







TPS22995

SLVSGT1 - DECEMBER 2022

TPS22995 5.5-V, 3.8-A, 18-mΩ On-Resistance Load Switch with Adjustable Rise Time

1 Features

- Input operating voltage range (V_{IN}): 0.4 V 5.5 V
- Bias voltage supply (V_{BIAS}): 1.5 V 5.5 V
- Maximum continuous current: 3.8 A
- On-resistance (R_{ON}): 18 m Ω (typ.)
- Adjustable slew rate control through external
- Quick Output Discharge (QOD): 100Ω (typ.)
- Thermal shutdown
- Smart ON pin pulldown (R_{PD.ON}):
- ON ≥ VIH (I_{ON}): 25 nA (max.)
 - ON ≤ VIL ($R_{PD.ON}$): 500 kΩ (typ.)
- Low power consumption:
 - ON state (I_Q): 10 uA (typ.)
 - OFF state (I_{SD}): 0.1 uA (typ.)

2 Applications

- Notebook PC
- **Tablets**
- Industrial PC
- Discrete industrial solutions

3 Description

The TPS22995 is a single-channel load switch that provides a configurable rise time to minimize inrush current. The device contains an N-channel MOSFET that can operate over an input voltage range of 0.4 V to 5.5 V and can support a maximum continuous current of 3.8 A.

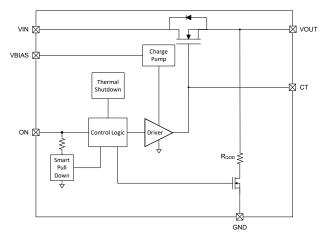
The switch is controlled by an on and off input (ON), which is capable of interfacing directly with low voltage control signals. The TPS22995 also has a Quick Output Discharge when the switch is turned off, pulling the output voltage down to a known 0-V state.

The TPS22995 is available in two different 6-pin WQFN packages with both 0.4-mm and 0.5-mm options. The device is characterized for operation over the free-air temperature range of -40°C to +125°C.

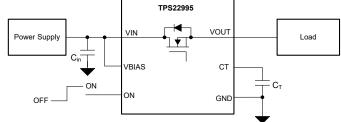
Package Information

PART NUMBER	PACKAGE ⁽¹⁾	BODY SIZE (NOM)
TPS22995	RZF (WQFN, 6)	1.25 × 0.85 mm
11-322993	RZG (WQFN, 6)	1.50 × 0.75 mm

For all available packages, see the orderable addendum at the end of the data sheet.



TPS22995 Block Diagram



Typical Application Diagram



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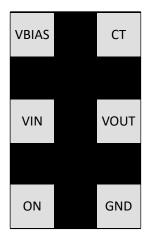
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4 Revision HistoryNOTE: Page numbers for previous revisions may differ from page numbers in the current version.

DATE	REVISION	NOTES
December 2022	*	Initial Release



5 Pin Configuration and Functions



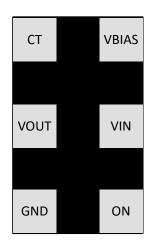


Figure 5-1. TPS22995 RZF, RZG 6-Pin WQFN Package (Top View Left, Bottom View Right)

Table 5-1. Pin Functions

PIN		TYPE ⁽¹⁾	DESCRIPTION		
NAME	NO.	I I I PE\ /	DESCRIPTION		
VBIAS	1	Р	Bias voltage		
VIN	2	Р	Supply input		
ON	3	ı	Enable pin		
GND	4	G	Ground		
VOUT	5	Р	Output voltage		
СТ	6	I	Timing pin, can control the slew rate of the output through a capacitor to GND		

⁽¹⁾ I = Input, O = Output, I/O = Input or Output, G = Ground, P = Power.



6 Specifications

6.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)(1)

		MIN	MAX	UNIT
V _{IN}	Input Voltage	-0.3	6	V
V _{BIAS}	Bias Voltage	-0.3	6	V
V_{ON}, V_{PG}, V_{QOD}	Control Pin Voltage	-0.3	6	V
V _{CT}	CT Pin Voltage		15	V
I _{MAX}	Maximum Current		3.8	Α
TJ	Junction temperature		Internally Limited	°C
T _{stg}	Storage temperature	-65	150	°C

⁽¹⁾ Operation outside the Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent device damage. Absolute Maximum Ratings do not imply functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those listed under Recommended Operating Conditions. If used outside the Recommended Operating Conditions but within the Absolute Maximum Ratings, the device may not be fully functional, and this may affect device reliability, functionality, performance, and shorten the device lifetime.

6.2 ESD Ratings

			VALUE	UNIT
V _(ESD) Electrostatic discharge	Human body model (HBM), per ANSI/ESDA/ JEDEC JS-001 ⁽¹⁾	±2000	\/	
	Electrostatic discharge	Charged device model (CDM), per ANSI/ESDA/ JEDEC JS-002 ⁽²⁾	±1000	V

⁽¹⁾ JEDEC document JEP155 states that 500-V HBM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

6.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

		MIN	NOM MAX	UNIT
V _{IN}	Input Voltage	0.4	5.5	V
V _{BIAS}	Bias Voltage	1.5	5.5	V
V _{IH}	ON Pin High Voltage Range	0.8	5.5	V
V _{IL}	ON Pin Low Voltage Range	0	0.35	V
T _A	Ambient Temperature	-40	125	°C

6.4 Thermal Information

			TPS22995			
	THERMAL METRIC(1)	6 P	UNIT			
		RZF(WQFN-HR)	RZG(WQFN-HR)			
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	143.5	141.6	°C/W		
R _{0JC(top)}	Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance	132.1	133.7	°C/W		
$R_{\theta JB}$	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	47.8	41.2	°C/W		
Ψ_{JT}	Junction-to-top characterization parameter	5.2	5.3	°C/W		
Y_{JB}	Junction-to-board characterization parameter	47.4	40.8	°C/W		

⁽¹⁾ For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the Semiconductor and IC Package Thermal Metrics application report.

Product Folder Links: TPS22995

⁽²⁾ JEDEC document JEP157 states that 250-V CDM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.



6.5 Electrical Characteristics (VBIAS = 5 V)

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

•	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	T _A	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT			
Power C	Consumption				0.1 0.5 1 1 10 20 20 20 0.1 1 1 2 0.1 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1					
			25 °C		0.1		uA			
I _{SD,VBIA}	VBIAS Shutdown Current	ON = 0V	—40 °C to 85 °C			0.5	uA			
S			—40 °C to 125 °C		,	1	uA			
			25 °C		10		uA			
I _{Q,VBIAS}	VBIAS Quiescent Current	ON > V _{IH}	—40 °C to 85 °C			0.1	uA			
			—40 °C to 125 °C		0.1	20	uA			
			25 °C		0.1		uA			
I _{SD,VIN}	VIN Shutdown Current	ON = 0V	—40 °C to 85 °C			1	uA			
			—40 °C to 125 °C		0.5 1 10 20 20 0.1 1 2 0.1 18 24 27 17 23 25 17 23 25 17 23 25 17 23 25 17 17 23 25 17 23 25 17 23 25 17 23 25 17 23 25 17 23 25 17 23 25 17 23 25 17 23 25 500 1000	uA				
I _{ON}	ON pin leakage	ON = VBIAS	—40 °C to 125 °C		0.1		uA			
Perform	ance									
			25 °C		18		mΩ			
		VIN = 5V, I _{OUT} =-200mA	—40 °C to 85 °C			24	mΩ			
			—40 °C to 125 °C			27	mΩ			
		VIN = 3.3V, I _{OUT} =-200mA	25 °C		17		mΩ			
			—40 °C to 85 °C			23	mΩ			
			—40 °C to 125 °C			25	mΩ			
			25 °C		17		mΩ			
R _{ON}	On-Resistance	VIN = 1.8V, I _{OUT} =-200mA	—40 °C to 85 °C			25 7	mΩ			
			—40 °C to 125 °C		0.1 18 24 27 17 23 25 17 23 25 17 23 25 17 23 25 500	25	mΩ			
			25 °C		17	0.5 1 0 20 20 1 1 1 2 1 8 24 27 7 23 25 7 23 25 7 23 25 7 23 25 7 23 25 0 1000 0 150	mΩ			
		VIN = 1.2V, I _{OUT} =-200mA	—40 °C to 85 °C			23	mΩ			
			—40 °C to 125 °C			25	mΩ			
			25 °C		17		mΩ			
		VIN = 0.8V, I _{OUT} =-200mA	—40 °C to 85 °C		0.1 0.5 10 20 20 0.1 18 24 27 17 23 25 17 23 25 17 23 25 17 23 25 17 23 25 17 23 25 17 23 25 17 23 25 17 23 25 17 23 25 17 23 25 17 23 25 17 23 25 17 21 21 22 25 25 25 25 25 25 25	mΩ				
			—40 °C to 125 °C			1 20 20 20 1 2 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 2	mΩ			
В	Smart Pull Down Resistance	ON < V _{IL}	25 °C		500		kΩ			
$R_{PD,ON}$	Smart Full Down Resistance	ON VIL	—40 °C to 125 °C			1000	kΩ			
D	QOD Resistance		25 °C		100		Ω			
R _{QOD}	MOD Vegipratice		—40 °C to 125 °C			150	Ω			
Protecti	on									
TSD	Thermal Shutdown		-	150	170	190	°C			
TSD _{HYS}	Thermal Shutdown Hysteresis		-		20		°C			

6.6 Electrical Characteristics (VBIAS = 3.3 V)

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	T _A	MIN TY	P MAX	UNIT	
Power Consumption							
I _{SD,VBIA}	VBIAS Shutdown Current	ON = 0V	25 °C	0	.1	uA	
			—40 °C to 85 °C		0.5	uA	
			—40 °C to 125 °C		1	uA	



6.6 Electrical Characteristics (VBIAS = 3.3 V) (continued)

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	T _A	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
			25 °C		10		uA
Q,VBIAS Quiescent Current	ON > V _{IH}	—40 °C to 85 °C			20	uA	
			—40 °C to 125 °C			20	uA
			25 °C		0.1		uA
$I_{SD,VIN}$	VIN Shutdown Current	ON = 0V	—40 °C to 85 °C			1	uA
			—40 °C to 125 °C			2	uA
I _{ON}	ON pin leakage	ON = VBIAS	—40 °C to 125 °C		0.1		uA
Perform	nance			'		'	
R _{on} (25 °C		18		mΩ
		VIN = 3.3V, , I _{OUT} =-200mA	—40 °C to 85 °C			20 20 1	mΩ
			—40 °C to 125 °C				mΩ
			25 °C		17		mΩ
		VIN = 1.8V, , I _{OUT} =-200mA	—40 °C to 85 °C		23	mΩ	
_	On Busintanas		—40 °C to 125 °C		25	mΩ	
K _{ON}	On-Resistance		25 °C		17		mΩ
		VIN = 1.2V, I _{OUT} =-200mA	—40 °C to 85 °C			23	mΩ
			—40 °C to 125 °C			25	mΩ
			25 °C		17		mΩ
		VIN = 0.8V, I _{OUT} =-200mA	—40 °C to 85 °C			23	mΩ
			—40 °C to 125 °C			25	mΩ
_	Consent Dull Design Designation	ON 41/	25 °C		500		kΩ
$R_{PD,ON}$	Smart Pull Down Resistance	ON < V _{IL}	—40 °C to 125 °C			1000	kΩ
Р	OOD Registeres		25 °C		100		Ω
R_{QOD}	QOD Resistance		—40 °C to 125 °C			150	Ω
Protecti	on	<u>'</u>			1		
TSD	Thermal Shutdown		-	150	170	190	°C
TSD _{HYS}	Thermal Shutdown Hysteresis		-		20		°C

6.7 Electrical Characteristics (VBIAS = 1.5 V)

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	T _A	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Power 0	Consumption			<u>'</u>			
			25 °C		0.1		uA
	VBIAS Shutdown Current	ON = 0V	–40 °C to 85 °C			0.5	uA
I _{SD,VBIAS} VIII _{Q,VBIAS} VIII _{SD,VIN} VIII _{ON} O			–40 °C to 125 °C			1	uA
	VBIAS Quiescent Current		25 °C		10		uA
$I_{Q,VBIAS}$		ON > V _{IH}	–40 °C to 85 °C			20	uA
Q,VBIAS			–40 °C to 125 °C			20	uA
			25 °C		0.1		uA
$I_{SD,VIN}$	VIN Shutdown Current	ON = 0V	–40 °C to 85 °C			1	uA
			–40 °C to 125 °C			2	uA
I _{ON}	ON pin leakage	ON = VBIAS	–40 °C to 125 °C		0.1		uA
Perform	nance	·	·	'			

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6.7 Electrical Characteristics (VBIAS = 1.5 V) (continued)

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	T _A	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
			25 °C		20		mΩ
		VIN = 1.5V, I _{OUT} =-200mA	–40 °C to 85 °C			33	mΩ
			–40 °C to 125 °C			37	mΩ
			25 °C		20		mΩ
R _{ON}	On-Resistance	VIN = 1.2V, I _{OUT} =-200mA	–40 °C to 85 °C			31	mΩ
			–40 °C to 125 °C			34	mΩ
			25 °C		20	34 31 34	mΩ
		VIN = 0.8V, I _{OUT} =-200mA	–40 °C to 85 °C			31	mΩ
			–40 °C to 125 °C			34	mΩ
Б	Smart Dull Dawn Decistones	ON and	25 °C		500		kΩ
R _{PD,ON}	Smart Pull Down Resistance	ON < V _{IL}	–40 °C to 125 °C		10	1000	kΩ
_	COD Desistance		25 °C		110		Ω
R _{QOD}	QOD Resistance		–40 °C to 125 °C		1	150	Ω
Protect	ion						
TSD	Thermal Shutdown	Rising	-	150	170	190	°C
טפון	THEITIAI SHUUOWII	Hysteresis	-		20		°C

6.8 Switching Characteristics (VBIAS = 5 V)

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN TYP I	MAX UNIT
VIN = 5	v			
tON	Turn ON time	$R_L = 100\Omega$, $C_L = 10$ uF, CT = 1000pF	2810	us
tRISE	Rise time	$R_L = 100\Omega$, $C_L = 10uF$, $CT = 1000pF$	2020	us
tD	Delay time	$R_L = 100\Omega$, $C_L = 10uF$, $CT = 1000pF$	791	us
tFALL	Fall time	$R_L = 100\Omega$, $C_L = 10uF$, $CT = 1000pF$	1110	us
tOFF	Turn OFF time	$R_L = 100\Omega$, $C_L = 10uF$, $CT = 1000pF$	62.7	us
VIN = 3	.3V			
tON	Turn ON time	$R_L = 100\Omega$, $C_L = 10$ uF, $CT = 1000$ pF	1580	us
tRISE	Rise time	$R_L = 100\Omega$, $C_L = 10uF$, $CT = 1000pF$	1350	us
tD	Delay time	$R_L = 100\Omega$, $C_L = 10$ uF, $CT = 1000$ pF	561	us
tFALL	Fall time	$R_L = 100\Omega$, $C_L = 10uF$, $CT = 1000pF$	1100	us
tOFF	Turn OFF time	$R_L = 100\Omega$, $C_L = 10uF$, $CT = 1000pF$	63	us
VIN = 1	.8V			
tON	Turn ON time	$R_L = 100\Omega$, $C_L = 10$ uF, $CT = 1000$ pF	1110	us
tRISE	Rise time	$R_L = 100\Omega$, $C_L = 10$ uF, $CT = 1000$ pF	754	us
tD	Delay time	$R_L = 100\Omega$, $C_L = 10uF$, $CT = 1000pF$	523	us
tFALL	Fall time	$R_L = 100\Omega$, $C_L = 10uF$, $CT = 1000pF$	1100	us
tOFF	Turn OFF time	$R_L = 100\Omega$, $C_L = 10uF$, $CT = 1000pF$	63	us
VIN = 1	.2V			
tON	Turn ON time	$R_L = 100\Omega$, $C_L = 10$ uF, $CT = 1000$ pF	928	us
tRISE	Rise time	$R_L = 100\Omega$, $C_L = 10uF$, $CT = 1000pF$	516	us
tD	Delay time	$R_L = 100\Omega$, $C_L = 10uF$, $CT = 1000pF$	508	us
tFALL	Fall time	$R_L = 100\Omega$, $C_L = 10uF$, $CT = 1000pF$	1100	us
tOFF	Turn OFF time	$R_L = 100\Omega$, $C_L = 10uF$, $CT = 1000pF$	63	us



6.8 Switching Characteristics (VBIAS = 5 V) (continued)

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

	3 1 3 1	,			
	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN TYF	MAX	UNIT
VIN = 0.8	BV				
tON	Turn ON time	$R_L = 100\Omega$, $C_L = 10$ uF, CT = 1000pF	796	6	us
tRISE	Rise time	$R_L = 100\Omega$, $C_L = 10$ uF, $CT = 1000$ pF	360)	us
tD	Delay time	$R_L = 100\Omega$, $C_L = 10$ uF, CT = 1000pF	499)	us
tFALL	Fall time	$R_L = 100\Omega$, $C_L = 10$ uF, $CT = 1000$ pF	1100)	us
tOFF	Turn OFF time	$R_L = 100\Omega$, $C_L = 10$ uF, CT = 1000pF	63	3	us

6.9 Switching Characteristics (VBIAS = 3.3 V)

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
V				'	
Turn ON time	$R_L = 100\Omega$, $C_L = 10$ uF, $CT = 1000$ pF		2110		us
Rise time	$R_L = 100\Omega$, $C_L = 10$ uF, $CT = 1000$ pF		1370		us
Delay time	$R_L = 100\Omega$, $C_L = 10$ uF, $CT = 1000$ pF		741		us
Fall time	$R_L = 100\Omega$, $C_L = 10$ uF, $CT = 1000$ pF		1110		us
Turn OFF time	$R_L = 100\Omega$, $C_L = 10$ uF, CT = 1000pF		61.8		us
V	·	•		'	
Turn ON time	$R_L = 100\Omega$, $C_L = 10$ uF, CT = 1000pF		1170		us
Rise time	$R_L = 100\Omega$, $C_L = 10$ uF, $CT = 1000$ pF		625		us
Delay time	$R_L = 100\Omega$, $C_L = 10$ uF, $CT = 1000$ pF		543		us
Fall time	$R_L = 100\Omega$, $C_L = 10$ uF, $CT = 1000$ pF		1100		us
Turn OFF time	$R_L = 100\Omega$, $C_L = 10$ uF, $CT = 1000$ pF		63		us
v		•		•	
Turn ON time	$R_L = 100\Omega$, $C_L = 10$ uF, $CT = 1000$ pF		971		us
Rise time	$R_L = 100\Omega$, $C_L = 10$ uF, $CT = 1000$ pF		443		us
Delay time	$R_L = 100\Omega$, $C_L = 10$ uF, $CT = 1000$ pF		528		us
Fall time	$R_L = 100\Omega$, $C_L = 10$ uF, $CT = 1000$ pF		1100		us
Turn OFF time	$R_L = 100\Omega$, $C_L = 10$ uF, $CT = 1000$ pF		63		us
V		•		'	
Turn ON time	$R_L = 100\Omega$, $C_L = 10$ uF, $CT = 1000$ pF		832		us
Rise time	$R_L = 100\Omega$, $C_L = 10$ uF, CT = 1000pF		315		us
Delay time	$R_L = 100\Omega$, $C_L = 10$ uF, CT = 1000pF		516		us
Fall time	$R_L = 100\Omega$, $C_L = 10$ uF, $CT = 1000$ pF		1100		us
Turn OFF time	$R_L = 100\Omega$, $C_L = 10$ uF, $CT = 1000$ pF		63		us
	Turn ON time Rise time Delay time Fall time Turn OFF time V Turn ON time Rise time Delay time Fall time Turn OFF time V Turn OFF time V Turn ON time Rise time Delay time Fall time Turn OFF time V Turn ON time Rise time Delay time Fall time Turn OFF time V Turn OFF time V Turn OFF time V Turn OFF time V Turn ON time Rise time Delay time Fall time Turn OFF time V	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{V} \\ \hline \textbf{Turn ON time} & \textbf{R}_L = 100\Omega, \ \textbf{C}_L = 10u\text{F}, \ \textbf{CT} = 1000\text{pF} \\ \hline \textbf{Rise time} & \textbf{R}_L = 100\Omega, \ \textbf{C}_L = 10u\text{F}, \ \textbf{CT} = 1000\text{pF} \\ \hline \textbf{Delay time} & \textbf{R}_L = 100\Omega, \ \textbf{C}_L = 10u\text{F}, \ \textbf{CT} = 1000\text{pF} \\ \hline \textbf{Fall time} & \textbf{R}_L = 100\Omega, \ \textbf{C}_L = 10u\text{F}, \ \textbf{CT} = 1000\text{pF} \\ \hline \textbf{Turn OFF time} & \textbf{R}_L = 100\Omega, \ \textbf{C}_L = 10u\text{F}, \ \textbf{CT} = 1000\text{pF} \\ \hline \textbf{V} \\ \hline \textbf{Turn ON time} & \textbf{R}_L = 100\Omega, \ \textbf{C}_L = 10u\text{F}, \ \textbf{CT} = 1000\text{pF} \\ \hline \textbf{Rise time} & \textbf{R}_L = 100\Omega, \ \textbf{C}_L = 10u\text{F}, \ \textbf{CT} = 1000\text{pF} \\ \hline \textbf{Rise time} & \textbf{R}_L = 100\Omega, \ \textbf{C}_L = 10u\text{F}, \ \textbf{CT} = 1000\text{pF} \\ \hline \textbf{Fall time} & \textbf{R}_L = 100\Omega, \ \textbf{C}_L = 10u\text{F}, \ \textbf{CT} = 1000\text{pF} \\ \hline \textbf{Turn OFF time} & \textbf{R}_L = 100\Omega, \ \textbf{C}_L = 10u\text{F}, \ \textbf{CT} = 1000\text{pF} \\ \hline \textbf{Rise time} & \textbf{R}_L = 100\Omega, \ \textbf{C}_L = 10u\text{F}, \ \textbf{CT} = 1000\text{pF} \\ \hline \textbf{Rise time} & \textbf{R}_L = 100\Omega, \ \textbf{C}_L = 10u\text{F}, \ \textbf{CT} = 1000\text{pF} \\ \hline \textbf{Rise time} & \textbf{R}_L = 100\Omega, \ \textbf{C}_L = 10u\text{F}, \ \textbf{CT} = 1000\text{pF} \\ \hline \textbf{Rise time} & \textbf{R}_L = 100\Omega, \ \textbf{C}_L = 10u\text{F}, \ \textbf{CT} = 1000\text{pF} \\ \hline \textbf{Rise time} & \textbf{R}_L = 100\Omega, \ \textbf{C}_L = 10u\text{F}, \ \textbf{CT} = 1000\text{pF} \\ \hline \textbf{Run OFF time} & \textbf{R}_L = 100\Omega, \ \textbf{C}_L = 10u\text{F}, \ \textbf{CT} = 1000\text{pF} \\ \hline \textbf{Turn OFF time} & \textbf{R}_L = 100\Omega, \ \textbf{C}_L = 10u\text{F}, \ \textbf{CT} = 1000\text{pF} \\ \hline \textbf{V} \\ \hline \textbf{Turn ON time} & \textbf{R}_L = 100\Omega, \ \textbf{C}_L = 10u\text{F}, \ \textbf{CT} = 1000\text{pF} \\ \hline \textbf{Rise time} & \textbf{R}_L = 100\Omega, \ \textbf{C}_L = 10u\text{F}, \ \textbf{CT} = 1000\text{pF} \\ \hline \textbf{Rise time} & \textbf{R}_L = 100\Omega, \ \textbf{C}_L = 10u\text{F}, \ \textbf{CT} = 1000\text{pF} \\ \hline \textbf{Rise time} & \textbf{R}_L = 100\Omega, \ \textbf{C}_L = 10u\text{F}, \ \textbf{CT} = 1000\text{pF} \\ \hline \textbf{Rise time} & \textbf{R}_L = 100\Omega, \ \textbf{C}_L = 10u\text{F}, \ \textbf{CT} = 1000\text{pF} \\ \hline \textbf{Rise time} & \textbf{R}_L = 100\Omega, \ \textbf{C}_L = 10u\text{F}, \ \textbf{CT} = 1000\text{pF} \\ \hline \textbf{Rise time} & \textbf{R}_L = 100\Omega, \ \textbf{C}_L = 10u\text{F}, \ \textbf{CT} = 1000\text{pF} \\ \hline \textbf{Rise time} & \textbf{R}_L = 100\Omega, \ \textbf{C}_L = 10u\text{F}, \ \textbf{CT} = 1000\text{pF} \\ \hline \textbf{Rise time} & \textbf{R}_L = 100\Omega, \ \textbf{C}_L = 10u\text{F}, \ \textbf{CT} = 1000\text{pF} \\ \hline \textbf{Rise time} & \textbf{R}_L = 100\Omega, \ \textbf{C}_L = 10u\text{F}, \ \textbf{CT} = 100$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Turn ON time R_L = 100Ω, C_L = 10uF, CT = 1000pF 2110 Rise time R_L = 100Ω, C_L = 10uF, CT = 1000pF 1370 Delay time R_L = 100Ω, C_L = 10uF, CT = 1000pF 741 Fall time R_L = 100Ω, C_L = 10uF, CT = 1000pF 741 Fall time R_L = 100Ω, C_L = 10uF, CT = 1000pF 1110 Turn OFF time R_L = 100Ω, C_L = 10uF, CT = 1000pF 61.8 V

6.10 Switching Characteristics (VBIAS = 1.5 V)

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP MAX	UNIT
VIN = 1.	5V				
tON	Turn ON time	R _L = 100Ω, C _L = 10uF, CT = 1000pF	1	350	us
tRISE	Rise time	$R_L = 100\Omega$, $C_L = 10$ uF, $CT = 1000$ pF		653	us
tD	Delay time	R _L = 100Ω, C _L = 10uF, CT = 1000pF		693	us
tFALL	Fall time	R _L = 100Ω, C _L = 10uF, CT = 1000pF	1	190	us

Product Folder Links: TPS22995



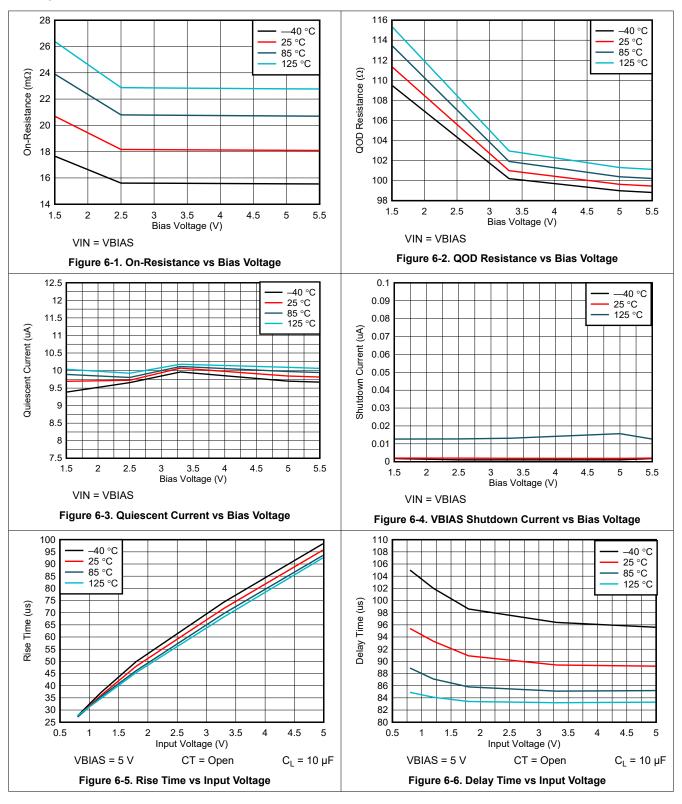
6.10 Switching Characteristics (VBIAS = 1.5 V) (continued)

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN TYP MAX	UNIT
tOFF	Turn OFF time	$R_L = 100\Omega$, $C_L = 10$ uF, CT = 1000pF	63.6	us
VIN = 1.2	2V			
tON	Turn ON time	$R_L = 100\Omega$, $C_L = 10$ uF, CT = 1000pF	1020	us
tRISE	Rise time	R _L = 100Ω, C _L = 10uF, CT = 1000pF	457	us
tD	Delay time	$R_L = 100\Omega$, $C_L = 10$ uF, CT = 1000pF	567	us
tFALL	Fall time	$R_L = 100\Omega$, $C_L = 10$ uF, CT = 1000pF	1100	us
tOFF	Turn OFF time	$R_L = 100\Omega$, $C_L = 10$ uF, CT = 1000pF	60	us
VIN = 0.8	BV			
tON	Turn ON time	$R_L = 100\Omega$, $C_L = 10$ uF, CT = 1000pF	885	us
tRISE	Rise time	$R_L = 100\Omega$, $C_L = 10$ uF, CT = 1000pF	331	us
tD	Delay time	$R_L = 100\Omega$, $C_L = 10$ uF, $CT = 1000$ pF	553	us
tFALL	Fall time	$R_L = 100\Omega$, $C_L = 10$ uF, $CT = 1000$ pF	1100	us
tOFF	Turn OFF time	$R_L = 100\Omega$, $C_L = 10$ uF, $CT = 1000$ pF	60	us

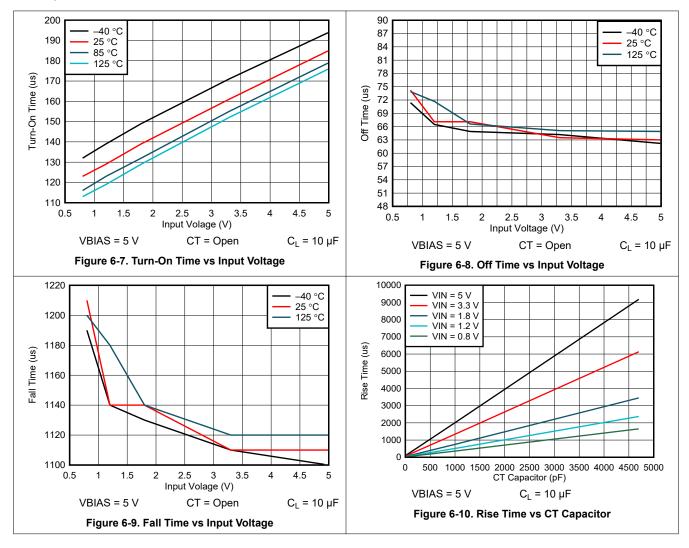


6.11 Typical Characteristics





6.11 Typical Characteristics (continued)





7 Parameter Measurement Information

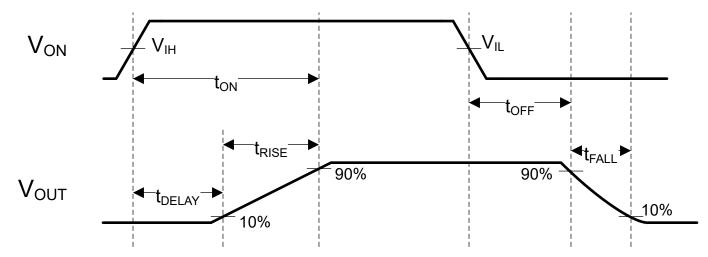


Figure 7-1. TPS22995 Timing Parameters

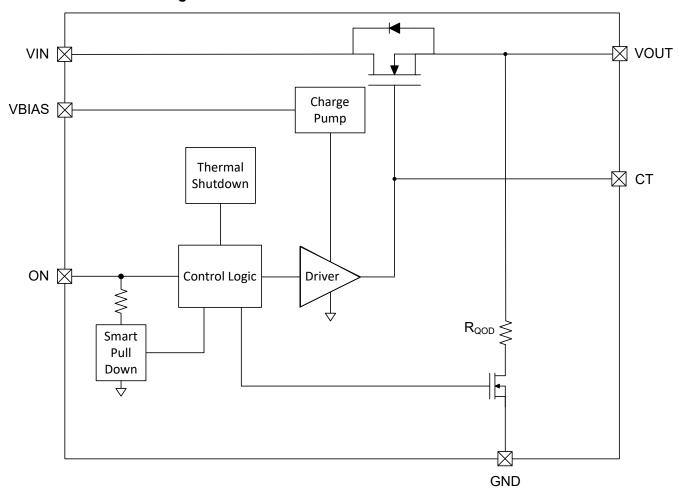


8 Detailed Description

8.1 Overview

The TPS22995 is a 5.5-V, 3.8-A load switch in a 6-pin WQFN package with 0.4-mm and 0.5-mm pin pitch options. To reduce voltage drop for low voltage and high-current rails, the device implements a low-resistance, 18-m Ω , N-channel MOSFET, which reduces the dropout voltage through the device. The device has a configurable slew rate, which helps reduce or eliminate power supply droop because of large inrush currents. The slew rate can be configured by connecting a capacitor to ground to the CT pin. The TPS22995 also integrates a Quick Output Discharge circuit that is activated when the switch is turned off, pulling the output voltage down to a known 0-V state. TPS22995 increases circuit robustness by integrating thermal shutdown that protects the device in high-temperature conditions.

8.2 Functional Block Diagram





8.3 Feature Description

8.3.1 Adjustable Slew Rate

A capacitor to GND on the CT pin sets the slew rate, and the higher the Capacitor the higher the slew rate. Rise times are shown below.

Table 8-1. Rise Time vs CT vs V_{IN}

CT Capacitor	VIN = 5.5 V	VIN = 3.3 V	VIN = 1.8 V	VIN = 1.2 V	VIN = 0.8 V
0 pF	96.2 µs	72.2 µs	47.8 µs	36.6 µs	28.2 us
220 pF	517 µs	350 µs	201 μs	140 µs	100 us
1000 pF	2020 µs	1350 µs	754 µs	516 µs	360 us
4700 pF	9230 µs	6190 µs	3470 µs	2380 µs	1660 us

The following equation can be used to estimate the rise time for different VIN and CT capacitors:

$$t_R = (0.3418V_{IN} + 0.1036) \times CT + 14.064V_{IN} + 12.255$$
 (1)

where

- t_R = Rise time in μs.
- V_{IN} = Input voltage in V.
- CT = CT Capacitor in pF.

8.3.2 Quick Output Discharge

TPS22995 integrates Quick Output Discharge. When the switch is disabled, a discharge resistor is connected between VOUT and GND. This resistor has a typical value of 100 Ω and prevents the output from floating while the switch is disabled

8.3.3 ON and OFF Control

The ON pin controls the state of the switch. The ON pin is compatible with standard GPIO logic threshold so it can be used in a wide variety of applications. When power is first applied to V_{IN} , a Smart Pulldown is used to keep the ON pin from floating until the system sequencing is complete. After the ON pin is deliberately driven high ($\geq V_{IH}$), the Smart Pulldown is disconnected to prevent unnecessary power loss. See the below table when the ON Pin Smart Pulldown is active.

Table 8-2. On Pin Control

ON Pin Voltage	ON Pin Function
≤ V _{IL}	Pulldown active
≥ V _{IH}	No pulldown

8.3.4 Thermal Shutdown

When the device temperature reaches 170°C (typical), the device shuts itself off to prevent thermal damage. After the device cools off by about 20°C, it turns back on. If the device is kept in a thermally stressful environment, then the device oscillates between these two states until it can keep its temperature below the thermal shutdown point.

Product Folder Links: TPS22995

Submit Document Feedback



8.4 Device Functional Modes

Table 8-3. Device Functional Modes

ON	Fault Condition	VOUT State
L	N/A	Hi-Z
Н	None	V _{IN} through R _{ON}
Х	Thermal shutdown	Hi-Z



9 Application and Implementation

Note

Information in the following applications sections is not part of the TI component specification, and TI does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. TI's customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes, as well as validating and testing their design implementation to confirm system functionality.

9.1 Application Information

The input to output voltage drop in the device is determined by the R_{ON} of the device and the load current. The R_{ON} of the device depends upon the V_{IN} and V_{BIAS} condition of the device. See the R_{ON} specification in the Section 6.5 table of this data sheet. After the R_{ON} of the device is determined based upon the V_{IN} and V_{BIAS} conditions, use the below equation to calculate the input to output voltage drop.

$$\Delta V = I_{LOAD} \times R_{ON}$$
 (2)

where

- ΔV is the voltage drop from VIN to VOUT.
- I_{LOAD} is the load current.
- R_{ON} is the on-resistance of the device for a specific VIN and VBIAS.
- An appropriate I_{LOAD} must be chosen such that the IMAX specification of the device is not violated.

9.2 Typical Application

This typical application demonstrates how the TPS22995 device can be used to limit start-up inrush current.

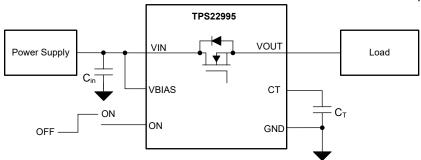


Figure 9-1. TPS22995 Application Schematic

9.2.1 Design Requirements

Table 9-1. Design Parameters

DESIGN PARAMETER	EXAMPLE VALUE
V _{BIAS}	5.5 V
V _{IN}	5.5 V
C _L	47 μF
R _L	None
Maximum acceptable inrush current	200 mA



9.2.2 Detailed Design Procedure

When the switch is enabled, the output capacitors must be charged up from 0 V to V_{IN} . This charge arrives in the form of inrush current. Use the equation below to calculate inrush current.

$$I_{INRUSH} = C_L \times dVOUT/dt$$
 (3)

where

- CL is the output capacitance.
- dVOUT is the change in VOUT during the ramp-up of the output voltage when device is enabled.
- dt is the rise time in VOUT during the ramp-up of the output voltage when the device is enabled.

The TPS22995 offers an adjustable rise time for VOUT, allowing the user to control the inrush current during turn-on. The appropriate rise time can be calculated using the design requirements and the inrush current equation as shown below.

$$200 \text{ mA} = 47 \text{uF} \times 5.5 \text{ V/dt}$$
 (4)

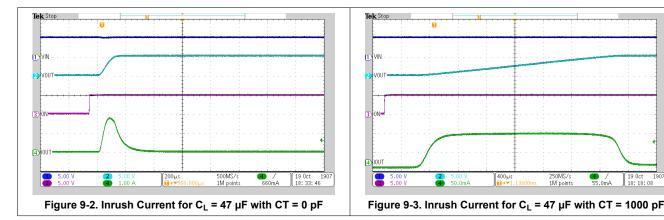
where

$$dt = 1292 \text{ us}$$
 (5)

The TPS22995 has very fast rise times with CT pin open. The typical rise time is 127 μ s at V_{BIAS} = 5.5 V, V_{IN} = 5.5 V, R_L = 100 Ω , and C_L = 0.1 μ F. This rise time results in an inrush current of 1.59 A. According to Table 8-1, using R_T = 10 $k\Omega$ results in a rise time of 1520 us, which limits the inrush current to 176 mA. Alternatively, can be used to determine the capacitor needed.

9.2.3 Application Performance Plots

The below oscilloscope captures show the difference between the inrush current for CT = 0 pF and CT = 1000 pF settings. The CT = 1000 pF setting is able to keep the inrush current under the required 200 mA, while the CT = 0 pF setting is too fast for this design



9.3 Power Supply Recommendations

The TPS22995 device is designed to operate with a VIN range of 0.4 V to 5.5 V. The VIN power supply must be well regulated and placed as close to the device terminal as possible. The power supply must be able to withstand all transient load current steps. In most situations, using an input capacitance (CIN) of 1 μ F is sufficient to prevent the supply voltage from dipping when the switch is turned on. In cases where the power supply is slow to respond to a large transient current or large load current step, additional bulk capacitance can be required on the input.



9.4 Layout

9.4.1 Layout Guidelines

For best performance, all traces must be as short as possible. To be most effective, the input and output capacitors must be placed close to the device to minimize the effects that parasitic trace inductances can have on normal operation. Using wide traces for VIN, VOUT, and GND helps minimize the parasitic electrical effects.

9.4.2 Layout Example

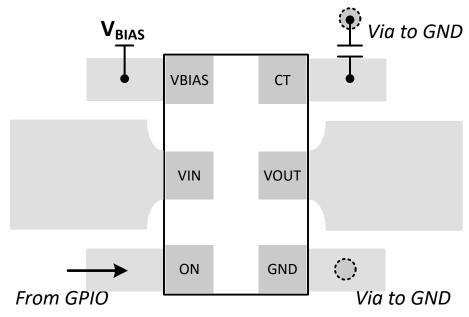


Figure 9-4. Layout Example (RZF, RZG)



10 Device and Documentation Support

TI offers an extensive line of development tools. Tools and software to evaluate the performance of the device, generate code, and develop solutions are listed below.

10.1 Receiving Notification of Documentation Updates

To receive notification of documentation updates, navigate to the device product folder on ti.com. Click on *Subscribe to updates* to register and receive a weekly digest of any product information that has changed. For change details, review the revision history included in any revised document.

10.2 Support Resources

TI E2E[™] support forums are an engineer's go-to source for fast, verified answers and design help — straight from the experts. Search existing answers or ask your own question to get the quick design help you need.

Linked content is provided "AS IS" by the respective contributors. They do not constitute TI specifications and do not necessarily reflect TI's views; see TI's Terms of Use.

10.3 Trademarks

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10.4 Electrostatic Discharge Caution



This integrated circuit can be damaged by ESD. Texas Instruments recommends that all integrated circuits be handled with appropriate precautions. Failure to observe proper handling and installation procedures can cause damage.

ESD damage can range from subtle performance degradation to complete device failure. Precision integrated circuits may be more susceptible to damage because very small parametric changes could cause the device not to meet its published specifications.

10.5 Glossary

TI Glossary

This glossary lists and explains terms, acronyms, and definitions.

11 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

The following pages include mechanical, packaging, and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.

www.ti.com 21-Dec-2022

PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan	Lead finish/ Ball material	MSL Peak Temp	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking (4/5)	Samples
TPS22995RZFR	ACTIVE	WQFN-HR	RZF	6	3000	RoHS & Green	SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	7	Samples
TPS22995RZGR	ACTIVE	WQFN-HR	RZG	6	3000	RoHS & Green	SN	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 125	6	Samples

(1) The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) RoHS: TI defines "RoHS" to mean semiconductor products that are compliant with the current EU RoHS requirements for all 10 RoHS substances, including the requirement that RoHS substance do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, "RoHS" products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes. TI may reference these types of products as "Pb-Free".

RoHS Exempt: TI defines "RoHS Exempt" to mean products that contain lead but are compliant with EU RoHS pursuant to a specific EU RoHS exemption.

Green: TI defines "Green" to mean the content of Chlorine (CI) and Bromine (Br) based flame retardants meet JS709B low halogen requirements of <=1000ppm threshold. Antimony trioxide based flame retardants must also meet the <=1000ppm threshold requirement.

- (3) MSL, Peak Temp. The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.
- (4) There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.
- (5) Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.
- (6) Lead finish/Ball material Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead finish/Ball material values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

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PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM

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PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

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TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION





A0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component width
В0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component length
K0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component thickness
W	Overall width of the carrier tape
P1	Pitch between successive cavity centers

QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	l .	SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
TPS22995RZ	GR WQFN- HR	RZG	6	3000	180.0	8.4	0.9	1.65	0.86	4.0	8.0	Q1

PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

www.ti.com 23-May-2023

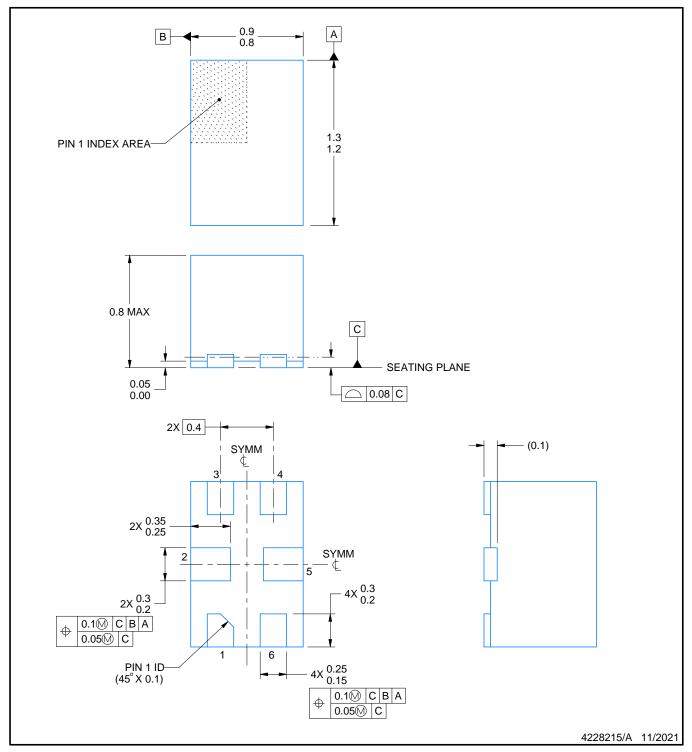


*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
TPS22995RZGR	WQFN-HR	RZG	6	3000	210.0	185.0	35.0



PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE - NO LEAD



NOTES:

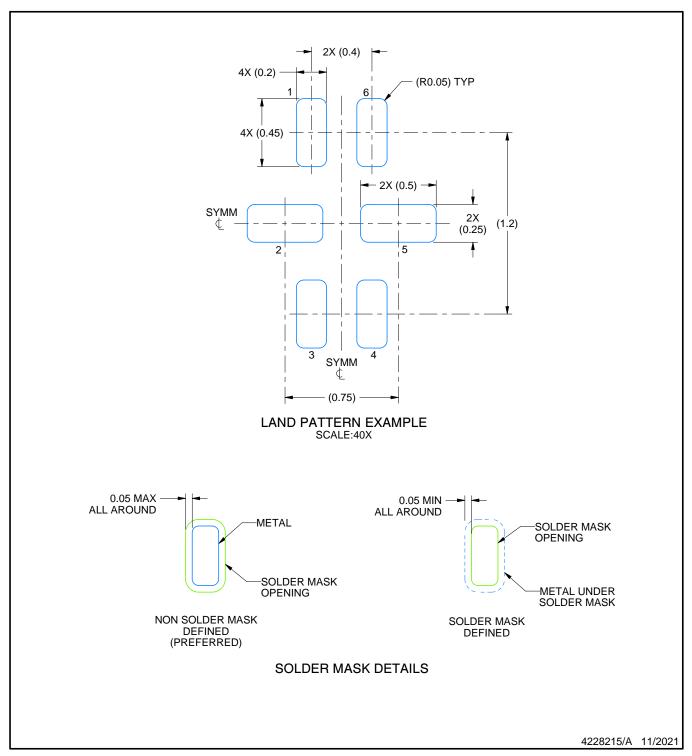
- 1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Any dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.

 2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

 3. The package thermal pad must be soldered to the printed circuit board for thermal and mechanical performance.



PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE - NO LEAD

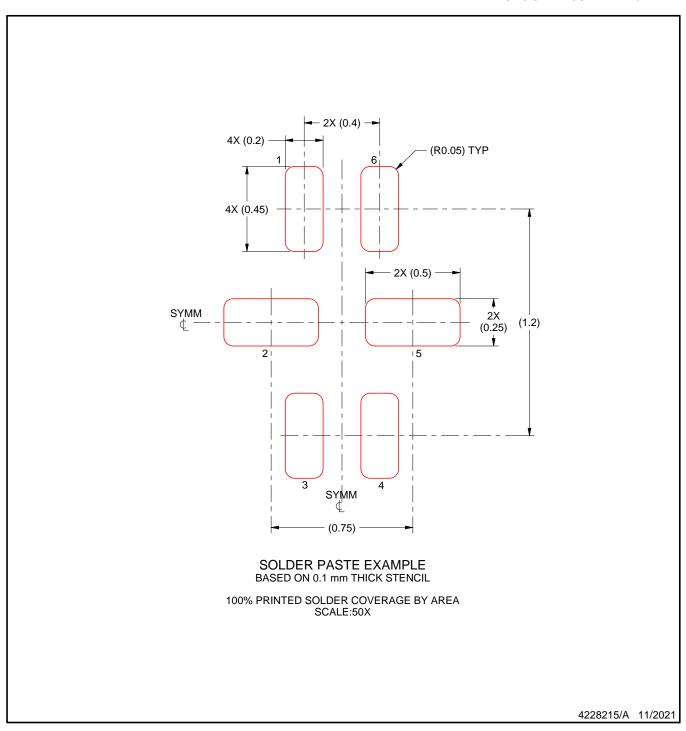


NOTES: (continued)

- 4. This package is designed to be soldered to a thermal pad on the board. For more information, see Texas Instruments literature number SLUA271 (www.ti.com/lit/slua271).
- 5. Vias are optional depending on application, refer to device data sheet. If all or some are implemented, recommended via locations are shown. It is recommended that vias under paste be filled, plugged or tented.



PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE - NO LEAD



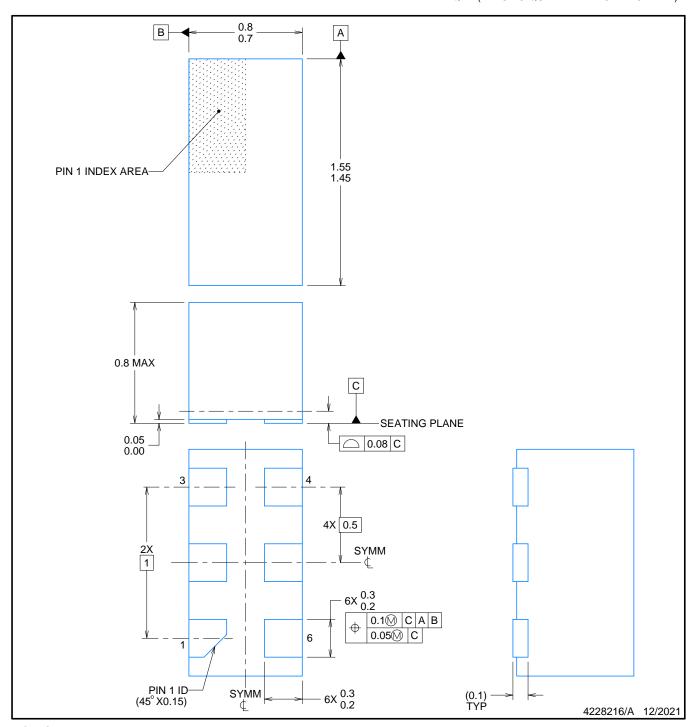
NOTES: (continued)

6. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.



WQFN-HR - 0.8mm max height

QFN (PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK - NO LEAD)

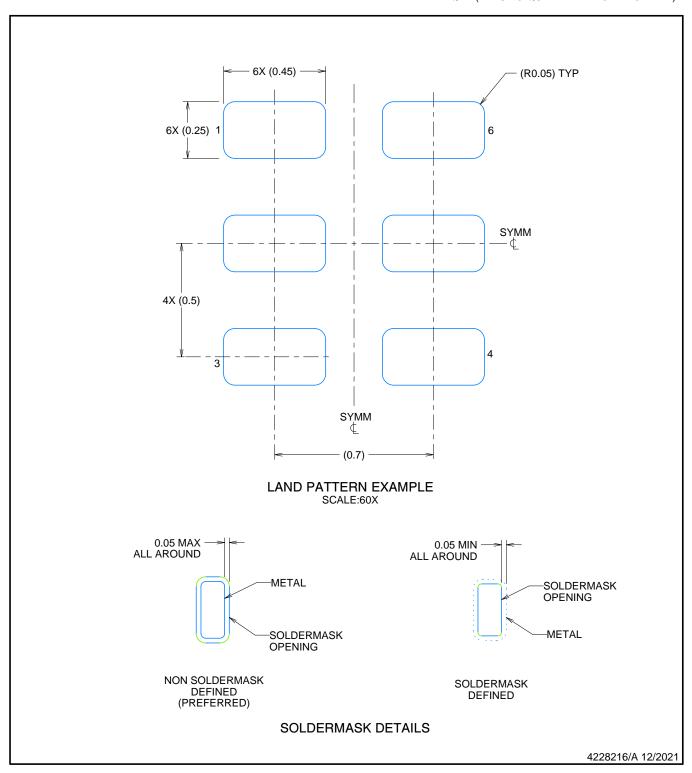


NOTES:

- 1. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Dimensions in parenthesis are for reference only. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M.
- 2. This drawing is subject to change without notice.



QFN (PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK - NO LEAD)

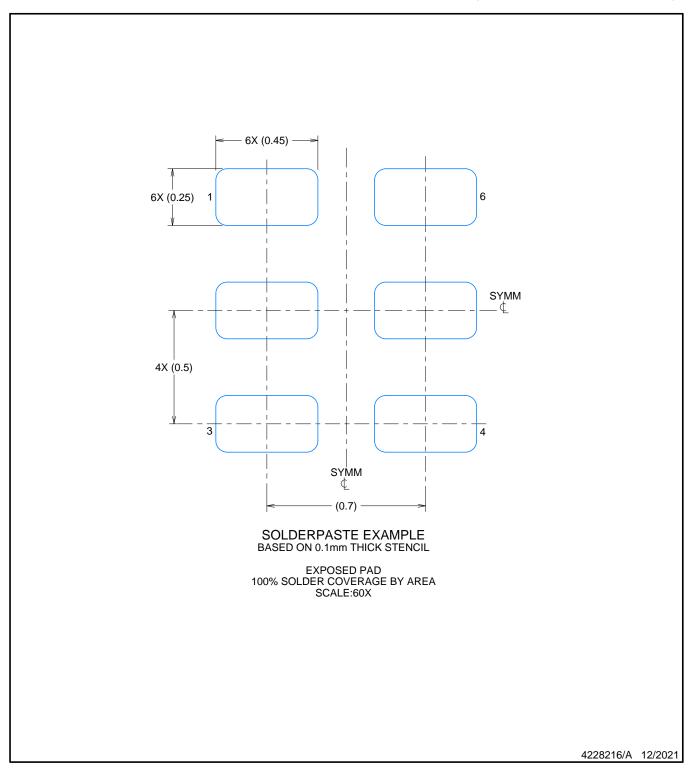


NOTES: (continued)

3. For more information, refer to QFN/SON PCB application note in literature No. SLUA271 (www.ti.com/lit/slua271).



QFN (PLASTIC QUAD FLATPACK - NO LEAD)



NOTES: (continued)

4. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and rounded corners may offer better paste release. IPC-7525 may have alternate design recommendations.



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