



Click [here](#) for the 3D model.

Dimensions

Chip Size	0603
L	1.6mm +/-0.17mm
W	0.8mm +/-0.15mm
T	0.8mm +/-0.15mm
S	0.58mm MIN
B	0.45mm +/-0.15mm

Packaging Specifications

Packaging	Bulk, Bag
Packaging Quantity	1

General Information

Series	ESD SMD Comm X7R
Style	SMD Chip
Description	SMD, MLCC, Temperature Stable, Electro Static Discharge, Class II
Features	Temperature Stable, Class II
RoHS	Yes
Termination	Flexible Termination
Marking	No
AEC-Q200	No
Component Weight	7.3 mg
Shelf Life	78 Weeks
MSL	1

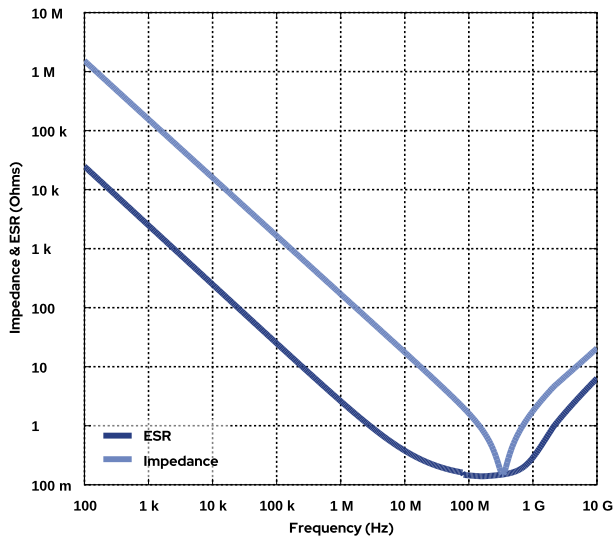
Specifications

Capacitance	1000 pF
Measurement Condition	1 kHz 1.0Vrms
Capacitance Tolerance	5%
Voltage DC	16 VDC
ESD Level per AEC-Q200	25,000 V ESD Level
Dielectric Withstanding Voltage	40 VDC
Temperature Range	-55/+125°C
Temperature Coefficient	X7R
Capacitance Change with Reference to +25°C and 0 VDC Applied (TCC)	15%, 1kHz 1.0Vrms
Dissipation Factor	3.5% 1 kHz 1.0Vrms
Aging Rate	3% Loss/Decade Hour: Referee Time is 1000 Hours
Insulation Resistance	100 GOhms

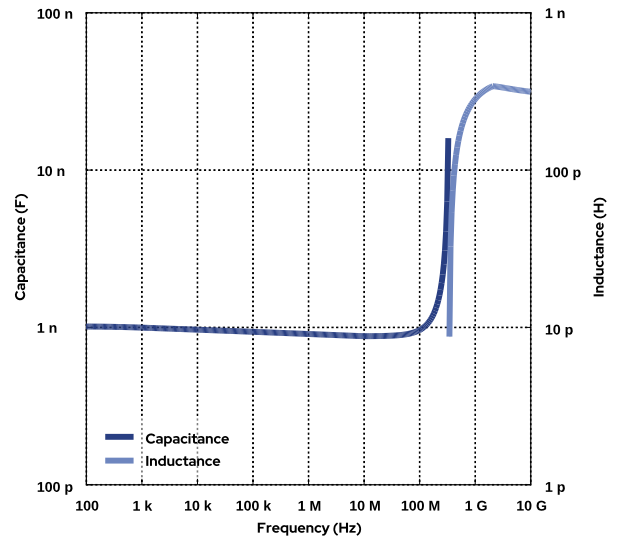
Simulations

For the complete simulation environment please visit [K-SIM](#).

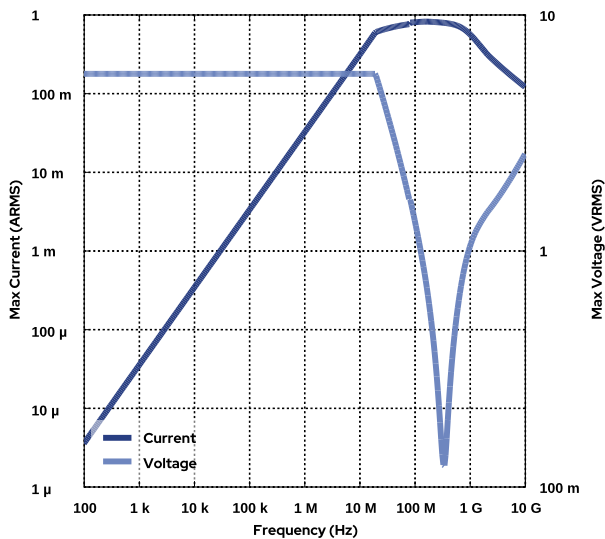
Impedance and ESR



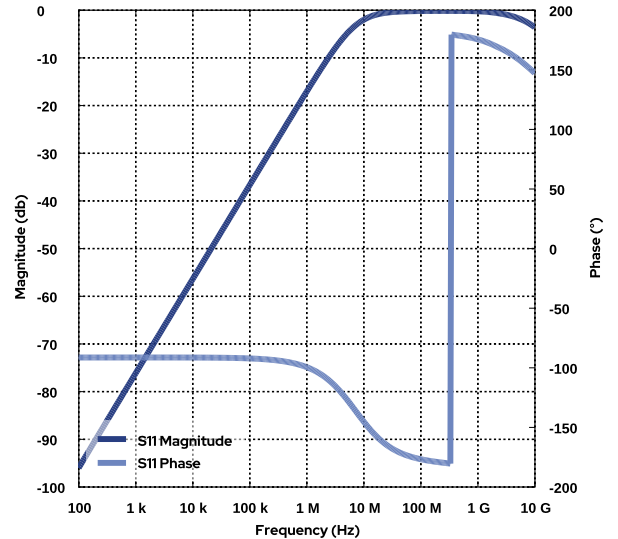
Capacitance and Inductance

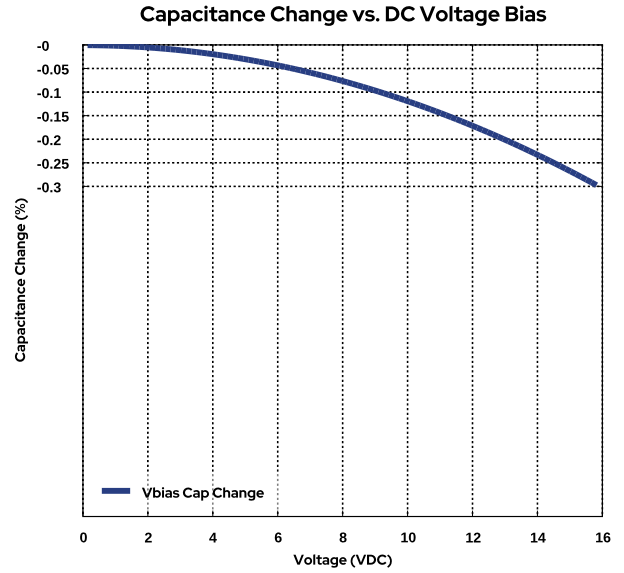
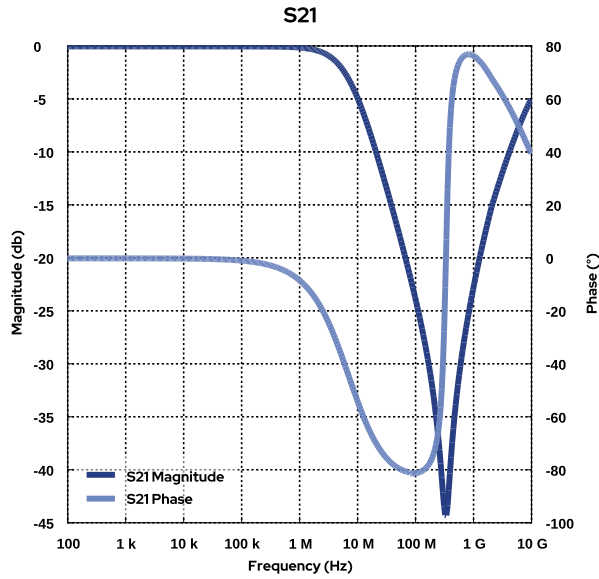


Current and Voltage



S11





These are simulations.

This is not a specification!

The responses shown represent the typical response for each part type. Specific responses may vary, depending on manufacturing variation affects of all parameters involved, including the specified tolerances applied to capacitance and unspecified variations of ESR, ESL, and leakage resistance.

The responses shown do not represent a specified or implied maximum capability of the device for all applications.

- The ESR used for ripple "Ripple Current/Voltage vs. Frequency" plots is the ESR at ambient temperature.
- The ESR in the "Temperature Rise vs. Ripple Current" plots is adjusted to each incremental temperature rise before the power and ripple current is calculated.
- The effects shown herein are based on measured data from a multiple part sample of the parts in question.
- Ripple capability of this device will be factored by thermal resistance (Rth) created by circuit traces (addi affects of all parameters involved, including the specified tolerances applied to capacitance and unspecified variations of ESR, ESL, and leakage resistance.
- The peak voltages generated in the "Temperature Rise vs. Combined Ripple Currents" plot are calculated for each frequency and are not combined with voltages generated at any other harmonics.
- Please consult with the catalog or field applications engineer for maximum capability of the device in specific applications.

All product information and data (collectively, the "Information") are subject to change without notice.

KEMET K-SIM is designed to simulate behavior of components with respect to frequency, ambient temperature, and DC bias levels. The responses shown represent the typical response for each part type. Specific responses may vary, depending on manufacturing variation effects of all parameters involved, including the specified tolerances applied to capacitance and unspecified variations of ESR, ESL, and leakage resistance.

All Information given herein is believed to be accurate and reliable, but is presented without guarantee, warranty, or responsibility of any kind, expressed or implied. Statements of suitability for certain applications are based on our knowledge of typical operating conditions for such applications, but are not intended to constitute – and we specifically disclaim – any warranty concerning suitability for a specific customer application or use. This Information is intended for use only by customers who have the requisite experience and capability to determine the correct products for their application. Any technical advice inferred from this Information or otherwise provided by us with reference to the use of our products is given gratis, and we assume no obligation or liability for the advice given or results obtained.

If you have any questions please contact K-SIM.