DF-G2 High Speed Expert Dual Display Fiber Amplifier with Dual Discrete Outputs and IO Link

Instruction Manual

Original Instructions
193602 Rev. D
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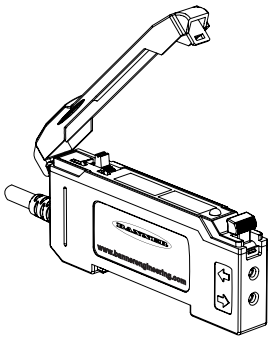
193602

Contents

1 Product Description

Advanced Sensor with Dual Discrete Outputs and IO-Link Communication for Use with Plastic and Glass Fiber Optic Assemblies



- Response speeds of: 50 µs, 250 µs, 500 µs, 1000 µs and 2000 µs allow for optimization for fast responses, long distance applications, or noisy environments
- Outstanding color contrast sensitivity; detects 32 levels of gray scale from black to white
- Visible red and IR beam color models available
- Easy to read dual digital displays show both signal level and threshold simultaneously
- Lever action fiber clamp provides stable, reliable, and trouble-free fiber clamping
- Simple user interface ensures easy sensor set-up and programming through displays and switches/buttons or remote input teach wire
- Expert TEACH and SET methods ensure optimal gain and threshold for all applications, especially for high speed or low contrast applications
- User has full control over all operating parameters: threshold, Light Operate or Dark Operate, output timing functions, gain level, and response speed
- Thermally stable electronics shortens start-up time and maintains signal stability during operation
- ECO (economy) display mode reduces amplifier power consumption by 25%
- Cross talk avoidance algorithm allows two sensors to operate in close proximity for many applications
- Sleek 10 mm wide housing mounts to 35 mm DIN rail

WARNING:

- **Do not use this device for personnel protection**
- Using this device for personnel protection could result in serious injury or death.
- This device does not include the self-checking redundant circuitry necessary to allow its use in personnel safety applications. A device failure or malfunction can cause either an energized (on) or de-energized (off) output condition.

1.1 Models

Model	Sensing Beam Color	Reference Sensing Range[1]	Channel 1	Channel 2	Connector[2]
DF-G2-KD-2M	Visible Red	1100 mm	IO-Link, push/pull output	PNP only output, or input	2 m (6.5 ft) cable, 4-wire
DF-G2IR-KD-2M	Infrared	2100 mm			

1.2 Overview

The DF-G2 is an easy-to-use, DIN-rail-mountable fiber optic sensor with best in class response speed and repeatability. It provides high-performance sensing in high speed or low contrast applications where fast response time is required.

The sensor's compact housing has dual digital displays (Red/Green) and a bright output LED for easy programming and status monitoring during operation. The sensor features a push-pull primary output which supports IO-link communication, and a multi-function secondary independent PNP output which can be configured as an input for advanced sensor configuration and remote teach.

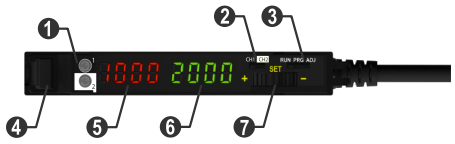
1 Excess gain = 1, Long Range response speed, opposed mode sensing. PIT46U plastic fiber used for visible LED models, IT.83.3ST5M6 glass fiber used for IR model

2 Connector options:

- A model with a QD connector requires a mating cordset
- For 150 mm (6 in) PVC, M8 Pico QD connector, 4-pin change the suffix 2M to Q3 in the 2 m model number (example, DF-G2-KD-Q3)
- For 150 mm (6 in) PVC, M12 Euro QD connector, 4-pin change the suffix 2M to Q5 in the 2 m model number (example, DF-G2-KD-Q5)
- For integral M8 Pico QD connector, 4-pin change the suffix 2M to Q7 in the 2 m model number (example, DF-G2-KD-Q7)

The DF-G2 features improved temperature compensation compared with previous fiber optic sensors. An accessory clamp is available to secure a bank of connected sensors together on a DIN rail (see Accessories).

Figure 1. DF-G2 IO Link Model Features



1. Output LED
2. CH1/CH2 Switch
3. RUN/PRG/ADJ Mode Switch
4. Lever Action Fiber Clamp
5. Red Signal Level
6. Green Threshold
7. +/SET/- Rocker Button

1.3 Top Panel Interface

Opening the dust cover provides access to the top panel interface. The top panel interface consists of the RUN/PRG/ADJ mode switch, CH1/CH2 switch, +/SET/- rocker button, dual red/green digital displays, and output LED.

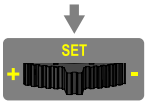
RUN/PRG/ADJ Mode Switch

The RUN/PRG/ADJ mode switch puts the sensor in RUN, PRG (Program), or ADJ (Adjust) mode.

- RUN mode allows the sensor to operate normally and prevents unintentional programming changes via the +/SET/- rocker button.
- PRG mode allows the sensor to be programmed through the display-driven programming menu (see Program Mode).
- ADJ mode allows the user to perform Expert TEACH/SET methods and Manual Adjust (see Adjust Mode).

CH1/CH2 Switch (Dual Output Mode)

The CH1/CH2 switch selects which output's parameters can be accessed and changed in the interface of the display.

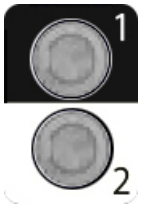


+/SET/- Rocker Button

The +/SET/- rocker button is a 3-way button. The +/- positions are engaged by rocking the button left/right. The SET position is engaged by clicking down the button while the rocker is in the middle position. All three button positions are used during PRG mode to navigate the display-driven programming menu. During ADJ mode, SET is used to perform TEACH/SET methods and +/- are used to manually adjust the threshold(s). The rocker button is disabled during RUN mode, except when using Window SET.

Red/Green Digital Displays

During RUN and ADJ modes, the Red display shows the signal level, and the Green display shows the threshold or the total counts. During PRG mode, both displays are used to navigate the display-driven programming menu.



Dual Output LEDs

The output LEDs provide a visible indication when the associated output is active (conducting).

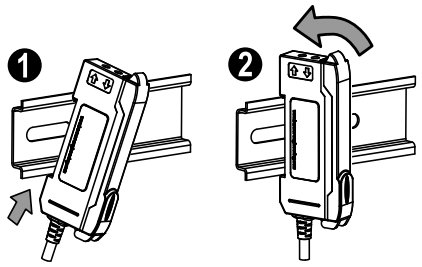
- 1 represents the Channel 1 output
- 2 represents the Channel 2 output

2 Installation Instructions

2.1 Mounting Instructions

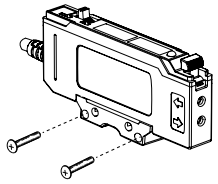
Mount on a DIN Rail

1. Hook the DIN rail clip on the bottom of the DF-G2 over the edge of the DIN rail (1).
2. Push the DF-G2 up on the DIN rail (1).
3. Pivot the DF-G2 onto the DIN rail, pressing until it snaps into place (2).



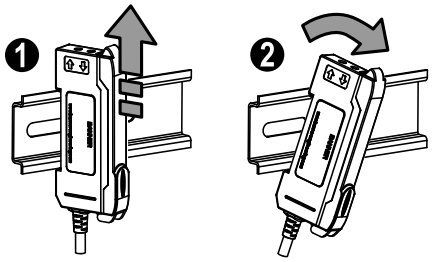
Mount to the Accessory Bracket (SA-DIN-BRACKET)

1. Position the DF-G2 in the SA-DIN-BRACKET.
2. Insert the supplied M3 screws.
3. Tighten the screws.



Remove from a DIN rail

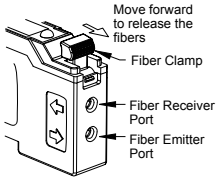
1. Push the DF-G2 up on the DIN rail (1).
2. Pivot the DF-G2 away from the DIN rail and remove it (2).



2.2 Installing the Fibers

Follow these steps to install glass or plastic fibers.

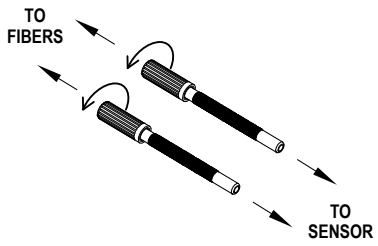
1. Open the dust cover.
2. Move the fiber clamp forward to unlock it.
3. Insert the fiber(s) into the fiber port(s) until they stop.
4. Move the fiber clamp backward to lock the fiber(s).
5. Close the dust cover.



Note: For optimum performance of IR models, if applicable, glass fibers must be used.

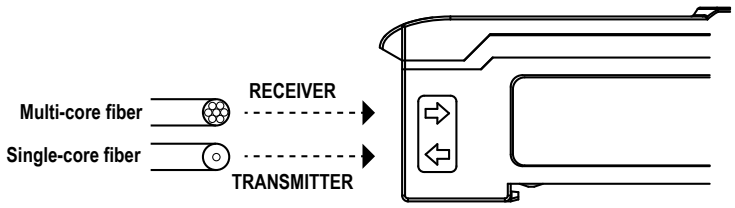
2.3 Fiber Adapters

Note: If a thin fiber with less than 2.2 mm outer diameter is used, install the fiber adapter provided with the fiber assembly to ensure a reliable fit in the fiber holder. Align the fibers to the end of the adaptors. Banner includes the adapters with all fiber assemblies.



Fiber Outer Diameter (mm)	Adapter Color
Ø 1.0	Black
Ø 1.3	Red
Ø 2.2	No adapter needed

When connecting coaxial-type fiber assemblies to the amplifier, install the single-core (center) fiber to the Transmitter port, and the multi-core (outer) fiber to the Receiver port. This will result in the most reliable detection.



2.4 Wiring Diagrams

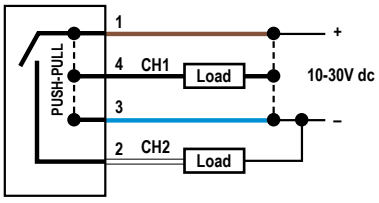


Figure 2. Channel 1 as a Push-Pull discrete output, Channel 2 as PNP discrete output

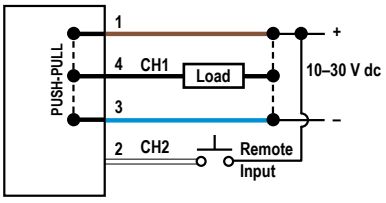


Figure 3. Channel 1 as a Push-Pull discrete output, Channel 2 as remote input

Key
1 = Brown
2 = White
3 = Blue
4 = Black

Note: Open lead wires must be connected to a terminal block.

Note: The Channel 2 wire function is user-selectable. The default is independent Light Operate (LO) PNP output. See the Remote Input section for details regarding use as remote input or the Sync Master/Slave section for use as a synchronization output.

3 Operating Instructions

3.1 Run Mode

Run mode allows the sensor to operate normally and prevents unintentional programming changes. The +/SET/- rocker button is disabled during RUN mode, except when using Window SET.

3.2 Program Mode

Program (PRG) mode allows the following settings to be programmed in the DF-G2.

CH 1 Factory Default Settings:

Setting	Factory Default
Out SEL1	LO
tch SEL1	2-pt tch
rESP SPd	250 us
OFSt Pct1	10 Pct
Auto thr1	oFF
dLY SEL1	oFF
SEnS SEL1	high
diSP rEAd	diSP 1234
GAin SEL	Auto

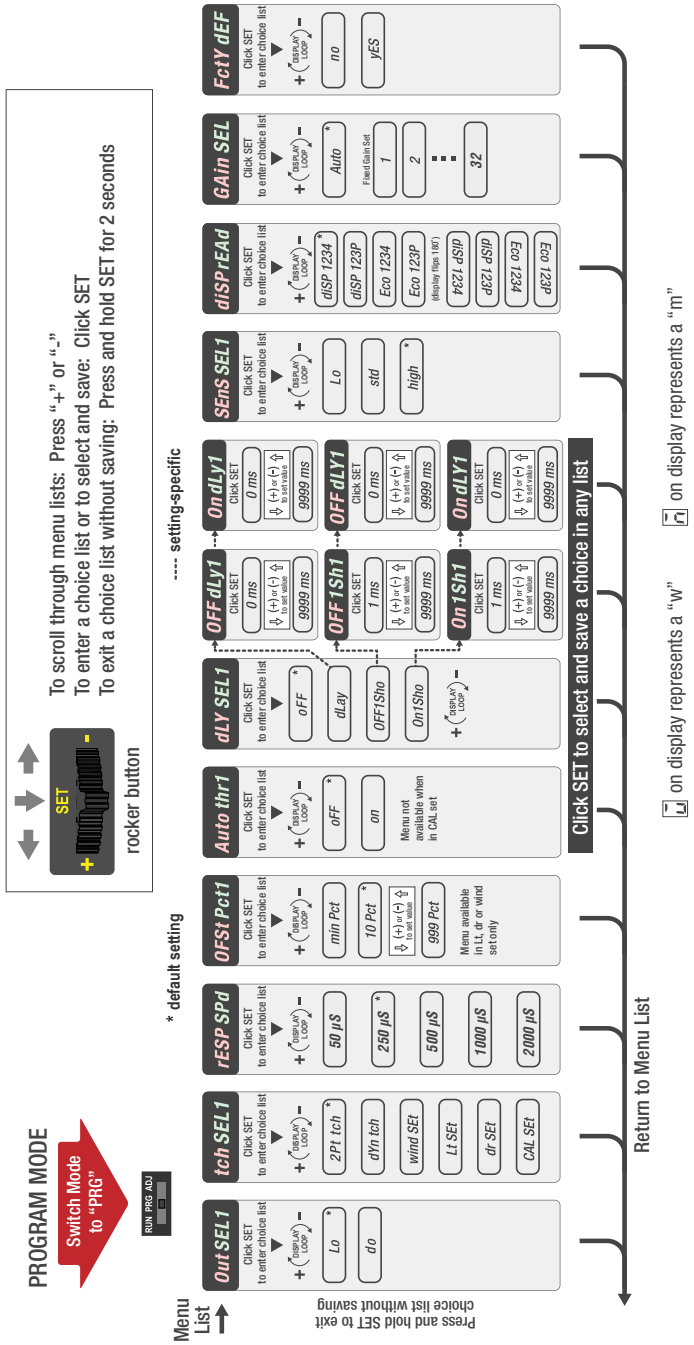


Figure 4. CH 1 Program Mode Chart

CH 2 Factory Default Settings:

Setting	Factory Default
Out SEL2	LO
tch SEL2	2-pt tch
OFSt Pct2	10 Pct
Auto thr2	oFF
dLY SEL2	oFF
SEnS SEL2	high

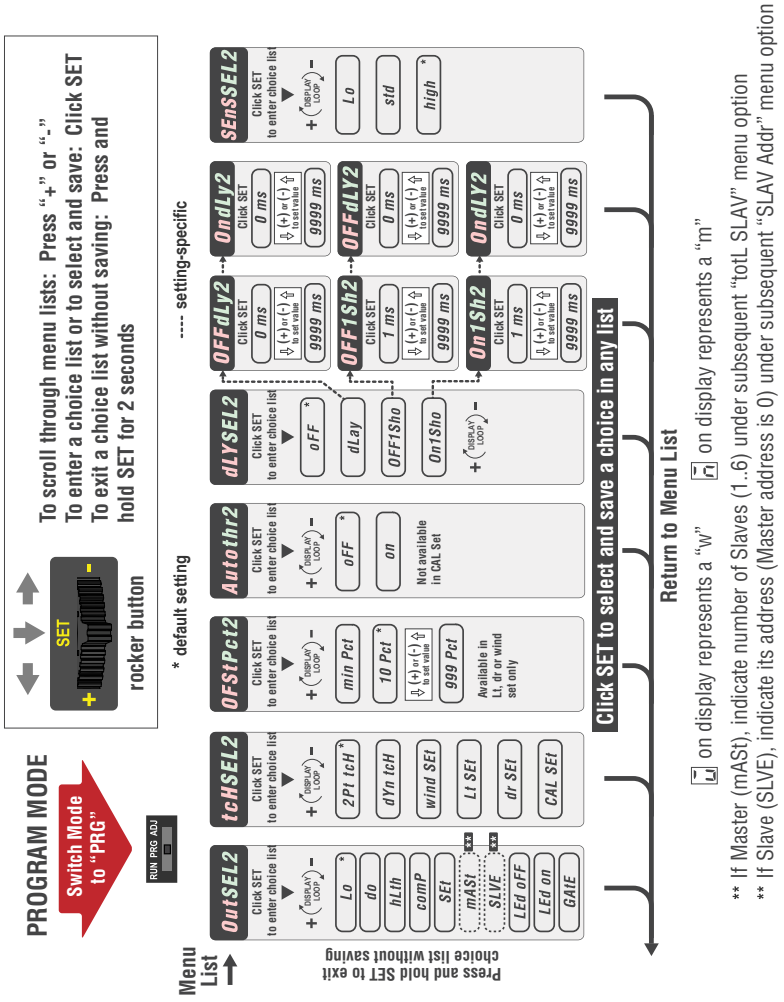


Figure 5. CH 2 Program Mode Chart

3.2.1 Output Selection Out SEL 1

Both CH1 and CH2 can be programmed for either light operate (LO) or dark operate (DO). The Channel 2 menu includes additional options: Health (Health Mode Alarm), Comp (Complementary Programming), Set (sets Channel 2 wire as a remote input), Mast (selects this unit as the master and then allows you to enter the total number of slaves there will be), Slve (selects this unit as a slave and then allows you to enter this slave address), LED off, LED on and Gate.

3.2.2 TEACH Selection tcH SEL 1

The DF-G2 can be programmed for one of the following TEACH/SET methods:

- Two-Point TEACH
- Dynamic TEACH
- Window SET
- Light SET
- Dark SET
- Calibration SET

Note: A **TEACH Selection** must be selected by programming before TEACH/SET methods can be used.

3.2.3 Response Speeds rESP SPd

Description	Response Speed	Repetition Period	Repeatability	Cross-Talk Avoidance	Energy Efficient Light Resistance	Maximum Range, Red[3]	Maximum Range, IR850[4]
Fast	50 us	12 us	12 us	No	No	500	750
Standard	250 us	50 us	50 us	Yes	No	725	1300
Medium Range	500 us	80 us	80 us	Yes	No	900	1600
Long Range	1000 us	165 us	165 us	Yes	No	1100	2100
Long Range (with Immunity)	2000 us	165 us	165 us	Yes	Yes	1100	2100

3.2.4 Offset Percent OFSt Pct1

The Offset Percent is used during the Window, Light, or Dark SET methods. The threshold(s) are positioned a programmable % offset from the taught condition.

The allowable offset percent range varies based on the response speed, teach method and sensitivity settings as shown below:

Teach Method	Response Speed	Sensitivity	Offset % Range
Window Set, Light Set	50 µs, 250 µs	High	2 to 98%
		Standard	5 to 95%
		Low	10 to 90%
	500 µs, 1000 µs, 2000 µs	High	1 to 99%
		Standard	2 to 98%
		Low	5 to 95%
Dark Set	50 µs, 250 µs	High	2 to 999%
		Standard	5 to 999%
		Low	10 to 999%
	500 µs, 1000 µs, 2000 µs	High	1 to 999%
		Standard	2 to 999%
		Low	5 to 999%

3.2.5 Auto Thresholds AutO tHr1

Auto Thresholds can be programmed to be ON/OFF. The Auto Thresholds algorithm continuously tracks slow changes in the taught condition(s), and optimizes the threshold(s) to provide for reliable sensing. For Two-Point and Dynamic TEACH, the algorithm optimizes the threshold to be centered between the light and dark conditions. For Window, Light, and Dark SET, the algorithm optimizes the threshold(s) to maintain the programmed Offset Percent from the taught condition.

- After programming Auto Thresholds to ON, it is highly recommended to re-perform the TEACH/SET method
- Manual Adjustments are disabled when Auto Thresholds are ON
- Auto Thresholds are automatically disabled in Calibration SET (see *Calibration SET* on page 21)
- Severe contamination/changes in the taught condition can prevent the Auto Thresholds algorithm from optimizing the threshold(s). If this occurs, the DF-G2 enters a **Threshold Alert** or **Threshold Error** state. See *Troubleshooting* on page 22 for more explanation.

[3] Excess Gain = 1 at High Sensitivity setting; opposed mode sensing using PIT46U plastic fiber
[4] Excess Gain = 1 at High Sensitivity setting; opposed mode sensing using IT.83.3ST5M6 glass fiber

3.2.6 Delays/Timers

ON/OFF Delays and ON/OFF One-Shot timers can be programmed independently for both CH1 and CH2 for a time period between between 1 - 9999 ms (a value of 0 disables the delay/timer). *Figure 6* on page 11 defines how the delays/timers affect the output behavior.

Some combinations of delays/timers are not allowed. The DF-G2 programming menu automatically disables invalid combinations of delays/timers. The following table shows the allowable combinations of delays/timers:

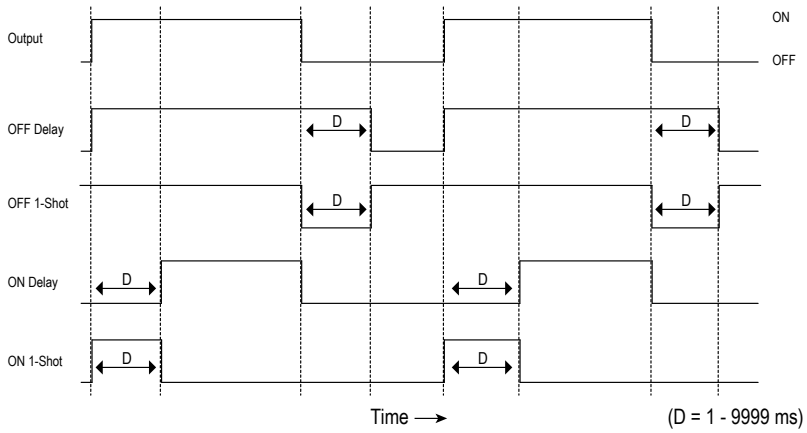


Figure 6. DF-G2 Delays/Timers

	OFF Delay	OFF One-Shot Timer	ON Delay	ON One-Shot Timer
OFF Delay	-	OK	OK	N/A
OFF One-Shot Timer	OK	-	N/A	N/A
ON Delay	OK	N/A	-	OK
ON One-Shot Timer	N/A	N/A	OK	-

3.2.7 Sensitivity Selection

The Sensitivity Selection can be programmed independently for CH1 and CH2. Use this setting to increase (lo) or decrease (high) the switch-point hysteresis from the default (std) setting.

- high—High sensitivity. Use this setting for low contrast sensing
- Std—Standard sensitivity
- Lo—Low sensitivity. Use this setting to stabilize the output in high vibration applications

3.2.8 Display Readout

The readout of the digital displays can be programmed for the following options:

- Signal/Threshold readout - Numeric (1234) or % (123P)
- ECO mode - Enabled or Disabled (ECO mode dims the displays to reduce current consumption)
- Display Orientation - Normal (1234) or Flipped (ƮƐƺl)

3.2.9 Gain Selection

The DF-G2 can operate in Auto Gain mode or the Gain can be fixed to be in Gain . In Auto Gain, the DF-G2 optimizes the gain during a TEACH/SET method for the presented condition(s). While viewing the fixed gains in the Gain Selection choice list, the DF-G2 will automatically switch to the selected gain and display the measured signal on the Red display. This allows for easy and quick evaluation of the fixed gain mode.

3.2.10 Factory Defaults

The Factory Defaults menu allows the DF-G2 to be easily restored back to original factory default settings (see **Factory Default Settings** in Program Mode).

3.3 Remote Input

Use the input wire to program the sensor remotely. To program the sensor using the input wire, remote input must be enabled (inPT SEL = SEt). The remote input provides limited programming options (see the figure below). Pulse the remote input according to the figures and the instructions provided in this manual.

Note: For NPN models, the remote input pulses are active low as shown in the following figures. For PNP models, the remote input pulses are active high and are inverted from the following figures.

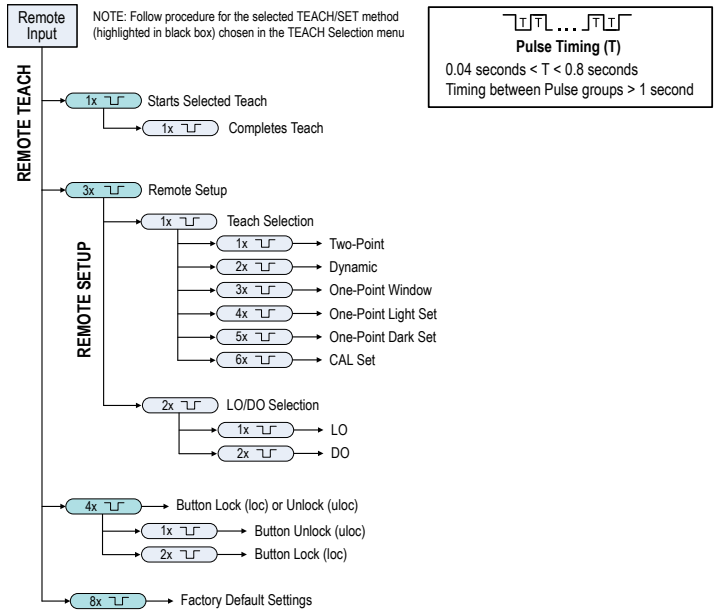


Figure 7. Single Output — Remote Input Flowchart

3.4 Sync Master/Slave

Up to seven DF-G2 High Speed Expert Dual Display Fiber Amplifier with Dual Discrete Outputs and IO Link sensors may be used together in a single sensing application. To eliminate crosstalk between the sensors, configure one sensor to be the master and the remaining sensors to be the slaves. In this mode, the sensors alternate taking measurements and the response speed is 2 ms.

Note: Note: In this mode, all sensors must either be NPN or PNP output models.

1. Configure the first sensor as the Master (inPt SEL = MAST).
2. In the Master sensor set-up, enter the total number of Slave sensors you will be using (tOtL SLAV = 1 - 6).
3. For each Slave sensor used, configure the input as a Slave (inPt SEL = SLVE).
4. Give each Slave its own identifying address (SLAV Addr = 1 - 6).
5. Connect the Input wires of the Master and all of the Slaves together.

Note: Note: Giving two Slave sensors the same address will cause them to fire their emitters at the same time in the firing sequence.

3.5 Adjust Mode

Sliding the RUN/PRG/ADJ mode switch to the ADJ position allows the user to perform Expert TEACH/SET methods and Manual Adjustment of the threshold(s).

Note: For the Dual Output models, when teaching CH2, the gain setting will be the same as the gain setting made during the CH1 teach. Reteaching CH1 may invalidate the previous CH2 teach.

3.5.1 TEACH Procedures

The instruction manual has detailed instructions for these TEACH modes:

- Two-Point TEACH
- Dynamic TEACH
- Window SET
- Light SET
- Dark SET
- Calibration SET

Two-Point TEACH

- Establishes a single switching threshold
- Threshold can be adjusted by using the "+" and "-" rocker button (Manual Adjust)

Two-Point TEACH is used when two conditions can be presented statically to the sensor. The sensor locates a single sensing threshold (the switch point) midway between the two taught conditions, with the Output ON condition on one side, and the Output OFF condition on the other.

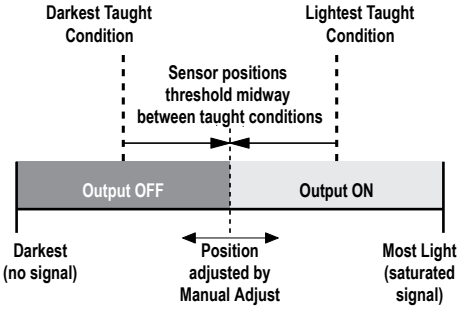


Figure 8. Two-Point TEACH (Light Operate shown)

The Output ON and OFF conditions can be reversed by using the LO/DO (Light Operate/ Dark Operate) switch.

Two-Point TEACH and Manual Adjust

Moves switching threshold value up or down to make adjustments

- Slide Mode switch to ADJ to enter Adjust mode
- Press "+" to increase; press "-" to decrease
  - GREEN display shows the switching threshold value
  - 2 seconds after adjustment, the GREEN display will flash 3 times to confirm
- Slide Mode switch to RUN to complete operation

Remember: Manual adjustments are disabled when Auto Thresholds are ON

Follow these steps to perform a Two-Point TEACH:

Note: TEACH Selection must be programmed to **2Pt tcH**.

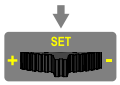
1. Enter Adjust mode.

Method	Action	Result
SET Button [5]	Set the Mode switch to ADJ. 	Display: Red - Signal Level; Green - Threshold 

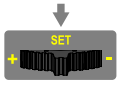
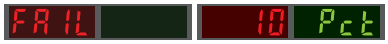
[5] SET Button: 0.04 seconds ≤ "Click" ≤ 0.8 seconds

Method	Action	Result
Remote Input [6]	No action is required; sensor is ready for the Two-Point TEACH method	

2. Teach the first condition.

Method	Action	Result
SET Button	a. Present the first condition. b. Click the SET rocker button. 	Display: Flashes "**2Pt tch**" then holds on "**1234 2nd**" 
Remote Input	a. Present the first condition. b. Single-pulse the remote input. 	

3. Teach the second condition.

Method	Action	Result
SET Button	a. Present the second condition. b. Click the SET rocker button. 	**TEACH Accepted** Displays alternate "**PASS**" and % Minimum Difference[7]; Sensor returns to Adjust mode  **TEACH Not Accepted** Displays alternate "**FAIL**" and % Minimum Difference[7]; Sensor returns to Adjust mode 
Remote Input	a. Present the second condition. b. Single-pulse the remote input. 	

4. Return to Run mode.

Method	Action	Result
SET Button	Move the Mode switch to RUN 	Display: Red - Signal Level; Green - Threshold 
Remote Input	No action is required; sensor returns to RUN mode automatically	

Dynamic TEACH

- Teaches on-the-fly
- Establishes a single switching threshold
- Threshold can be adjusted using "+" and "-" rocker button (Manual Adjust)

Dynamic TEACH is best used when a machine or process may not be stopped for teaching. The sensor learns during actual sensing conditions, taking multiple samples of the light and dark conditions and automatically setting the threshold at the optimum level.

[6] Remote Input: 0.04 seconds ≤ T ≤ 0.8 seconds
[7] See *Troubleshooting* on page 22 for more explanation of the % Minimum Difference displayed after the Two-Point TEACH method.

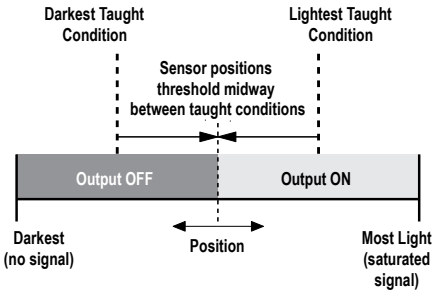


Figure 9. Dynamic TEACH (Light Operate shown)

The output ON and OFF conditions can be reversed using the LO/DO switch.

Dynamic TEACH and Manual Adjust

Moves switching threshold value up or down to make adjustments

- Slide Mode switch to ADJ to enter Adjust mode
- Press "+" to increase; press "-" to decrease
  - GREEN display shows the switching threshold value
  - 2 seconds after adjustment, GREEN display will flash 3 times to confirm
- Slide Mode switch to RUN to complete operation

Remember: Manual adjustments are disabled when Auto Thresholds are ON

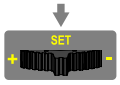
Follow these steps to perform **Dynamic TEACH**:

Note: TEACH Selection must be programmed to **dYn tcH**.

1. Enter Adjust Mode.

Method	Action	Result
SET Button [8]	Set Mode switch to ADJ 	Display: Red - Signal Level; Green - Threshold 
Remote Input [9]	No action required; sensor is ready for Dynamic TEACH method	

2. Enter Dynamic TEACH.

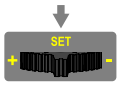
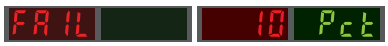
Method	Action	Result
SET Button	Click the SET rocker button 	Display: Flashes "**dYn tch**" then holds on "**1234 dYn**" 
Remote Input	Single-pulse remote input 	

3. Present ON and OFF Conditions.

Method	Action	Result
SET Button	Present ON and OFF conditions	Display: Red - Signal Level; Green - Threshold 
Remote Input	Present ON and OFF conditions	

[8] SET Button: 0.04 seconds ≤ "Click" ≤ 0.8 seconds
[9] Remote Input: 0.04 seconds ≤ T ≤ 0.8 seconds

4. Exit Dynamic TEACH.

Method	Action	Result
SET Button	Click the SET rocker button 	**TEACH Accepted** Displays alternate "**PASS**" with % Minimum Difference[10], Sensor returns to Adjust mode  **TEACH Not Accepted** Displays alternate "**FAIL**" with % Minimum Difference[10], Sensor returns to Adjust mode 
Remote Input	Single-pulse remote input 	

5. Return to RUN Mode.

Method	Action	Result
SET Button	Move Mode switch to RUN 	Display: Red - Signal Level; Green - Threshold 
Remote Input	No action required; sensor returns to RUN mode automatically	

Window SET

- Sets window thresholds that extend a programmable % offset above and below the presented condition
- All other conditions (lighter or darker) cause the output to change state
- Sensing window center can be adjusted using "+" and "-" rocker button (Manual Adjust)
- Recommended for applications where a product may not always appear in the same place, or when other signals may appear
- See Program Mode for programming the Offset Percent setting

A single sensing condition is presented, and the sensor positions window thresholds a programmable % offset above and below the presented condition. In LO mode, Window SET designates a sensing window with the Output ON condition inside the window, and the Output OFF conditions outside the window.

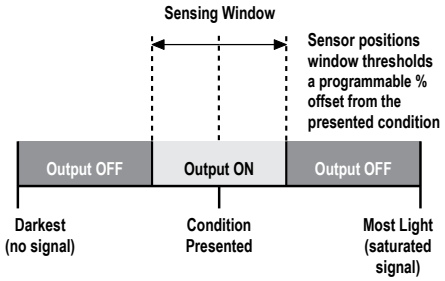


Figure 10. Window SET (Light Operate shown)

Output ON and OFF conditions can be reversed using the LO/DO switch.

Window SET and Manual Adjust

Moves sensing window center value up or down to make adjustments

- Slide Mode switch to ADJ to enter Adjust mode
- Press "+" to increase; press "-" to decrease

[10] See *Troubleshooting* on page 22 for more explanation of the % Minimum Difference displayed after the Dynamic TEACH method.

- GREEN display shows the sensing window center value
- 2 seconds after adjustment, the GREEN display will flash 3 times to confirm

- Slide Mode switch to RUN to complete operation

Remember: Manual adjustments are disabled when Auto Thresholds are ON

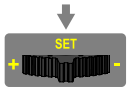
Follow these steps to perform a Window SET:

Note: TEACH Selection must be programmed to **wind SEt**.

1. Enter Adjust Mode

Method	Action	Result
SET Button [11]	Set Mode switch to ADJ 	Display: Red - Signal Level; Green - Threshold 
Remote Input [12]	No action required; sensor is ready for Window SET method	

2. SET Sensing Condition

Method	Action	Result
SET Button	• Present sensing condition • Click the SET rocker button 	**Threshold Condition Accepted** Displays read "**wInd SEt**" then alternate "**PASS**" with % Offset[13]; Sensor returns to Adjust mode
Remote Input	• Present sensing condition • Single-pulse the remote input 	 **Threshold Condition Not Accepted** Displays read "**wInd SEt**" then alternate "**FAIL**" with minimum % Offset[13] for sensing condition; Sensor returns to Adjust mode 

3. Return to RUN Mode

Method	Action	Result
SET Button	Move Mode switch to Run 	Display: Red - Signal Level; Green - Window Center (see *Figure 11* on page 18 for instructions on how to display upper and lower thresholds)
Remote Input	No action required; sensor returns to Run mode automatically	

[11] SET Button: 0.04 seconds ≤ "Click" ≤ 0.8 seconds
[12] Remote Input: 0.04 seconds ≤ T ≤ 0.8 seconds
[13] See *Troubleshooting* on page 22 for more explanation of the % Offset displayed after the Window SET method

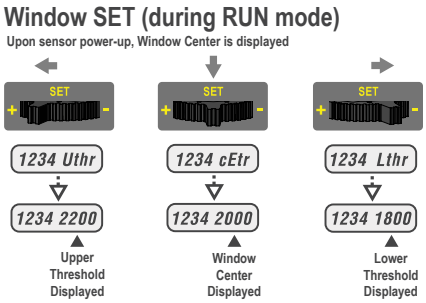


Figure 11. Upper and Lower Thresholds

Light SET

- Sets a threshold a programmable % offset below the presented condition
- Changes output state on any condition darker than the threshold condition
- Threshold can be adjusted using "+" and "-" rocker button (Manual Adjust)
- Recommended for applications where only one condition is known, for example a stable light background with varying darker targets
- See Program Mode for programming the Offset Percent setting

A single sensing condition is presented, and the sensor positions a threshold a programmable % offset below the presented condition. When a condition darker than the threshold is sensed, the output either turns ON or OFF, depending on the LO/DO setting.

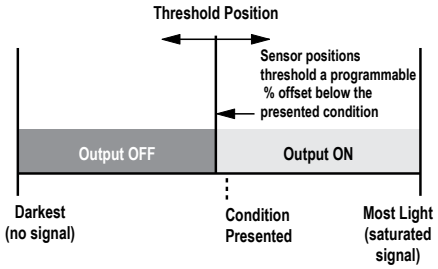


Figure 12. Light SET (Light Operate shown)

Light SET and Manual Adjust

Moves switching threshold value up or down to make adjustments

- Slide Mode switch to ADJ to enter Adjust mode
- Press "+" to increase; press "-" to decrease
  - GREEN display shows the switching threshold value
  - 2 seconds after adjustment, the GREEN display will flash 3 times to confirm
- Slide Mode switch to RUN to complete operation

Remember: Manual adjustments are disabled when Auto Thresholds are ON

Follow these steps to perform a Light SET:

Note: TEACH Selection must be programmed to **Lt SEt**.

1. Enter Adjust Mode

Method	Action	Result
SET Button [14]	Set Mode switch to ADJ 	Display: Red - Signal Level; Green - Threshold 
Remote Input [15]	No action is required; sensor is ready for Light SET method	

2. SET Sensing Condition

Method	Action	Result
SET Button	• Present sensing condition • Click the SET rocker button 	**Threshold Condition Accepted** Displays read "**Lt SEt**" then alternate "**PASS**" with % Offset[16]; Sensor returns to Adjust mode 
Remote Input	• Present sensing condition • Single-pulse the remote input 	**Threshold Condition Not Accepted** Displays read "**Lt SEt**" then alternate "**FAIL**" with minimum % Offset[16] for sensing condition; Sensor returns to Adjust mode 

3. Return to RUN Mode

Method	Action	Result
SET Button	Move Mode switch to RUN 	Display: Red - Signal Level; Green - Threshold 
Remote Input	No action required; sensor returns to RUN mode automatically	

Dark SET

- Sets a threshold a programmable % offset above the presented condition
- Any condition lighter than the threshold condition causes the output to change state
- Threshold can be adjusted using "+" and "-" rocker button (Manual Adjust)
- Recommended for applications where only one condition is known, for example a stable dark background with varying lighter targets
- See Program Mode for programming the Offset Percent setting

Note: Offset Percent MUST be programmed to **Minimum Offset** to accept conditions of no signal (0 counts).

A single sensing condition is presented, and the sensor positions a threshold a programmable % offset above the presented condition. When a condition lighter than the threshold is sensed, the output either turns ON or OFF, depending on the LO/DO setting.

[14] SET Button: 0.04 seconds ≤ "Click" ≤ 0.8 seconds
[15] Remote Input: 0.04 seconds ≤ T ≤ 0.8 seconds
[16] See *Troubleshooting* on page 22 for more explanation of the % Offset displayed after the Light SET method

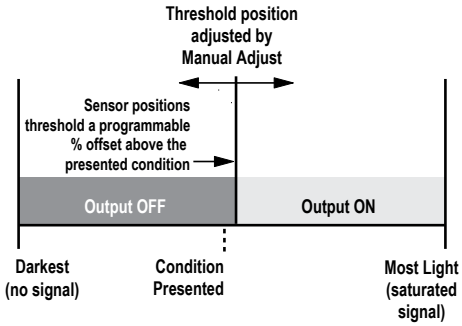


Figure 13. Dark SET (Light Operate shown)

Dark SET and Manual Adjust

Moves switching threshold value up or down to make adjustments

- Slide Mode switch to ADJ to enter Adjust mode
- Press "+" to increase; press "-" to decrease
  - GREEN display shows the switching threshold value
  - 2 seconds after adjustment, the GREEN display will flash 3 times to confirm
- Slide Mode switch to RUN to complete operation

Remember: Manual adjustments are disabled when Auto Thresholds are ON

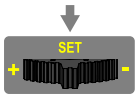
Follow these steps to perform a Dark SET:

Note: TEACH Selection must be programmed to **dr SEt**.

1. Enter Adjust Mode.

Method	Action	Result
SET Button [17]	Set Mode switch to ADJ 	Display: Red - Signal Level; Green - Threshold 
Remote Input [18]	No action required; sensor is ready for Dark SET method	

2. SET Sensing Condition.

Method	Action	Result
SET Button	• Present sensing condition • Click the SET rocker button 	**Threshold Condition Accepted** Displays read "**dr SEt**" then alternate "**PASS**" with % Offset[19]; Sensor returns to Adjust mode
Remote Input	• Present sensing condition • Single-pulse the remote input 	 **Threshold Condition Not Accepted** Displays read "**dr SEt**" then alternate "**FAIL**" with minimum % Offset[19] for sensing condition; Sensor returns to Adjust mode  

[17] SET Button: 0.04 seconds ≤ "Click" ≤ 0.8 seconds
[18] Remote Input: 0.04 seconds ≤ T ≤ 0.8 seconds
[19] See *Troubleshooting* on page 22 for more explanation of the % Offset displayed after the Dark SET method

3. Return to RUN Mode.

Method	Action	Result
SET Button	Move Mode switch to RUN 	Display: Red - Signal Level; Green - Threshold 
Remote Input	No action required; sensor returns to RUN mode automatically	

Calibration SET

- Sets a threshold exactly at the presented condition
- Threshold can be adjusted using "+" and "-" rocker button (Manual Adjust)

A single sensing condition is presented, and the sensor positions a threshold exactly at the presented condition. When a condition lighter than the threshold is sensed, the output either turns ON or OFF, depending on the LO/DO setting.

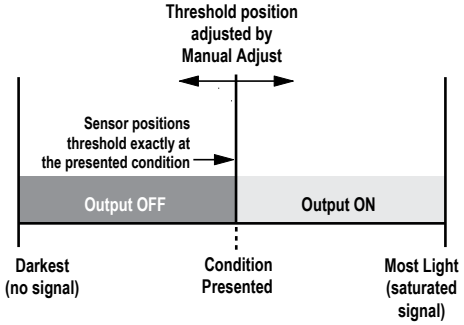


Figure 14. Calibration SET (Light Operate shown)

Calibration SET and Manual Adjust

Moves switching threshold value up or down to make adjustments

- Slide Mode switch to ADJ to enter Adjust mode
- Press "+" to increase; press "-" to decrease
  - GREEN display shows the switching threshold value
  - 2 seconds after adjustment, the GREEN display will flash 3 times to confirm
- Slide Mode switch to RUN to complete operation

Remember: Auto Thresholding is automatically disabled in Calibration SET

Follow these steps to perform a Calibration SET:

Note: TEACH Selection must be programmed to **CAL SEt**.

1. Enter Adjust Mode

Method	Action	Result
SET Button [20]	• Set Mode switch to ADJ 	Display: Red - Signal Level; Green - Threshold 
Remote Input [21]	No action required; sensor is ready for Calibration SET method	

2. SET Sensing Condition

[20] SET Button: 0.04 seconds ≤ "Click" ≤ 0.8 seconds
[21] Remote Input: 0.04 seconds ≤ T ≤ 0.8 seconds

Method	Action	Result
SET Button	• Present sensing condition • Click the SET rocker button 	**Threshold Condition Accepted** Displays read "**cAL SEt**" then flashes "**PASS**"; Sensor returns to Adjust mode 
Remote Input	• Present sensing condition • Single-pulse the remote input 	**Threshold Condition Unacceptable** Displays read "**cAL SEt**" then flashes "**FAIL**"; Sensor returns to Adjust mode 

3. Return to RUN Mode

Method	Action	Result
SET Button	Move Mode switch to RUN 	Display: Red - Signal Level; Green - Threshold 
Remote Input	No action required; sensor returns to RUN mode automatically	

3.5.2 Troubleshooting

Manual Adjustments Disabled

Manual adjustments are disabled when Auto Thresholds are ON. If a manual adjustment is attempted while Auto Thresholds are ON, the Green display will flash  .

Percent Minimum Difference after TEACH

The Two-Point and Dynamic TEACH methods will flash a % minimum difference on the displays after a PASS or FAIL.

Value	PASS/FAIL	Description
0 to 99%	FAIL	The difference of the taught conditions does not meet the required minimum
100 to 300%	PASS	The difference of the taught conditions just meets/exceeds the required minimum, minor sensing variables may affect sensing reliability
300 to 600%	PASS	The difference of the taught conditions sufficiently exceeds the required minimum, minor sensing variables will not affect sensing reliability
600% +	PASS	The difference of the taught conditions greatly exceeds the required minimum, very stable operation

Percent Offset after SET

The Window, Dark, and Light SET methods will flash a % offset on the displays after a PASS or FAIL.

SET Result	% Offset Meaning
PASS (with % Offset)	Displays the % offset used for the SET method
FAIL (with % Offset)	Displays the minimum required % offset necessary to PASS the SET method
FAIL (without % Offset)	Presented condition cannot be used for the SET method

Threshold Alert or Threshold Error

Severe contamination/changes in the taught condition can prevent the Auto Thresholds algorithm from optimizing the threshold(s).

State	Display	Description	Corrective Action
Threshold Alert	Alternates  and	The threshold(s) cannot be optimized, but the sensor's output will still continue to function	Cleaning/correcting the sensing environment and/or a re-teach of the sensor is highly recommended
Threshold Error		The threshold(s) cannot be optimized, and the sensor's output will stop functioning	Cleaning/correcting the sensing environment and/or a re-teach of the sensor is required

4 IO-Link Interface

IO-Link is a point-to-point communication link between a master device and sensor. Use IO-Link to parameterize sensors and transmit process data automatically.

For the latest IO-Link protocol and specifications, see *www.io-link.com*.

Each IO-Link device has an IODD (IO Device Description) file that contains information about the manufacturer, article number, functionality etc. This information can be easily read and processed by the user. Each device can be unambiguously identified via the IODD as well as via an internal device ID. Download the DF-G2's IO-Link IODD package (p/n 18491) from Banner Engineering's website at *www.bannerengineering.com*.

Banner has also developed Add On Instruction (AOI) files to simplify ease-of-use between the DF-G2, multiple third-party vendors' IO-Link masters, and the Logix Designer software package for Rockwell Automation PLCs. Three types of AOI files for Rockwell Allen-Bradley PLCs are listed below. These files and more information can be found at *www.bannerengineering.com*.

Process Data AOIs—These files can be used alone, without the need for any other IO-Link AOIs. The job of a Process Data AOI is to intelligently parse out the Process Data word(s) in separate pieces of information. All that is required to make use of this AOI is an EtherNet/IP connection to the IO-Link Master and knowledge of where the Process Data registers are located for each port.

Parameter Data AOIs—These files require the use of an associated IO-Link Master AOI. The job of a Parameter Data AOI, when working in conjunction with the IO-Link Master AOI, is to provide quasi-realtime read/write access to all IO-Link parameter data in the sensor. Each Parameter Data AOI is specific to a given sensor or device.

IO-Link Master AOIs—These files require the use of one or more associated Parameter Data AOIs. The job of an IO-Link Master AOI is to translate the desired IO-Link read/write requests, made by the Parameter Data AOI, into the format a specific IO-Link Master requires. Each IO-Link Master AOI is customized for a given brand of IO-Link Master.

Add and configure the relevant Banner IO-Link Master AOI in your ladder logic program first; then add and configure Banner IO-Link Device AOIs as desired, linking them to the Master AOI as shown in the relevant AOI documentation.

5 Specifications

Sensing Beam
DF-G2: Visible red, 635 nm
DF-G2IR: Infrared, 850 nm

Supply Voltage
10 V to 30 V dc Class 2 (10% maximum ripple)

Power and Current Consumption (exclusive of load)
Standard display mode: 960 mW, Current consumption < 40 mA at 24 V dc
ECO display mode: 720 mW, Current consumption < 30 mA at 24 V dc

Supply Protection Circuitry
Protected against reverse polarity and transient overvoltages

Delay at Power-Up
500 milliseconds maximum; outputs do not conduct during this time

Output Configuration
CH1 = IO-Link, Push/pull
CH2 = PNP only output or input

Output Rating
100 mA maximum load each output (derate 1 mA per °C above 30° C)
100 mA max total load current for sensor
OFF-state leakage current: < 5 µA PNP at 30 V dc (N.A. push/pull);
ON-state saturation voltage: < 2 V

Required Overcurrent Protection

WARNING: Electrical connections must be made by qualified personnel in accordance with local and national electrical codes and regulations.

Overcurrent protection is required to be provided by end product application per the supplied table.
Overcurrent protection may be provided with external fusing or via Current Limiting, Class 2 Power Supply.
Supply wiring leads < 24 AWG shall not be spliced.
For additional product support, go to *www.bannerengineering.com*.

Supply Wiring (AWG)	Required Overcurrent Protection (Amps)
20	5.0
22	3.0
24	2.0
26	1.0
28	0.8
30	0.5

IO-Link Interface
Supports smart sensor profile: Yes
Baud rate: 38400 bps
Process data widths: 16 bits
IODD files: Provides all programming options of the display, plus additional functionality

Output Protection
Protected against output short-circuit, continuous overload, transient overvoltages, and false pulse on power-up

Construction
Black ABS/polycarbonate alloy (UL94 V-0 rated) housing, clear polycarbonate cover

Connections
PVC jacketed 2 m (6.5 ft) 4-wire integral cable; or integral 4-pin M8/ Pico-style quick disconnect; or 150 mm (6 inch) cable with a 4-pin M12/Euro-style quick disconnect; or 150 mm (6 inch) cable with a 4-pin M8/Pico-style quick disconnect

Adjustments
3-way RUN/PRG/ADJ Mode Switch
2-way CH1/CH2 Switch
3-way +/SET/- Rocker Button
- Expert-style teaching (Two-Point and Dynamic TEACH, Light/Dark/Window/Calibration SET)
- Manually adjust sensitivity (from "+" and "-" rocker button only)
- Response Speed, TEACH Selection, Offset Percent, Auto Thresholds, Delays/Timers, Display Readout, Gain Selection, Factory Defaults (from top panel or remote input)
- Top panel interface lockout (from remote input only)

Indicators
Red 4-digit Display: Signal Level
Green 4-digit Display: Threshold
(In Program Mode, Red and Green displays are used for programming menus)
Amber LED: Output conducting

Environmental Rating
IEC IP50, NEMA 1

Operating Conditions
Temperature: –10 °C to +55 °C (+14 °F to +131 °F)
Storage Temperature: –20 °C to +85 °C (–4 °F to +185 °F)
Humidity: 90% at +60 °C maximum relative humidity (non-condensing)

Certifications

Industrial Control Equipment 3TJJ

Response Speed

Description	Response Speed	Repetition Period	Repeatability	Cross-Talk Avoidance	Energy Efficient Light Resistance	Maximum Range, Red[22]	Maximum Range, IR850[23]
Fast	50 us	12 us	12 us	No	No	500	750
Standard	250 us	50 us	50 us	Yes	No	725	1300
Medium Range	500 us	80 us	80 us	Yes	No	900	1600
Long Range	1000 us	165 us	165 us	Yes	No	1100	2100
Long Range (with Immunity)	2000 us	165 us	165 us	Yes	Yes	1100	2100

22 Excess Gain = 1 at High Sensitivity setting; opposed mode sensing using PIT46U plastic fiber
23 Excess Gain = 1 at High Sensitivity setting; opposed mode sensing using IT.83.3ST5M6 glass fiber

5.1 Excess Gain Curves

The excess gain curves shown are for the standard red LED and IR850 LED emitter models.

The data in the charts that is labeled for the Long Range application apply to both the 1000 µs and 2000 µs response speeds.

Table 1: 0.25 mm (0.01 in) Diameter Fibers

Opposed Mode	Diffused Mode

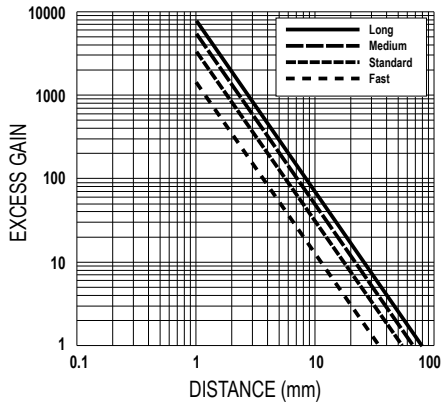
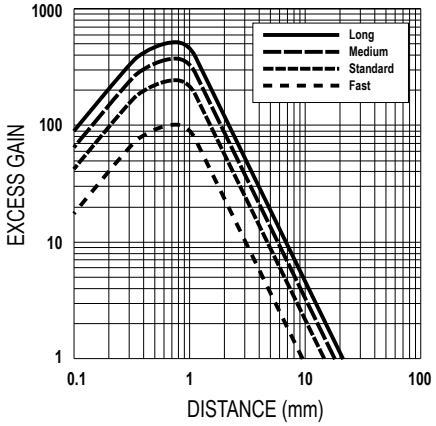

	

Figure 15. PIT16U	*Figure 16. PBT16U*

Table 2: 0.51 mm (0.02 in) Diameter Fibers

Opposed Mode	Diffused Mode

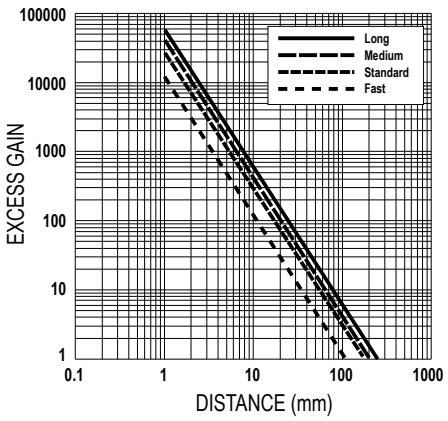
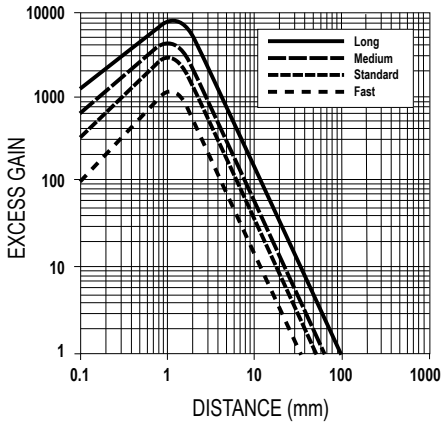

	

Figure 17. PIT26U	*Figure 18. PBT26U*

Table 3: 1.02 mm (0.04 in) Diameter Fibers

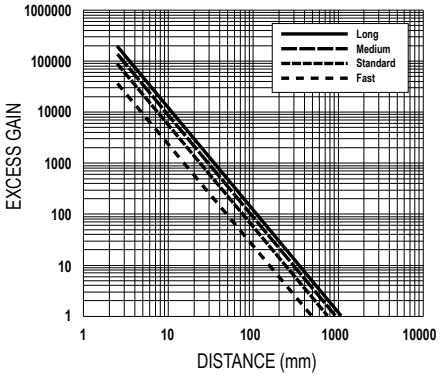
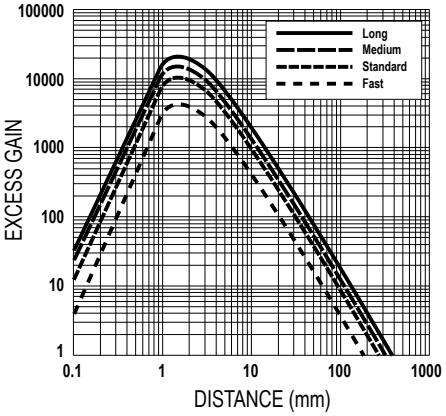
Opposed Mode	Diffused Mode
 *Figure 19. PIT46U*	 *Figure 20. PBT46U*

Table 4: 1.52 mm (0.06 in) Diameter Fibers

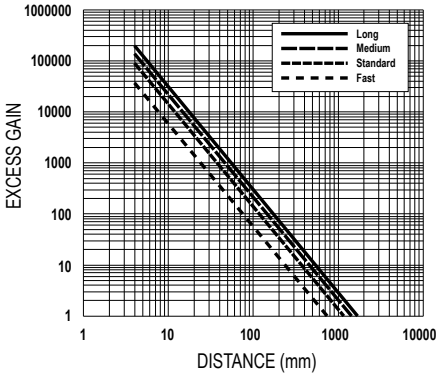
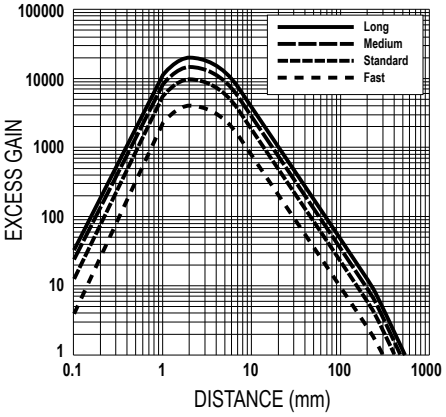
Opposed Mode	Diffused Mode
 *Figure 21. PIT66U*	 *Figure 22. PBT66U*

Table 5: IT.83.3ST5M6 glass fiber used for opposed mode; BTC1.13.4.T5M6 glass fiber used for diffuse mode

Opposed Mode	Diffused Mode

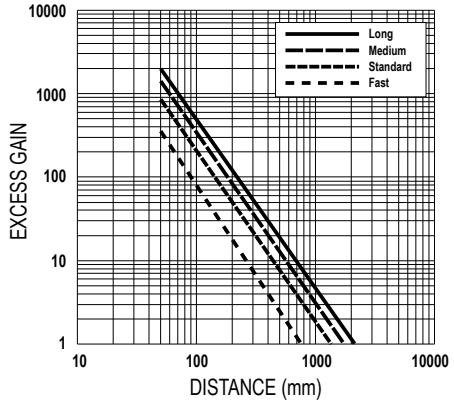
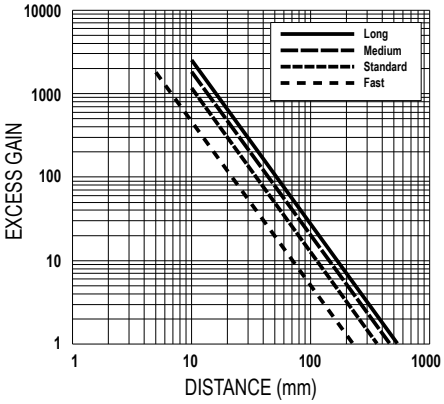

	

Figure 23. IR850	*Figure 24. IR850*

5.2 Beam Patterns

The beam patterns shown are for the standard red LED and IR850 LED emitter models.

The data in the charts that is labeled for the Long Range application apply to both the 1000 µs and 2000 µs response speeds.

Table 6: 0.25 mm (0.01 in) Diameter Fibers

Opposed Mode	Diffuse Mode

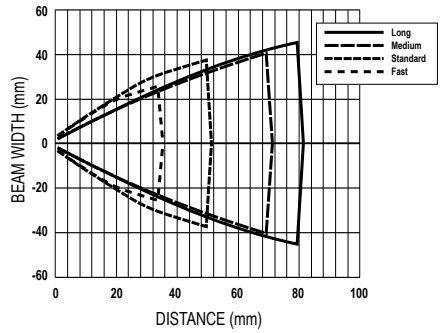
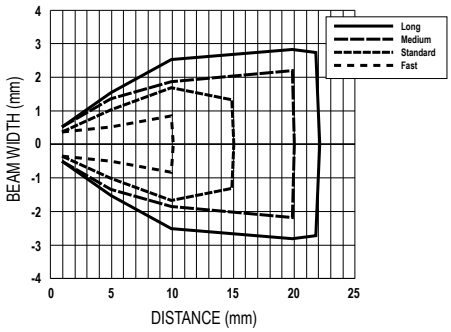

	

Figure 25. PIT16U	*Figure 26. PBT16U*

Table 7: 0.51 mm (0.02 in) Diameter Fibers

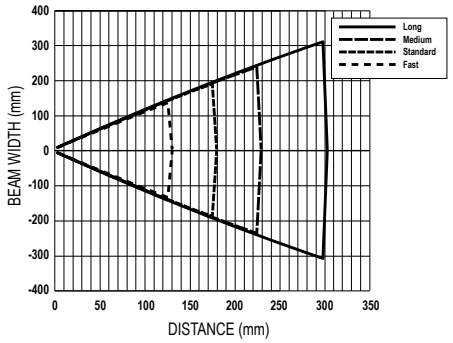
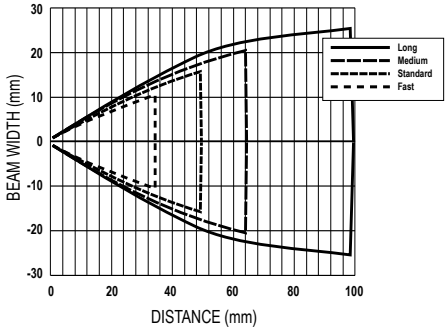
Opposed Mode	Diffuse Mode
 *Figure 27. PIT26U*	 *Figure 28. PBT26U*

Table 8: 1.02 mm (0.04 in) Diameter Fibers

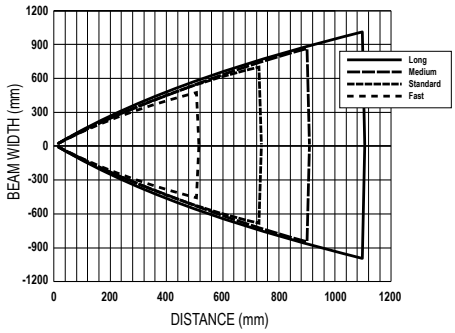
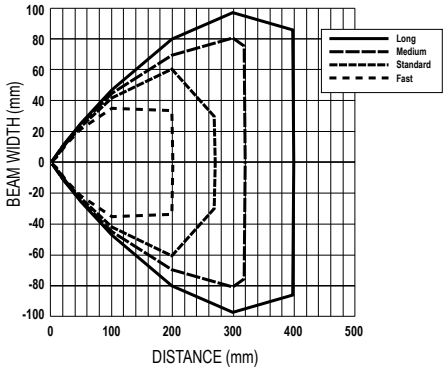
Opposed Mode	Diffuse Mode
 *Figure 29. PIT46U*	 *Figure 30. PBT46U*

Table 9: 1.52 mm (0.06 in) Diameter Fibers

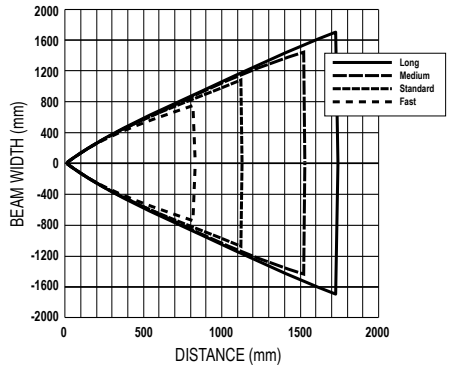
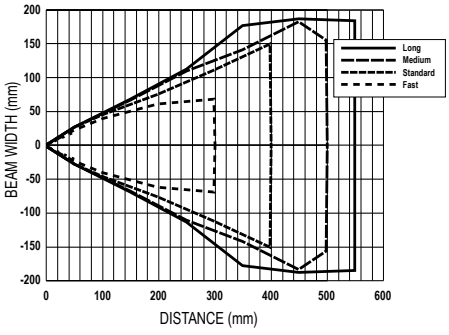
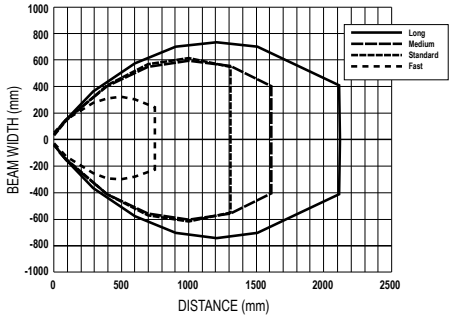
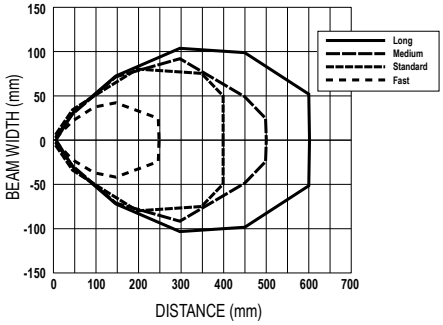
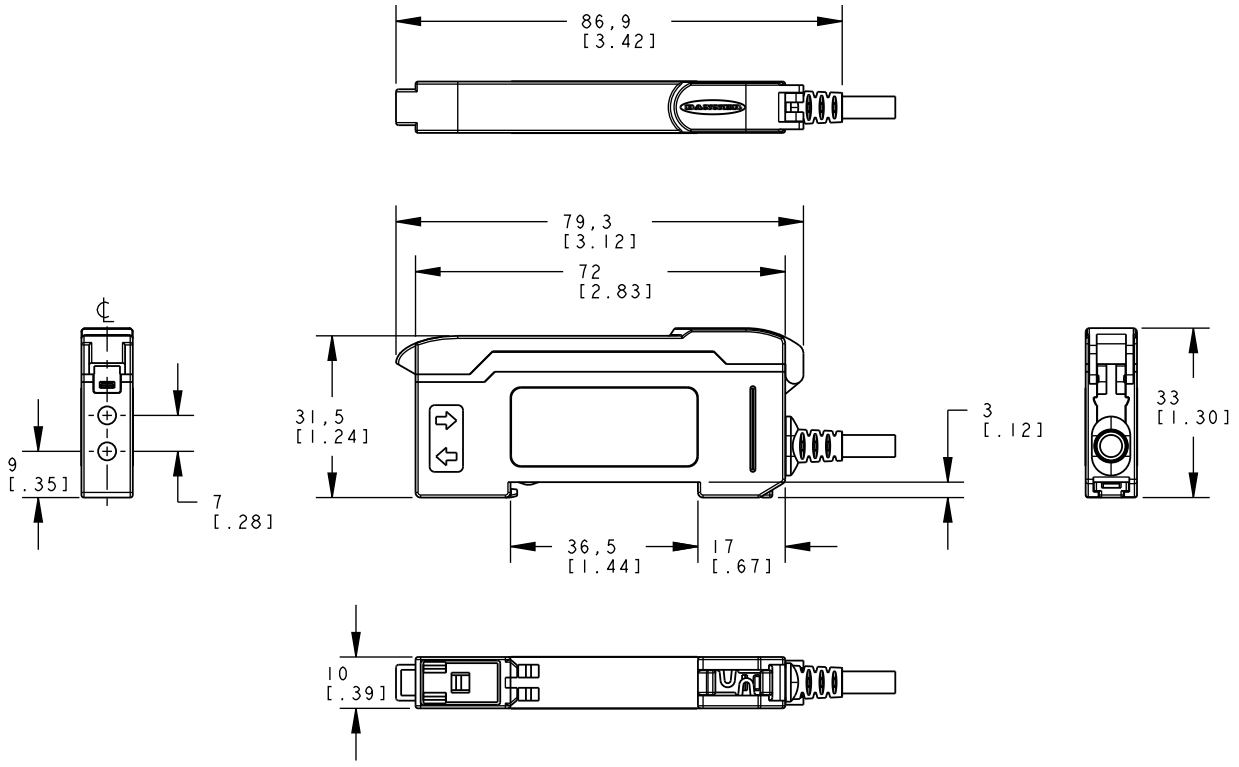
Opposed Mode	Diffuse Mode
 *Figure 31. PIT66U*	 *Figure 32. PBT66U*

Table 10: IT.83.3ST5M6 glass fiber used for opposed mode; BTC1.13.4.T5M6 glass fiber used for diffuse mode

Opposed Mode	Diffuse Mode
 *Figure 33. IR850*	 *Figure 34. IR850*

5.3 Dimensions

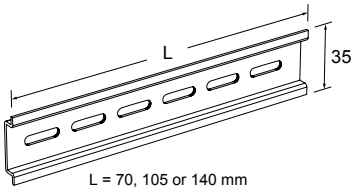


6 Accessories

DIN-35-..

35 mm DIN Rail

Model	Length
DIN-35-70	70
DIN-35-105	105
DIN-35-140	140

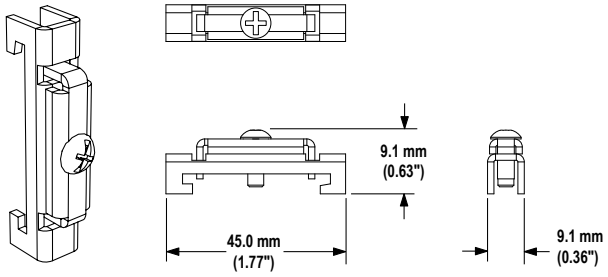


Hole center spacing: 35.1

Hole size: 25.4 x 5.3

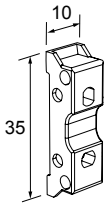
SA-DIN-CLAMP

- Pair of metal DIN rail end stops; slide onto DIN rail at either side of the sensor stack
- Combination (#2 Phillips, #8 standard slotted) set screw



SA-DIN-BRACKET

- Plastic bracket with mounting screws

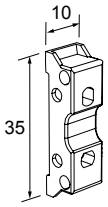


Hole center spacing: A = 16, B = 25.4, C = 15.2

Hole size: A = ø 3.2, B = ø 3.3, C = ø 4.4

SA-DIN-BRACKET-10

- Package of 10 plastic brackets with mounting screws

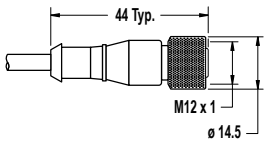
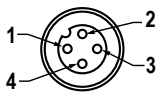
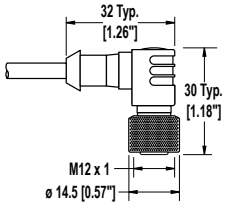


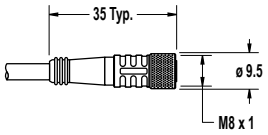
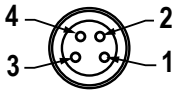
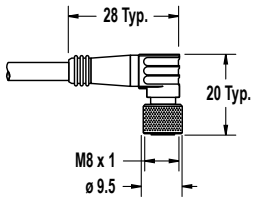
Hole center spacing: A = 16, B = 25.4, C = 15.2

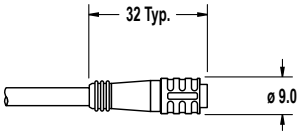
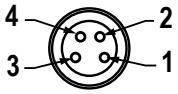
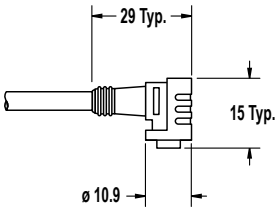
Hole size: A = ø 3.2, B = ø 3.3, C = ø 4.4

6.1 Quick-Disconnect Cordsets

All measurements are listed in millimeters, unless noted otherwise.

4-Pin Threaded M12/Euro-Style Cordsets—Single Ended				
Model	**Length**	**Style**	**Dimensions**	**Pinout (Female)**
MQDC-406	1.83 m (6 ft)	Straight		 1 = Brown 2 = White 3 = Blue 4 = Black
MQDC-415	4.57 m (15 ft)			
MQDC-430	9.14 m (30 ft)			
MQDC-450	15.2 m (50 ft)			
MQDC-406RA	1.83 m (6 ft)	Right-Angle		
MQDC-415RA	4.57 m (15 ft)			
MQDC-430RA	9.14 m (30 ft)			
MQDC-450RA	15.2 m (50 ft)			

4-Pin Threaded M8/Pico-Style Cordsets—Single Ended				
Model	**Length**	**Style**	**Dimensions**	**Pinout (Female)**
PKG4M-2	2 m (6.56 ft)	Straight		 1 = Brown 2 = White 3 = Blue 4 = Black
PKG4M-5	5 m (16.4 ft)			
PKG4M-9	9 m (29.5 ft)			
PKW4M-2	2 m (6.56 ft)	Right Angle		
PKW4M-5	5 m (16.4 ft)			
PKW4M-9	9 m (29.5 ft)			

4-Pin Snap-on M8/Pico-Style Cordsets—Single Ended				
Model	**Length**	**Style**	**Dimensions**	**Pinout (Female)**
PKG4-2	2 m (6.6 ft)	Straight		 1 = Brown 2 = White 3 = Blue 4 = Black
PKG4-5	5 m (16.4 ft)			
PKG4-10	10 m (32.8 ft)			
PKW4Z-2	2 m (6.6 ft)	Right-Angle		
PKW4Z-5	5 m (16.4 ft)			

7 Banner Engineering Corp. Limited Warranty

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