VFBGA (6 × 8 × 1 mm) (Pb-free),	
	CY62167G30-45BVXAT		ackage Code: BZ48	

#### **Ordering Code Definitions**

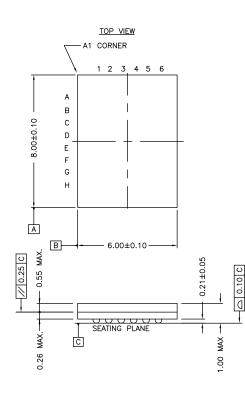


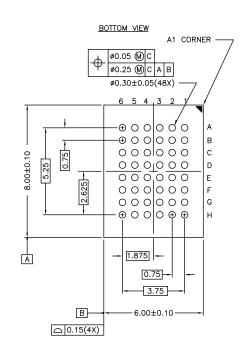




### Package Diagram

Figure 10. 48-ball VFBGA (6 × 8 × 1.0 mm) BV48/BZ48 Package Outline, 51-85150





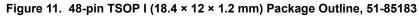
NOTE:

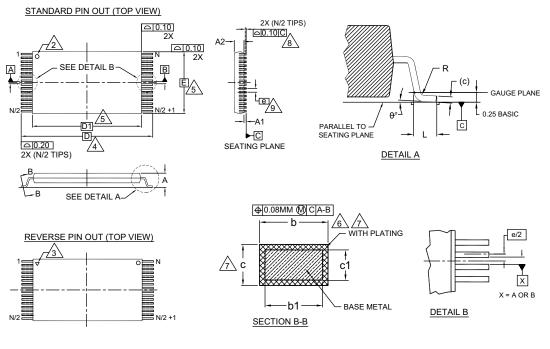
PACKAGE WEIGHT: See Cypress Package Material Declaration Datasheet (PMDD) posted on the Cypress web.

51-85150 \*H



### Package Diagram (continued)





SYMBOL	DIMENSIONS				
STMBOL	MIN.	NOM.	MAX.		
A	—		1.20		
A1	0.05	—	0.15		
A2	0.95	1.00	1.05		
b1	0.17	0.20	0.23		
b	0.17	0.22	0.27		
c1	0.10	_	0.16		
с	0.10		0.21		
D	20.00 BASIC				
D1	18	18.40 BASIC			
E	12.00 BASIC				
е	0.50 BASIC				
L	0.50	0.60	0.70		
θ	0°	-	8		
R	0.08	—	0.20		
N		48			

#### NOTES:

- <u>DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS (mm).</u>
- 2. PIN 1 IDENTIFIER FOR STANDARD PIN OUT (DIE UP).
- 3. PIN 1 IDENTIFIER FOR REVERSE PIN OUT (DIE DOWN): INK OR LASER MARK.
- TO BE DETERMINED AT THE SEATING PLANE C-. THE SEATING PLANE IS DEFINED AS THE PLANE OF CONTACT THAT IS MADE WHEN THE PACKAGE LEADS ARE ALLOWED TO REST FREELY ON A FLAT HORIZONTAL SURFACE.
- DIMENSIONS D1 AND E DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD PROTRUSION. ALLOWABLE MOLD PROTRUSION ON E IS 0.15mm PER SIDE AND ON D1 IS 0.25mm PER SIDE.
- Image: Construction of the second second
- THESE DIMENSIONS APPLY TO THE FLAT SECTION OF THE LEAD BETWEEN 0.10mm AND 0.25mm FROM THE LEAD TIP.
- LEAD COPLANARITY SHALL BE WITHIN 0.10mm AS MEASURED FROM THE SEATING PLANE.
- DIMENSION "e" IS MEASURED AT THE CENTERLINE OF THE LEADS.
- 10. JEDEC SPECIFICATION NO. REF: MO-142(D)DD.

51-85183 \*F





## Acronyms

Acronym	Description		
BHE	byte high enable		
BLE	byte low enable		
CE	chip enable		
CMOS	complementary metal oxide semiconductor		
I/O	input/output		
OE	output enable		
SRAM	static random access memory		
VFBGA	very fine-pitch ball grid array		
WE	write enable		

### **Document Conventions**

#### **Units of Measure**

Symbol	Unit of Measure
°C	Degrees Celsius
MHz	megahertz
μA	microamperes
μS	microseconds
mA	milliamperes
mm	millimeters
ns	nanoseconds
Ω	ohms
%	percent
pF	picofarads
V	volts
W	watts



## **Document History Page**

Rev.	ECN No.	Orig. of Change	Submission Date	Description of Change
*C	5083752	NILE	01/13/2016	Changed status from Preliminary to Final.
*D	5130998	NILE	02/12/2016	Updated Logic Block Diagram – CY62167G. Updated Pin Configurations: Added Note 3 and referred the same note in Figure 2. Updated DC Electrical Characteristics: Updated Note 7. Updated Data Retention Characteristics: Updated Note 10.
۴E	5555173	VINI	01/18/2017	Updated Features: Added "AEC-Q100 qualified". Updated Maximum Ratings: Updated Note 5 (Replaced "2 ns" with "20 ns"). Updated DC Electrical Characteristics: Replaced "55 ns (Automotive-E)" with "45 ns (Automotive-A)" in column heading. Replaced "55 ns (Automotive-A)" with "55 ns (Automotive-E)" in column heading. Changed minimum value of V <sub>OH</sub> parameter from 2.2 V to 2.4 V corresponding to Operating Range "2.7 V to 3.6 V". Changed minimum value of V <sub>IH</sub> parameter from 2.0 V to 1.8 V corresponding to Operating Range "2.2 V to 2.7 V". Updated Ordering Information: Updated part numbers. Updated Ordering Code Definitions. Updated Package Diagram: spec 51-85183 – Changed revision from *D to *E. Updated to new template. Completing Sunset Review.
*F	5725191	NILE	05/03/2017	Updated DC Electrical Characteristics: Fixed typo in values of $I_{IX}$ and $I_{OZ}$ parameters (both "Min" and "Max" columns Fixed typo in values of $I_{SB1}$ and $I_{SB2}$ parameters (only "Max" column). Updated Data Retention Characteristics: Fixed typo in values of $I_{CCDR}$ parameter (only "Max" column). Updated to new template.



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