

Hardware Reference Manual

REV. March 2019

Lion

(VL-EPMe-42)

Intel® Core™-based Single Board Computer with Dual Ethernet, Video, USB, SATA, Serial I/O, Digital I/O, Trusted Platform Module security, Counter/Timers, Mini PCIe, mSATA, SPX, and PCIe/104™ OneBank™ Interface







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Product Release Notes

Rev 1.0	Production release for the Rev 1.0 board
Rev 1.1	Updated figure 22
Rev 1.2	Updated known issues section
Rev 1.3	Updated pin numbers on figure 13
Rev 1.4	Updated Web links
Rev 1.5	Updated manual to incorporate a no memory SKU
Rev 1.6	Updated schematic and table 10
Rev 1.7	Updated power connector part information
Rev 1.8	Updated V1 jumper information
Rev 1.9	Updated the J2 connector cable information in table 2

Support Page

The Lion Support Page contains additional information and resources for this product including:

- Operating system information and software drivers
- Data sheets and manufacturers' links for chips used in this product
- BIOS information and upgrades

VersaTech KnowledgeBase

The <u>VersaTech KnowledgeBase</u> contains useful technical information about VersaLogic products, and product advisories.

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Note: Mark the RMA number clearly on the outside of the box before returning.

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Introduction 1

Description

Features and Construction

The Lion is a feature-packed single board computer (SBC) designed to support OEM applications where high reliability and long-term availability are required. Its features include:

- Intel^{*} Core "Kaby Lake", dual core processor with clock rates up to 2.8 GHz
- Integrated high-performance video. HD Graphics 620 core - Gen-9 compute architecture, 24 execution units, and GPU Turbo Boost. Supports 3 independent displays. Supports DirectX 12, OpenGL 4.4, OpenCL 2.0.Dual Mini DisplayPort* video outputs
- Up to 16 GB DDR3L memory, one SO-DIMM socket
- Dual Ethernet ports, auto-detect 10Base-T / 100Base-TX / 1000Base-T
- Two USB 3.0 ports and four USB 2.0 ports

- Trusted Platform Module
- 2 RS-232/422/485 serial ports
- 2 RS-232 serial ports
- Three 8254 timer/counters
- Eight digital I/O lines
- 1 SATA port, 6 Gb/s
- Mini PCle / mSATA socket, supports Wi-Fi modems, GPS receivers, flash storage, and other modules
- SPX expansion
- PC/104 form factor with PCIe/104^{*}
 OneBank^{*} expansion
- Customization available

The Lion is compatible with popular operating systems such as Microsoft Windows, Windows Embedded, Linux and VxWorks.

VL-EPMe-42 boards are subjected to complete functional testing and are backed by a limited five-year warranty. Careful parts sourcing and US-based technical support ensure the highest possible quality, reliability, service, and product longevity for this exceptional single-board computer (SBC).

Figure 1 and Figure 2 show the locations of the Lion board's connectors and major components on the top side and bottom side of the board, respectively.

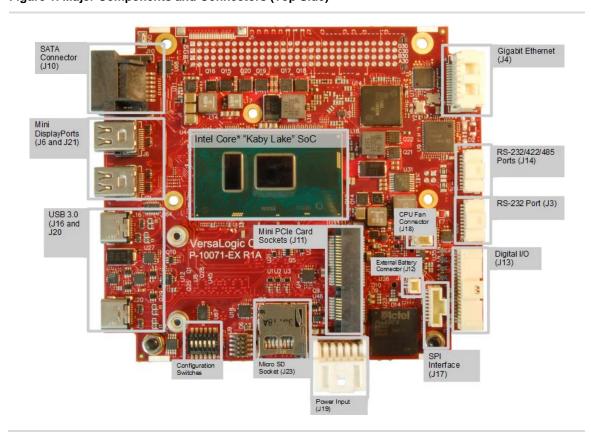


Figure 1. Major Components and Connectors (Top Side)

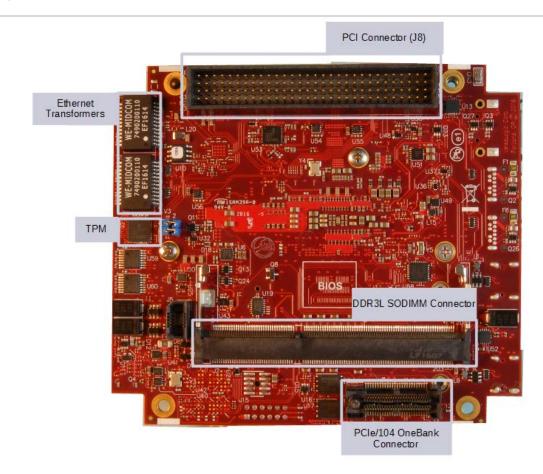


Figure 2. Major Components and Connectors (Bottom Side)

Technical Specifications

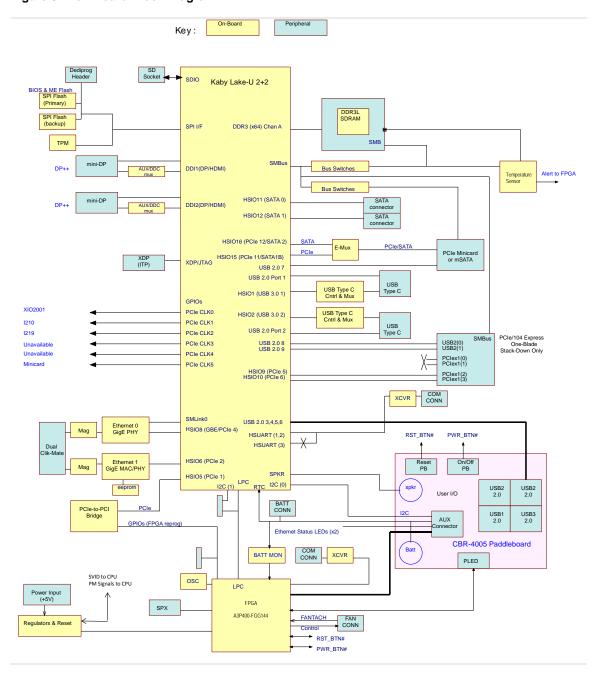
See the Lion Data Sheet for complete specifications.

Thermal Considerations

The operating temperature for the Lion is -40°C to +85°C, de-rated -1.1 °C per 305m (1,000 ft.) above 2,300m (7,500 ft.). All Lion models include a rigid-mount heat plate thermal solution. Refer to Chapter 6 for information on additional thermal solutions.

Block Diagram

Figure 3. Lion Board Block Diagram



Cautions

Electrostatic Discharge



CAUTION:

Electrostatic discharge (ESD) can damage circuit boards, disk drives, and other components. Handle circuit board at an ESD workstation. If an approved station is not available, wearing a grounded antistatic wrist strap provides some measure of protection. Keep all plastic away from the board, and do not slide the board over any surface.

After removing the board from its protective wrapper, place the board on a grounded, static-free surface, component side up. Use an antistatic foam pad if available.

Ship and store the board inside a closed metallic antistatic envelope for protection.

Note: The exterior coating on some metallic antistatic bags is sufficiently conductive to cause excessive battery drain if the bag comes in contact with the bottom side of the Lion.

Handling Care



CAUTION:

Avoid touching the exposed circuitry with your fingers when handling the board. Though it will not damage the circuitry, it is possible that small amounts of oil or perspiration on the skin could have enough conductivity to cause the contents of CMOS RAM to become corrupted through careless handling, resulting in CMOS resetting to factory defaults.

Earth Ground Requirement



CAUTION:

All mounting standoffs (four on PC/104 boards, eight on EBX and EPIC boards) should be connected to earth ground (chassis ground). This provides proper grounding for EMI purposes.

Initial Configuration

Use the following components for a typical development system:

- Lion (VL-EPMe-42) computer
- VL-ATX power supply
- Display with DisplayPort input
- Standard I/O paddleboard (VL-CBR-4005)
- USB keyboard and mouse
- USB CD-ROM drive (optional)
- USB SSD or floppy disk drive (optional)
- VL-HD35-xxx SATA hard drive (optional)

Use the following VersaLogic cables:

- VL-EPH-V6 Mini DisplayPort converter (optional for LVDS)
- VL-CBR-2032 Mini DisplayPort to VGA adapter (optional)
- VL-CBR-0702 SATA data cable
- VL-CBR-1205 Main power cable

Install Heat Sink VL-HDW-406 and Fan Assembly VL-HDW-413.

You will also need an operating system (OS) installation CD-ROM.

Basic Setup

The following steps outline the procedure for setting up a typical development system. The Lion should be handled at an ESD workstation or while wearing a grounded antistatic wrist strap.

Before you begin, unpack the Lion and accessories. Verify that you received all the items you ordered. Inspect the system visually for any damage that may have occurred in shipping. Contact Support@VersaLogic.com immediately if any items are damaged or missing.

Gather all the peripheral devices you plan to attach to the Lion and their interface and power cables.

Attach standoffs to the board to stabilize the board and make it easier to work with.

- 1. Install Memory (This product includes 0 memory SKUs. This step assumes a no memory product is being configured)
 - Insert the supported DDR3L DRAM module into SO-DIMM socket J2 on the bottom of the board and latch it into place.

2. Attach Cables and Peripherals

- Attach a DisplayPort enabled display to one of the Mini DisplayPort connectors at J6 or J21. (The VL-CBR-2032 mini DisplayPort to VGA adapter can be used as an alternate option for VGA displays.)
- Plug the VL-CBR-4005 paddleboard into Main User I/O connector.

- Plug a USB CD-ROM drive, USB keyboard, and USB mouse into any of the USB connectors at J3 and J4 of the paddleboard.
- Plug the SATA data cable VL-CBR-0702 into one of the SATA connectors. Attach a hard drive to the connector on the cable.
- Optionally, attach a LAN cable to one of the Ethernet connectors on the Lion using the VL-CBR-1604 dual RJ-45 adapter cable.

3. Install Thermal Solution

See Installing the VersaLogic Thermal Solutions later in this manual

4. Attach Power

 Plug the power adapter cable VL-CBR-1205 into socket J19. Attach the motherboard connector of the ATX power supply to the adapter.

5. Review Configuration

Before you power up the system, double-check all the connections. Make sure all cables are oriented correctly and that there is adequate power to the VL-EPMe-42 and peripheral devices.

6. Power On

 Turn on the ATX power supply and the video monitor. The presence of a video signal indicates proper configuration of the system.

7. Select a Boot Drive

During startup, press <CTRL> to display the boot menu. Insert the OS installation CD in the CD-ROM drive and select to boot from the CD-ROM drive.

8. Install Operating System

 Install the operating system according to the instructions provided by the operating system manufacturer. (See Operating System Installation.)

BIOS Setup Utility

Refer to the *BIOS Reference Manual* (available on the <u>Lion Support Page</u>) for information on accessing and configuring settings in the BIOS Setup utility. The *BIOS Reference Manual* contains descriptions of all BIOS menus, submenus, and configuration options.

Operating System Installation

The standard PC architecture used on the VL-EPMe-42 makes the installation and use of most of the standard x86-based operating systems very simple. The operating systems listed on the VersaLogic OS Compatibility Chart use the standard installation procedures provided by the maker of the OS. Special optimized hardware drivers for a particular OS, or a link to the drivers, are available at the Lion Product Support Page.

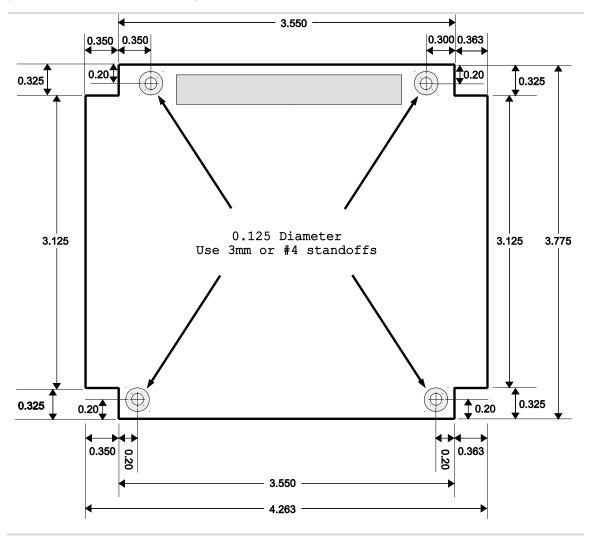
Dimensions and Mounting

Lion Dimensions

The Lion complies with PC/104-*Plus* dimensional standards. The figure below shows the boards dimensions to help with pre-production planning and layout.

Figure 4. Lion Dimensions and Mounting Holes

(Not to scale. All dimensions in inches.)



Hardware Assembly

The Lion provides both PCI and PCIe/104 OneBank connectors for adding expansion modules to the bottom of the stack.

The entire assembly can fit on a tabletop or be secured to a base plate. When bolting the unit down, make sure to secure all four standoffs to the mounting surface to prevent circuit board flexing. Standoffs secure the top circuit board using four pan head screws. Standoffs and screws are available as part number VL-HDW-105.

An extractor tool is available (part number VL-HDW-203) to separate the expansion modules from the stack. Use caution when using the extractor tool not to damage any board components.

External Connectors

Figure 5. Connector Locations (Top Side)

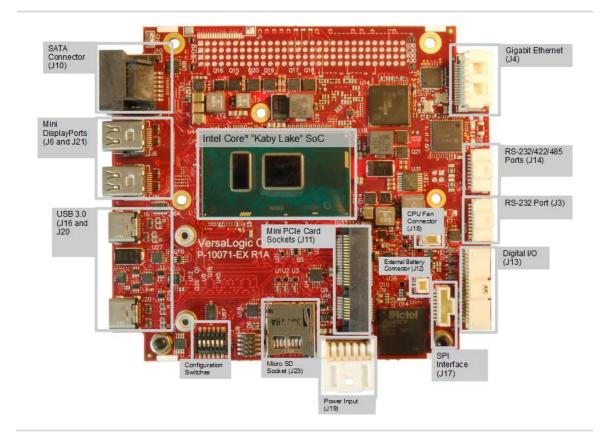
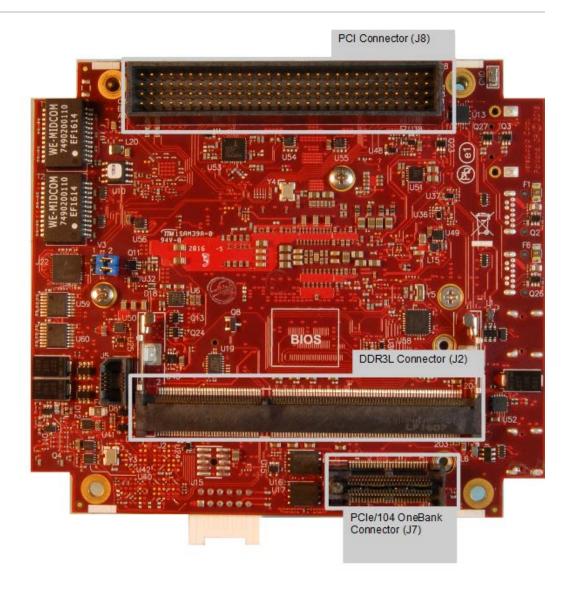


Figure 6. Connector Locations (Bottom)



Lion Connector Functions and Interface Cables

The table below provides information about the function, mating connectors, and transition cables for Lion connectors. Page numbers indicate where additional information is available.

Table 1. Connector Functions and Interface Cables

Connector (Note)	Function	Mating Connector	Transition Cable	Cable Description
J2	DDR3L SO-DIMM	_	_	_
J3	COM Ports 3 & 4	Molex 501330-1000	VL-CBR-1014	12" 1mm 10-pin Pico- Clasp to dual DB-9 Cable
J4	Dual Gigabit Ethernet	Molex 503149-1600	VL-CBR-1604	12" 16-pin to dual RJ-45 Ethernet cable
J6	Mini DisplayPort 1	_	_	_
J7	PCIe/104 OneBank Stack Down	_	_	_
J8	PCI Stack Down	AMP 1375799-1	_	_
J10	SATA	Standard SATA	VL-CBR-0702	20" SATA Cable
J11	PCIe Minicard / mSATA socket	Mini PCIe card or VL-MPEs-F1E series mSATA Flash Drive	_	_
J12	Battery connector	Molex 501330-0200 mating connector housing Molex 501334-0100 mating connector crimp pin for 28-32 gauge wire	_	_
J13	User I/O: USB, PLED, power LED, push-button reset, power button, PC speaker, battery input, I2C, GPIO	Molex 501189-4010	VL-CBR-4005A	12" 1 mm Pico-Clasp Cable 40-pin to 40-pin on VL-CBR-4005B paddleboard
J14	COM Ports 1 & 2	Molex 501330-1000	VL-CBR-1014	12" 1mm 10-pin Pico- Clasp to dual DB-9 Cable
J16	Micro USB 3.0	USB 3.0 Micro-C	VL-CBR-2402	USB 3.0 Type-C to Type-A socket cable
J17	SPI	Molex 501330-0900	VL-CBR-0901	8" 9-pin Pico-Clasp to Dual SPX (SPI) Cable
J18	Heat Sink and Fan Assembly	Provided with HDW-413 fan assembly (if used)	VL-HDW-413	Fan power cable with 3-pin connector
J19	Main power input	Molex 51353-1200	VL-CBR-1205	Interface from standard ATX power supply
J20	Micro USB 3.0	USB 3.0 Micro-C	VL-CBR-2402	USB 3.0 Type-C to Type-A socket cable
J21	Mini DisplayPort 2	_	VL-CBR-2031	36" miniDisplayPort to MiniDisplayPort
			VL-CBR-2033	miniDisplayPort to HDMI Active Adapter, 6"
			VL-CBR-2032	miniDisplayPort to VGA adapter, 6"
J23	Micro SD socket	VL-F41-xxxx micro SD Flash Drive (SLC)	_	_

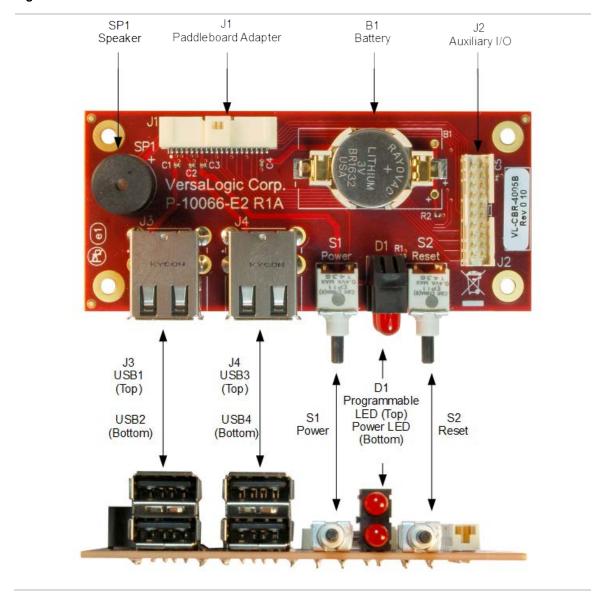


Figure 7. VL-CBR-4005 Connectors

VL-CBR-4005 Connector Functions

Table 2. VL-CBR-4005 Functions

Reference	Function	PCB Connector	Description
B1	Provides power to CMOS RAM and RTC registers when main power is off.		Back-up battery
J1	Paddleboard adapter	Molex 501571-4007	1 mm, 40-pin keyed header
J2	Auxiliary I/O (I ² C, GPIO, Ethernet LED, LED power)	FCI 98414-F06-20ULF	2 mm, 20-pin keyed header
J3	USB1 (top), USB2 (bottom)	USB Type A	USB Host
J4	USB3 (top), USB4 (bottom)	USB Type A	USB Host
D1	Programmable LED (top) Power LED (bottom)	LED	
S1	Power button	Pushbutton	
S2	Reset button	Pushbutton	
SP1	Speaker	Piezo speaker	

User I/O Connector

The 40-pin J13 I/O connector incorporates the signals for the following:

- Four USB ports
- Eight GPIO lines
- Three LEDs (two Ethernet link status LEDs and a programmable LED)
- I²C clock and data signals
- Push-button power switch
- Push-button reset switch
- Speaker output

This connector uses IEC 61000-4-2-rated TVS components to help protect against ESD damage.

Table 3 provides the pinout of the user I/O connector.

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Figure 8. Location and Pin Orientation of the User I/O Connector

Table 3. User I/O Connector Pinout

Pin	Signal
1	+5 V (VBUS1-2) Note 1
3	USB1_P
5	USB1_N
7	+5V (VBUS3-4) Note 2
9	USB3_P
11	USB3_N
13	+3.3 V
15	SPKR#
17	PWR_BTN#
19	GND
21	I2C Clock
23	I2C Data
25	GND
27	FPGA GPIO1
29	FPGA GPIO3
31	GND
33	FPGA GPIO5
35	FPGA GPIO7
37	+3.3 V
39	ETH0 LED

Pin	Signal
2	GND
4	USB2_P
6	USB2_N
8	GND
10	USB4_P
12	USB4_N
14	GND
16	PLED#
18	RST_BTN#
20	GND
22	V_BATT
24	V_BATT_RETURN
26	GND
28	FPGA GPIO2
30	FPGA GPIO4
32	GND
34	FPGA GPIO6
36	FPGA GPIO8
38	GND
40	ETH1 LED

Notes:

- 1) VBUS power for USB1 and USB2
- 2) VBUS power for USB3 and USB4

Cabling

An adapter cable, part number CBR-4005A, is available for connecting the CBR-4005B paddleboard to the EPMe-42. This is a 12-inch, Pico-Clasp 40-pin to 40-pin cable. The CBR-4005 I/O Cable Assembly consists of both the CBR-4005A cable and the CBR-4005B Paddleboard.

If your application requires a custom cable, the following information will be useful:

CBR-4005B Board Connector	Mating Connector
Molex 501571-4007	Molex 501189-4010

On-board Battery



CAUTION:

To prevent shorting, premature failure or damage to the Lithium battery, do not place the board on a conductive surface such as metal, black conductive foam or the outside surface of a metalized ESD protective pouch. The Lithium battery may explode if mistreated. Do not recharge, disassemble, or dispose of the battery in fire. Dispose of used batteries promptly.

Nominal battery voltage is 3.0 V. If the voltage drops below 2.7 V, contact the factory for a replacement. The life expectancy under normal use is approximately five years.

Auxiliary I/O Connector

The next figure shows the location and pin orientation of the auxiliary I/O connector.

Figure 9. Location and Pin Orientation of Auxiliary I/O Connector



Table 4. Auxiliary I/O Connector Pinout

Pin	Signal
1	I2C_SCK
3	I2C_SDA
5	GND
7	FPGA GPIO1
9	FPGA GPIO3
11	GND
13	FPGA GPIO5
15	FPGA GPIO7
17	+3.3 V
19	Ethernet Port 0 LED

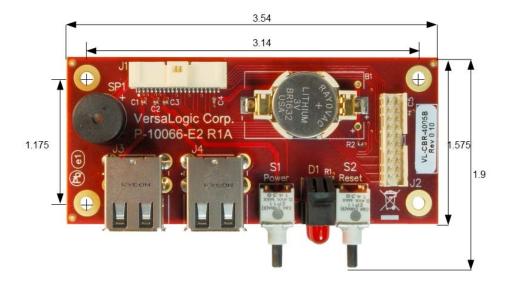
Pin	Signal
2	V_BATT
4	V_BATT_RETURN
6	GND
8	FPGA GPIO2
10	FPGA GPIO4
12	GND
14	FPGA GPIO6
16	FPGA GPIO8
18	GND
20	Ethernet Port 1 LED

VL-CBR-4005 Dimensions

The figure below shows the dimensions and mounting holes for the VL-CBR-4005.

- All dimensions are in inches
- Illustration is not to scale

Figure 10. VL-CBR-4005 Dimensions and Mounting Holes





Jumper Blocks

Jumper block V1 is located on the bottom side of the board. The board ships with two jumpers installed, but only one side of each jumper is placed on a pin of the V1 jumper block. In this configuration, the jumpers do not connect any signals. They are placed this way in case you need to configure the COM ports for RS-485 termination.

Figure 11. As-Shipped Jumper Settings

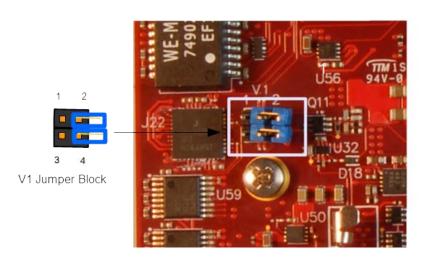


Table 5. Jumper Summary

Jumper Block	Description		
	COM1 Rx End-point Termination (see page 25)		
V1[1-2]	In – RS-485 termination Out – No termination, RS-232 (default)		
	Places terminating resistor across COM1 RS-485 TXRX+/TXRX- or RS-422 RX+/RX-differential pair. Jumper must be out for RS-232 operation.		
	COM2 Rx End-point Termination (see page 25)		
V1[3-4]	In – RS-485 termination Out – No termination, RS-232 (default)		
	Places terminating resistor across COM2 RS-485 TXRX+/TXRX- or RS-422 RX+/RX-differential pair. Jumper must be out for RS-232 operation.		

*

Integrator's Note:

No jumper is required for RS-422. You may use a terminator at the receiver, but it is not required. A jumper should be used for RS-485 only when the port is used as an endpoint.

Configuration Switches

The next figure shows the as-shipped switch configuration with all switches in the Off position. The Off position is toward the center of the board.

Figure 12. Location of SW1 Configuration Switch Block

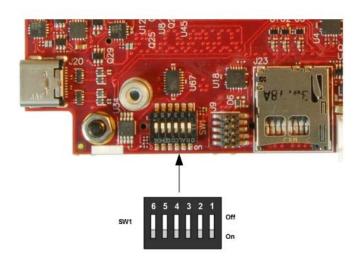


Table 6. Switch Setting Summary

SW1 Switch Position	Description
Position 1	Clear CMOS RAM and Clears Real-Time Clock Off — Normal operation (default) On — Clears battery backed up CMOS
Position 2	No Battery Switch (see Integrator's Note below) Off – A battery is being used (default) On – A battery is not being used
Position 3	Reset BIOS to factory defaults Off – Normal operation (default) On – Resets BIOS to factory defaults when the board boots.
Position 4	For factory use only. Always leave in the Off position.
Position 5	SPI Flash Security – Not supported.
Position 6	BIOS select Off – Primary BIOS (default) On – Backup BIOS

Integrator's Note:

- If a battery is installed (on the CBR-4005 paddleboard or externally using the J12 connector), switch position 2 must be set to the Off position. If it is set to On, the battery will discharge quickly.
- If you do not use a battery, switch position 2 should be set to the ON position. Otherwise, boot times could increase (by as much as 30 seconds in low temperature environments).

System Features

Power Supply

Power Connectors

Main power is applied to the Lion through a 12-pin polarized connector (J19), with mating connector Molex 55959-1230 (housing) + Molex 51353-1200 (pins). See Table 7 for connector pinout.



CAUTION:

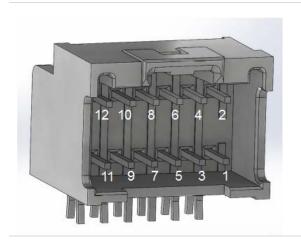
To prevent severe and possibly irreparable damage to the system, it is critical that the power connectors are wired correctly. Make sure to use all +5 V_{DC} pins and all ground pins to prevent excess voltage drop. The power connector is not fuse or diode protected. Proper polarity must be followed otherwise damage will occur.

Table 7. J19 Main Power Connector Pinout

Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal		
1	+5 V _{DC}	2	Ground		
3	3 +5 V _{DC} 4 Ground				
5	+5 V _{DC}	6	Ground		
7	+5 V _{DC}	8	Ground		
9	+3.3 V _{DC}	10	Ground		
11	+12 V _{DC}	12	-12 V _{DC}		

Figure 13 shows the VersaLogic standard pin numbering for this type of 12-pin power connector and the corresponding mating connector.

Figure 13. J19 and VL-CBR-1205 Pin Numbering





Power Requirements

The Lion requires **+5.15 VDC** (**±2** %) for proper operation. Variable low-voltage supply circuits provide power to the CPU and other on-board devices. +/- 12V and 3.3V power can also be provided if a PCIe/104 Express expansion card requires these power rails but these are not required for the EPMe-42.

The exact power requirement of the VL-EPMe-42 depends on several factors, including memory configuration, CPU clock rate, peripheral connections, and the type and number of expansion modules and attached devices.

Power Delivery Considerations

Using the VersaLogic approved power supply (VL-PS- ATX12- 300A) and power cable (VL-CBR- 1205) ensures high quality power delivery to the board. Customers who design their own power delivery methods should take into consideration the guidelines below to ensure good power connections.

In addition, the specifications for typical operating current do not include any off-board power usage that may be fed through the Lion power connector. Expansion boards and USB devices plugged into the board will source additional power through the Lion power connector.

- Do not use wire smaller than 22 AWG. Use high quality UL 1007 compliant stranded wire.
- The length of the wire should not exceed 18 inches.
- Avoid using any additional connectors in the power delivery system.
- The power and ground leads should be twisted together, or as close together as possible to reduce lead inductance.
- A separate conductor must be used for each of the power pins.
- All power input pins and all ground pins must be independently connected between the power source and the power connector.
- Use a high quality power supply that can supply a stable voltage while reacting to widely varying current draws.

CPU

The Lion uses one of three Intel Core* (formerly "Kabylake") system-on-chip (SoC) processors:

- i7-7600U (dual core) 4 MB Cache Specifications
- i5-7300U (dual core) 3 MB Cache Specifications
- i3-7100U (dual core) 3 MB Cache Specifications

These processors support Intel 64-bit instructions, AES Instructions, Execute Disable Bit, and Virtualization Technology.



Integrator's Note:

The EPMe-42xAP SKUs using the i3-7100U processor do not support Intel vPRO Technology* (which includes Active Management Technology or Intel AMT*). The i5-7300U (EPMe-42xBP) and i7-7600U (EPMe-42-xCP) processor SKUs support Intel vPRO Technology.

System RAM

The Lion accepts one 204-pin SO-DIMM memory module (J2 connector) with the following characteristics:

Size Up to 16GB, 1600 MHz, CPU dependent

Voltage 1.35 VType DDR3L

Resetting BIOS to Factory Defaults

Reset the BIOS to default settings using the following the instructions:

 Power off the Lion and set SW1 switch position 3 to the On position (toward the outer edge of the board).

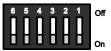




- 2. Power on the Lion.
- After the system boots, power off the Lion and set the switch back to the Off position (toward the center of the board).







4. Power on the Lion.

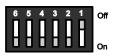
Clearing CMOS RAM and RTC Registers

Clear the CMOS RAM and RTC registers (which includes the date/time) using the following the instructions:

- 1. Power off the Lion.
- 2. Set SW1 switch position 1 to the On position (toward the outer edge of the board).



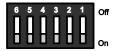




3. Wait at least two seconds and set the switch back to the Off position (toward the center of the board).







4. Power on the Lion.

Real Time Clock (RTC)

The Lion features a real-time clock/calendar (RTC) circuit. The RTC can be set using the BIOS Setup utility.

The Lion supplies RTC voltage in S5, S3, and S0 states, but requires an external +2.75 V to +3.3 V battery connection to maintain RTC functionality and RTC CMOS RAM when the Lion is not powered. The battery connection can be made to either (but not both) of the following:

- J12 external battery connector
- J13 user I/O connector



Integrator's Note:

There is no on-board battery. The Lion board will operate without a battery, but to save the date and time, use a VL-CBR-4005 paddleboard (which includes a battery) or connect an external battery to connector J12.

Expansion Bus

PCI

The Lion provides a legacy stack-down PCI connector on the bottom side of the board. See the PCI sections of the <u>PC/104-Plus Specification</u> for a complete description of this interface. The BIOS automatically allocates I/O, memory, and interrupt resources.

Table 8. PCI/104-Express* "A" OneBank Connector (PCIe/104*) Current Ratings

Signal	Current Rating
+5V	4.0 A
+3.3V	3.0 A

Table 9. PCI/104-Express* "B" Connector (PCI) Current Ratings

Signal	Current Rating
+5V	4.0 A
+3.3V	3.0 A
+12V	1.0 A
-12V	0.5 A

Note: The total current for both the PCI and the PCI/104-Express for +5V must be less than 4.0A. The total current for the +3.3V must be less than 3.0A.

PCIe/104 OneBank

The Lion provides a high-speed stack-down PCIe/104 OneBank connector on the bottom side of the board. See the PCI/104-Express[†] & PCIe/104[†] Specification for a complete description of this interface. The table below lists the interfaces provided by the OneBank connector.

Table 10. PCle/104* OneBank Interfaces

Feature	OneBank		
USB 2.0	2		
SMB	1		
PCIe x1	2		
Power	+3.3 V, +5 V		
ATX Control	No		



Integrator's Note:

The PCIe/104 OneBank version of the interface does not implement the Bank 2 or Bank 3 connectors.



CAUTION:

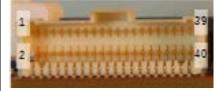
Do not add SUMIT-based products to the OneBank connector. The SUMIT interface is not mechanically or electrically compatible with the OneBank interface. Attempting to use SUMIT expansion modules will damage the OneBank connector and void the warranty.

User I/O Connector

The table below lists the pinout of the 40-pin User I/O connector (J13).

Table 11. J13 User I/O Connector Pinout

Pin	Signal	Pin	Signal		
1	+5V (VBUS1-2) Note 1	2	GND		
3	USB1_P	4	USB2_P		
5	USB1_N	6	USB2_N		
7	+5V(VBUS3-4) Note 2	8	GND		
9	USB3_P	10	USB4_P		
11	USB3_N	12	USB4_N		
13	+3.3V (S0)	14	4 GND		
15	SPKR#	16	PLED#		
17	PWR_BTN# 18 RST_B		RST_BTN#		
19	GND	20	GND		
21	I2C_SCK	22	V_BATT		
23	I2C_SDA	24	RETURN_BATT		
25	GND	26	GND		
27	GPIO1	28	GPIO2		
29	GPIO3	30	GPIO4		
31	GND	32	GND		
33	GPIO5	34	GPIO6		
35	GPIO7	36	GPIO8		
37	+3.3V (Sx)	38	GND		
39	ETH0_LINKSTAT_LED	40	ETH1_LINKSTAT_LED		



Notes:

- 1. VBUS power for USB1 and USB2
- 2. VBUS power for USB3 and USB4

Serial Ports

The Lion features four on-board 16550-based serial communications channels Two are standard PC I/O address (COM1,COM2) and two are via HSUARTs in the Kaby Lake processor (COM3, COM4). COM1, COM2 are multiprotocol RS-232/422/485 ports. COM3, COM4 are RS-232.

COM Port Configuration (COM 1, COM 2)

Use the BIOS Setup utility to select between RS-232 and RS-422/485 operating modes.

Jumper block V1 configures the serial ports for RS-422/485 operation. See <u>Jumper Summary</u> for details. The 120Ω termination resistor should be enabled RS-485 endpoint stations; termination is optional for RS-422. It should be disabled for all RS-232 modes and RS-485 intermediate stations.

If RS-485 mode is used, the differential twisted pair (TxD+/RxD+ and TxD-/RxD-) is formed by connecting plus-to-plus and minus-to-minus.

RS-485 Mode Line Driver Control

The transmit line driver can be automatically turned on and off based on data availability in the UART output FIFO. This mode can be enabled in the BIOS Setup utility. The transmit line driver can be enabled in the BIOS Setup utility.

Serial Port Pinouts

Table 12. COM1-2 Pinout -Connector J14

Pin	Signal	Description
1	RTS1/TXD1_P	Usual signals for COM1
2	TXD1#/TXD1_N	
3	CTS1/RXD1_P	
4	RXD1#/RXD1_N	
5	GND	Signal Ground
6	RTS2/TXD2_P	Usual signals for COM2
7	TXD2#/TXD2_N	
8	CTS2/RXD2_P	
9	RXD2#/RXD2_N	
10	GND	Signal Ground

Table 13. COM3-4 Pinout - VL-CBR-4005 Connector J3

Pin	Signal	Description
1	RTS3	Usual signals for COM3 RS232-only port
2	TXD3#	
3	CTS3	
4	RXD3#	
5	GND	Signal Ground
6	RTS4	Usual signals for COM4 RS232-only port
7	TXD4#	
8	CTS4	
9	RXD4#	
10	GND	Signal Ground

Battery Connector

Connector J12 can be used to connect an external battery to the Lion board. A compatible battery is available from VersaLogic, part number VL-CBR-0203.

Figure 14. Location and Pin Configuration of J12 Battery Connector



Pin	Signal
2	Battery
1	GND

VL-CBR-0203 External Battery Module

The VL-CBR-0203 is an external battery module compatible with the Lion board. For more information, contact Sales@VersaLogic.com.

Figure 15. VL-CBR-0203 Latching Battery Module



USB Interfaces

The table below lists the pinouts of the USB Type C basic connectors. USB Type C allows the mating plug to be inserted in either position.

Table 14. USB 3.0 J16, J20 Connector Pinout

Pin	Signal	Direction	Description	Pin	Signal	Direction	Description
A1	GND		Signal Ground	B12	GND		Signal Ground
A2	SSTXp1	Out	Positive Tx Diff Pair ("A" Side)	B11	SSRXp2	In	Positive Rx Diff Pair ("B" Side)
А3	SSTXn1	Out	Negative Tx Diff Pair ("A" Side)	B10	SSRXn2	In	Negative Rx Diff Pair ("B" Side)
A4	+5V	Out	VBUS Voltage (max 900mA)	B9	+5V	Out	VBUS Voltage (max 900mA)
A5	CC1	I/O, Power	"A" side CC signal used to detect power levels, device connector and to provide VCONN power	B8	SBU2	Not Connecte d	"B" Side Sideband Signal used in Alternate Modes. These are not connected on the EPMe-42
A6	Dp1	I/O	USB 2.0 Diff pair positive ("A" Side) See Note 4	B7	Dn2	I/O	USB 2.0 Diff pair negative ("B" Side) See Note 4
A7	Dn1	I/O	USB 2.0 Diff pair negative ("A" Side) See Note 4	B6	Dp2	I/O	USB 2.0 Diff pair positive ("B" Side) See Note 4
A8	SBU1	Not Connected	"A" Side Sideband Signal used in Alternate Modes. These are not connected on the EPMe-42	B5	CC2	I/O, Power	"B" side CC signal used to detect power levels, device connector and to provide VCONN power
A9	+5V	Out	VBUS Voltage (max 900mA)	B4	+5V	Out	VBUS Voltage (max 900mA)
A10	SSRXn1	In	Negative Rx Diff Pair ("A" Side)	В3	SSTXn1	Out	Negative Tx Diff Pair ("B" Side)
A11	SSRXp1	In	Positive Rx Diff Pair ("A" Side)	B2	SSTXp1	Out	Positive Tx Diff Pair ("B" Side)
A12	GND	-	Signal Ground	B1	GND		Signal Ground

The Kaby Lake-U uses an xHCI USB controller (there is no legacy EHCI USB controller). Some older operating systems (such as MS-DOS) may not support xHCI.

The VersaLogic VL-CBR-2402 cable is a USB 3.0 Type-C to Type-A socket adapter. The VL-CBR-2402 cable can be used to connect the Lion to any certified USB 3.0 hubs.

LEDs

FPGA Controlled LEDs

The FPGA controls three LEDs (the Blue is an individual LED and the Green/Yellow is a dual-package):

- Blue used for SATA (and mSATA) activity indication.
- Green used for Power-Good indication when in S0 (and will do a very low duty cycle pulse when in sleep modes as an indication that the board is still powered).
- Yellow used for errors or debug (software enables this).

The Yellow LED can be also used for debug purposes.

Power LEDs

The power LED on the VL-CBR-4005 indicates that the paddleboard is being powered by the 3.3 V supply (though it does not indicate that all S0 power supplies are within specified limits). The LED is lit only when the board is in the S0 power state. If the board enters a Sleep or Hibernate mode, the LED will not be lit.

Power Button

Connector J13 includes an input for a power button. Shorting J13 (pin 17) to ground causes the board to enter an S5 power state (similar to the Windows Shutdown state). Shorting it again returns the board to the S0 power state and reboots the board. The button can be configured in Windows to enter an S3 power state (Sleep, Standby, or Suspend-to-RAM), an S4 power state (Hibernate or Suspend-to-Disk), or an S5 power state (Shutdown or Soft-Off).

The input can be connected to ground using the normally open contacts of a pushbutton switch or a relay, or with a switching transistor (open-collector or open-drain) capable of sinking 1 mA. The input must be driven to a voltage between 0 V and 500 mV to be recognized by the Lion. Do not add an external pull-up resistor to this signal.

This connector uses IEC 61000-4-2-rated TVS components to help protect against ESD damage.

In configurations where a power button is not connected to the board, if the system is put into an S5 state, power can be restored by turning off the power supply and turning it back on. This behavior is set by default in the BIOS.

Supported Power States

The table below lists the supported power states.

Table 15. Supported Power States

Power state	Description
S0 (G0)	Working
S1 (G1-S1)	All processor caches are flushed, and the CPUs stop executing instructions. Power to the CPUs and RAM is maintained. Devices that do not indicate they must remain on may be powered down.
S3 (G1-S3)	Commonly referred to as Standby, Sleep, or Suspend-to-RAM. RAM remains powered.
S4 (G1-S4)	Hibernation or Suspend-to-Disk. All content of main memory is saved to non-volatile memory, such as a hard drive, and is powered down.
S5 (G2)	Soft Off. Almost the same as G3 Mechanical Off, except that the power supply still provides power, at a minimum, to the power button to allow return to S0. A full reboot is required. No previous content is retained. Other components may remain powered so the computer can "wake" on input from the keyboard, clock, modem, LAN, or USB device.
G3	Mechanical off (ATX supply switch turned off).

Pushbutton Reset

Connector J13 includes an input for a pushbutton reset switch. Shorting J13 (pin 18) to ground causes the Lion to reboot.

The input can be connected to ground using the normally open contacts of a pushbutton switch or a relay, or with a switching transistor (open-collector or open-drain) capable of sinking 1 mA. The input must be driven to a voltage between 0 V and 500 mV to be recognized by the Lion. Do not add an external pull-up resistor to this signal.

This connector uses IEC 61000-4-2-rated TVS components to help protect against ESD damage.

Speaker

Connector J13 includes a speaker output signal at pin 15. The VL-CBR-4005 paddleboard provides a Piezo-electric speaker (as shown in Figure 7).

Video Interfaces

The two mini DisplayPort video interfaces support Extended Desktop, Clone, and Twin display modes.

The optional VL-EPH-V6 video adapter card converts DisplayPort output to LVDS for flat panel operation.

DisplayPort

The two DisplayPort ++ (DP++) connections provided use two 20-pin mini DisplayPort connectors. DisplayPort consists of three interfaces:

- Main Link transfers high-speed isochronous video and audio data.
- Auxiliary channel used for link management and device control; the EDID is read over this interface.
- Hot Plug Detect indicates that a cable is plugged in.

Table 16. mini DisplayPort Connector Pinout

Pin	Signal	Direction	Description
1	GND		Ground
2	HPDETECT	Input	Hot Plug Detect (used to determine if a far end device is connected to the port)
3	ML_LANE0_P	Ouput	DisplayPort Lane 0 (positive)
4	CONFIG1	Input	0 - for DisplayPort, 1 - For HDMI DP++ passive adapter
5	ML_LANE0_N	Ouput	DisplayPort Lane 0 (negative)
6	CONFIG2	Output	Unused there is a a 10K pulldown resistor on this output
7	GND	-	Ground
8	GND	-	Ground
9	ML_LANE1_P	Output	DisplayPort Lane 1 (positive)
10	ML_LANE3_P	Output	DisplayPort Lane 3 (negative)
11	ML_LANE1_N	Output	DisplayPort Lane 1 (positive)
12	ML_LANE3_N	Output	DisplayPort Lane 3 (negative)
13	GND	-	Ground
14	GND		Ground
15	ML_LANE2_P	Output	DisplayPort Lane 2 (positive)
16	DDC_AUX_P	I/O	For display port this is the AUX control channel (positive). For HDMI DP++ this is the DDC control channel Clock
17	ML_LANE2_N	Output	DisplayPort Lane 2 (negative)
18	DDC_AUX_N	I/O	For DisplayPort, this is the AUX control channel (negative). For HDMI DP++, this is the DDC control channel Data.
19	GND		Ground
20	+3.3V	Output	3.3V power to DisplayPort. Tied to +3.3V (that is off in sleep mods) through a PTC

Console Redirection

The Lion board can be configured for remote access by redirecting the console to a serial communications port. The BIOS Setup utility and some operating systems (such as MS-DOS) can use this console for user interaction.

The default settings for the redirected console are 115.2 kbps, 8 data bits, 1 stop bit, no parity, and no flow control.

Ethernet

The Lion features two standard Ethernet interfaces for 1000Base-T, 100Base-TX, and 10Base-T applications. Drivers are available to support a variety of operating systems. These interfaces are protected against ESD damage.

Ethernet Connectors

Two Ethernet interfaces are provided at connector location J4. The I219 Ethernet controller (Ethernet 0) and I210-IT Ethernet controller (Ethernet 1) auto-negotiate connection speed. VersaLogic cable VL-CBR-1604 adapts the 8-pin Ethernet connector to an RJ-45 connector. The tables below list the pinout of the Ethernet connectors.

Table 17. Ethernet 0 Connector Pinout

J4 Pin	10/100 Signal Name	10/100/1000 Signal Name
1	- Auto Switch (Tx or Rx)	BI_DD-
2	+ Auto Switch (Tx or Rx)	BI_DD+
3	- Auto Switch (Tx or Rx)	BI_DB-
4	+ Auto Switch (Tx or Rx)	BI_DB+
5	- Auto Switch (Tx or Rx)	BI_DC-
6	+ Auto Switch (Tx or Rx)	BI_DC+
7	- Auto Switch (Tx or Rx)	BI_DA-
8	+ Auto Switch (Tx or Rx)	BI_DA+

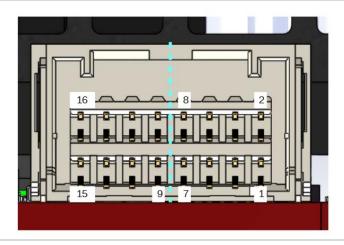
VL-CBR-1604 RJ-45 Pin
8
7
6
3
5
4
2
1

Table 18. Ethernet 1 Connector Pinout

J4 Pin	10/100 Signal Name	10/100/1000 Signal Name
9	- Auto Switch (Tx or Rx)	BI_DD-
10	+ Auto Switch (Tx or Rx)	BI_DD+
11	- Auto Switch (Tx or Rx)	BI_DB-
12	+ Auto Switch (Tx or Rx)	BI_DB+
13	- Auto Switch (Tx or Rx)	BI_DC-
14	+ Auto Switch (Tx or Rx)	BI_DC+
15	- Auto Switch (Tx or Rx)	BI_DA-
16	+ Auto Switch (Tx or Rx)	BI_DA+

VL-CBR-1604 RJ-45 Pin
8
7
6
3
5
4
2
1

Figure 16. Ethernet Connector Pinout



Ethernet Status LED

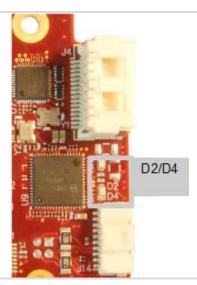
An On-board status LED is provided at location D4 (single green). The table below lists the states of the Ethernet status LED. The next figure shows the location of the Ethernet status LEDs.

Note: The same LED signals also go to J13 Ethernet LED signals

Table 19. Ethernet Status LEDs

LED	Ref Des	State	Description
Green (Activity)	D2	On	Cable connected (pulses with activity)
		Off	Cable not connected
Green (Activity)	D4	On	Cable connected (pulses with activity)
		Off	Cable not connected

Figure 17. Location of Ethernet Status LEDs



SATA Port

The Lion provides a latching SATA connector.

Table 20. SATA Port Pinout

Pin	Signal	Direction
1	Signal Ground	-
2	SATA0_TX_P	Out
3	SATA0_TX_N	Out
4	Signal Ground	
5	SATA0_RX_N	In
6	SATA0_RX_P	In
7	Signal Ground	

PCIe Mini Card / mSATA

The mini PCIe/mSATA socket accepts a full-height PCI Express Mini Card or an mSATA module.

The PCIe Mini Card interface includes one PCIe x1 lane, one USB 2.0 channel, and the SMBus interface. The socket is compatible with plug-in Wi-Fi modems, GPS receivers, Flash data storage, and other cards for added flexibility. For more information, contact Sales@VersaLogic.com.

The VL-MPEs-F1E series of mSATA modules provide flash storage of 4 GB, 16 GB, or 32 GB.

To secure a Mini Card or mSATA module to the on-board standoffs, use two M2.5 x 6mm pan head Philips nylon screws. These screws are available in quantities of 10 in the VL-HDW-108 hardware kit from VersaLogic.

Table 21. PCIe Mini Card / mSATA Pinout

J11 Pin	PCIe Mini Card Signal Name	PCIe Mini Card Function
1	WAKE#	Wake
2	3.3VAUX	3.3V auxiliary source
3	NC	Not connected
4	GND	Ground
5	NC	Not connected
6	1.5V	1.5V power
7	NC	Not connected
8	NC	Not connected
9	GND	Ground
10	NC	Not connected
11	REFCLK-	Reference clock input –
12	NC	Not connected
13	REFCLK+	Reference clock input +
14	NC	Not connected
15	GND	Ground
16	NC	Not connected

mSATA Signal Name	mSATA Function
Reserved	Not connected
+3.3V	3.3V source
Reserved	Not connected
GND	Ground
Reserved	Not connected
+1.5V	1.5V power
Reserved	Not connected
Reserved	Not connected
GND	Ground
Reserved	Not connected
GND	Ground
Reserved	Not connected

	_	
J11 Din		PC
Pin 17		S
18		
19		
20		V
21		
22		
23		
24		
25		
26		
27		
28		
29		
30		
31		
32		;
33		
34		
35		
36		
37		
38		
39		
40		
41		
42		L
43		
44		L
45		
46		L
47		
48		
49		
50		
51		
52		
- 52	l	

PCIe Mini Card Signal Name	PCIe Mini Card Function	
NC	Not connected	
GND	Ground	
NC	Not connected	
W_DISABLE#	Wireless disable	
GND	Ground	
PERST#	Card reset	
PERn0	PCIe receive –	
3.3VAUX	3.3V auxiliary source	
PERp0	PCIe receive +	
GND	Ground	
GND	Ground	
1.5V	1.5V power	
GND	Ground	
SMB_CLK	SMBus clock	
PETn0	PCIe transmit –	
SMB_DATA	SMBus data	
PETp0	PCIe transmit +	
GND	Ground	
GND	Ground	
USB_D-	USB data –	
GND	Ground	
USB_D+	USB data +	
3.3VAUX	3.3V auxiliary source	
GND	Ground	
3.3VAUX	3.3V auxiliary source	
LED_WWAN#	Wireless WAN LED	
GND	mSATA detect (Note 1)	
LED_WLAN#	Wireless LAN LED	
NC	Not connected	
LED_WPAN#	Wireless PAN LED	
NC	Not connected	
1.5V	1.5V power	
Reserved	Reserved	
GND	Ground	
Reserved	Reserved	
3.3VAUX	3.3V auxiliary source	

··· CATA	··· CATA
mSATA Signal Name	mSATA Function
Reserved	Not connected
GND	Ground
Reserved	Not connected
Reserved	Not connected
GND	Ground
Reserved	Not connected
+B	Host receiver diff. pair +
+3.3V	3.3V source
-B	Host receiver diff. pair –
GND	Ground
GND	Ground
+1.5V	1.5V power
GND	Ground
Two Wire I/F	Two wire I/F clock
-A	Host transmitter diff. pair –
Two Wire I/F	Two wire I/F data
+A	Host transmitter diff. pair +
GND	Ground
GND	Ground
Reserved	Not connected
GND	Ground
Reserved	Not connected
+3.3V	3.3V source
GND	Ground
+3.3V	3.3V source
Reserved	Not connected
GND/NC	Ground/not connected (Note 2)
Reserved	Not connected
Vendor	Not connected
Reserved	Not connected
Vendor	Not connected
+1.5V	1.5V power
DA/DSS	Device activity (Note 3)
GND	Ground
GND	Ground (Note 4)
+3.3V	3.3V source

Notes:

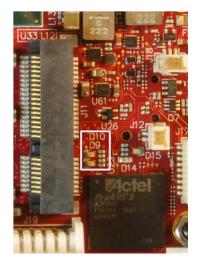
- This pin is not grounded since it can be used to detect the presence of an mSATA module versus a PCIe Mini Card. Grounding this pin is available as an option on custom boards.
- 2. This pin is not grounded to make it available for mSATA module detection.
- This signal drives the blue LED activity indicator. This LED activates with mSATA disk activity, if supported by the mSATA module.
- Some PCIe modules use this signal as a second Mini Card wireless disable input. This signal is available for use for mSATA versus PCIe Mini Card detection. There is an option in BIOS setup for setting the mSATA detection method.

PCIe Mini Card LEDs

Two dual-colored PCIe Mini Card LEDs are provided on the Lion at locations D9 and D10. The next table lists the states of the LEDs.

Table 22. PCIe Mini Card LED States

LED	Color	Status (when lit)
D9	Green	Activity on Wireless WAN (Note)
	Yellow	Activity on Wireless LAN (Note)
D10	Green	Activity on Wireless PAN (Note)
	Yellow	Illuminates when the 3.3 V power to the Mini Card is on. It alerts users to not hot-plug the Mini Card. By default, Mini Card 3.3V power stays on when the processor is in sleep modes.



Note: These LEDs will illuminate when the associated device is installed and capable of transmitting. Their function is determined by the installed device.



Integrator's Note:

The 3.3 V power to the Mini Card can be controlled by the FPGA. By default, the power is always on, but there is a register setting that turns this power off in sleep modes. The 1.5 V power is always turned off in sleep modes.

SPX Expansion Bus

Up to two serial peripheral expansion (SPX) devices can be attached to the Lion at connector J17 using a VL-CBR-0901 cable. The SPX interface provides the standard serial peripheral interface (SPI) signals: SCLK, MISO, and MOSI, as well as two chip selects, SS0# – SS1#

The +5 V power provided to pin 1 of J17 is protected by a 1 A resettable fuse.

Table 23. SPX Expansion Bus Pinout

Pin	Signal/ Function	Direction	Description
1	VCC	Out	5V Power (S0 power in this product)
2	SCLK	Out	SPX Clock
3	GND		
4	MISO	In	Serial Data input
5	GND		
6	MOSI	Out	Serial Data output
7	GND		
8	SS0#	Out	Chip Select 0 (low true)
9	SS1#	Out	Chip Select 1 (low true)

SPI is, in its simplest form, a three wire serial bus. One signal is a clock, driven only by the permanent master device on-board. The others are Data In and Data Out with respect to the master. The master device initiates all SPI transactions. A slave device responds when its chip select is asserted and it receives clock pulses from the master.

The SPI clock rate can be software configured to operate at speeds between 0.75 MHz and 6 MHz. Because this clock is divided from a 24Mhz LPC clock, the actual generated frequencies are not discrete integer MHz frequencies. All four common SPI modes are supported through the use of clock polarity and clock idle state controls.

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Thermal Considerations



This chapter discusses the following topics related to thermal issues:

- Selecting the correct thermal solution for your application (begins below)
- EPMe-42 thermal characterization (begins on page 42)
- Installing the passive (HDW-406 heat sink) and active (HDW-413 fan) thermal solutions available from VersaLogic (begins on page 45)

Selecting the Correct Thermal Solution for Your Application

This section provides guidelines for the overall system thermal engineering effort.

Heat Plate

The heat plate supplied with the Lion is the basis of the thermal solution. The heat plate draws heat away from the CPU chip as well as other critical components such as the power supply / management unit, the PCIe-to-PCI Bridge, and the Ethernet interfaces. Other components rely on the ambient air temperature being maintained at or below the maximum specified 85°C.

The heat plate is designed with the assumption that the user's thermal solution will maintain the top surface of the heat plate at 90 °C or less. If that temperature threshold is maintained, the CPU (and the other noted components) will remain safely within their operating temperature limits.



CAUTION:

By itself, the heat plate is not a complete thermal solution. Integrators should either implement a thermal solution using the accessories available from VersaLogic or develop their own thermal solution that attaches to the heat plate, suitable for environments in which the EPMe-42 will be used. As stated above, any thermal solution must be capable of keeping the top surface of the heat place at or below 90°C and the air surrounding the components in the assembly at or below 85 °C.

The heat plate is permanently affixed to the Lion and must not be removed. Removal of the heat plate voids the product warranty. Attempting to operate the Lion without the heat plate voids the product warranty and can damage the CPU.

System-level Considerations

The EPMe-42 thermal solutions – either the HDW-406 heat sink alone or with the HDW-413 fan – are part of the larger thermal system of the application. Other PC/104 boards stacked under the Lion and any other nearby heat sources (power supplies or other circuits), all contribute to how the EPMe-42 will perform from a thermal standpoint.

The ambient air surrounding the EPMe-42 needs to be maintained at 85°C or below. This can prove to be challenging depending on how and where the EPMe-42 is mounted in the end user system. Standard methods for addressing this requirement include the following:

- Provide a typical airflow of 100 linear feet per minute (LFM) / 0.5 linear meters per second (as described in the section titled EPMe-42 Thermal Characterization, beginning on page 42) within the enclosure
- Position the EPMe-42 board to allow for convective airflow
- Lower the system level temperature requirement as needed

The decision as to which thermal solution to use can be based on several factors including (but not limited to) the following:

- Number of CPU cores in the SoC (single, dual, or guad)
- CPU core program utilization
- Temperature range within which the EPMe-42 will be operated
- Air movement (or lack of air movement)
- Video processing intensity
- Memory access demands
- High speed I/O usage (PCIe, USB 3.0, SATA usage)

Most of these factors involve the demands of the user application on the EPMe-42 and cannot be isolated from the overall thermal performance. Due to the interaction of the user application, the Lion thermal solution, and the overall environment of the end system, thermal performance cannot be rigidly defined.

CPU Thermal Trip Points

The CPU cores in the Lion have their own thermal sensors. Coupled with these sensors are specific reactions to four thermal trip points. The table below describes the four thermal trip points.

Table 24. CPU Thermal Trip Points

Trip Point	Description
Active (Note 1)	The fan is turned on when this temperature is reached
Passive (Note 2)	At this temperature, the CPU cores throttle back to a lower speed. This reduces the power draw and the temperature.
Critical (Note 3)	At this temperature, the operating system typically puts the board into a sleep or other low-power state.
Maximum core temperature	The CPU turns itself off when this temperature is reached. This is a fixed trip point and cannot be adjusted.

Notes:

- 1. The default value in the BIOS Setup utility for this trip point is 55°C.
- 2. The default value in the BIOS Setup utility for this trip point is 105°C.
- 3. The default value in the BIOS Setup utility for this trip point is 110°C.

These trip points allow maximum CPU operational performance while maintaining the lowest CPU temperature possible. The long-term reliability of any electronic component is degraded when it is continually run near its maximum thermal limit. Ideally, the CPU core temperatures would be kept well below 100°C with only brief excursions above.

CPU temperature monitoring programs are available to run under both Windows and Linux. The table below lists some of these hardware monitoring programs.

Table 25. Temperature Monitoring Programs

Operating System Program Type		Description	
	Core Temperature	http://www.alcpu.com/CoreTemp/	
Windows	Hardware Monitor	http://www.cpuid.com/softwares/hwmonitor.html	
	Open Hardware Monitor	http://openhardwaremonitor.org/	
Linux	lm-sensors	http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Lm_sensors	

Thermal Specifications, Restrictions, and Conditions

Graphical test data is in the section titled EPMe-42 Thermal Characterization, beginning on page 42. Refer to that section for the details behind these specifications. These specifications are the thermal limits for using the EPMe-42 with one of the defined thermal solutions.

Due to the unknown nature of the entire thermal system, or the performance requirement of the application, VersaLogic cannot recommend a particular thermal solution. This information is provided for user guidance in the design of their overall thermal system solution.

Table 26. Absolute Minimum and Maximum Air Temperatures

Board	With Heat Plate	With Heat Sink (HDW-406)	With Heat Sink + Fan (HDW-413)
VL-EPMe-42EAP	-40° to +85°C	-40° to +85°C	-40° to +85°C
VL-EPMe-42EBP	-40° to +85°C	-40° to +85°C	-40° to +85°C
VL-EPMe-42ECP	-40° to +85°C	-40° to +70°C	-40° to +85°C

Overall Restrictions and Conditions

- Ranges shown assume less than 90% CPU utilization.
- Keep the maximum CPU core temperature below 100°C.
- The ambient air surrounding the EPMe-42 needs to be maintained at 85°C or below. This includes the space between this CPU board and any board it is stacked on top of it. Included is the space beneath an installed mini PCIe expansion board and the installed SODIMM. A recommended overall air flow of 100 Linear Feet per Minute (LFM) / 0.5 Linear Meters per Second (LMS) addresses this requirement. If this air flow is not provided, other means to keep the adjacent air at 85°C or below must be implemented.

Heat Plate Only Restrictions and Conditions:

 The heat plate must be kept below 90°C. This applies to a heat plate mounted directly to another surface.

Heat Sink Only Considerations:

■ At 85°C air temperature and 90% CPU utilization, there will be little – if any – thermal margin to a CPU core temperature of 100°C or the passive trip point (see test data). If this is the use case, consider adding a fan or other additional air flow.

Heat Sink with Fan Considerations:

The heat sink and fan combination cools the CPU when it is running in high temperature environments, or when the application software is heavily utilizing the CPU or video circuitry. The fan assists in cooling the heat sink and provides additional air movement within the system.

Integrator's Note:

The ambient air surrounding the EPMe-42 needs to be maintained at 85°C or below.

EPMe-42 Thermal Characterization

The EPMe-42 board underwent the following thermal characterization tests:

- Test Scenario 1: Dual core EPMe-42EAP (Core i3 processor) with passive and active thermal solutions
- Test Scenario 2: Dual core EPMe-42EBP (Core i5 processor) with passive and active thermal solutions
- Test Scenario 3: Dual core EPMe-42ECP (Core i7 processor) with passive and active thermal solutions
- The table below describes the thermal testing setup for the board.

Table 27. EPMe-42 Thermal Testing Setup

	EPMe-42 (Lion) dual core CPU with:			
	■ HDW-406 (passive heat sink)			
	■ HDW-413 (heat sink + fan assembly)			
Hardware Configuration	 One attached DisplayPort device 			
	■ Two RS-232 ports in loopback configuration			
	■ Two active Ethernet ports			
	■ Three USB 2.0 ports in loopback configuration			
	■ ID string: Lion_3.1.0.334.r1.101			
BIOS	■ Passive thermal trip point setting: 105°C			
	■ Critical thermal trip point setting: 110°C			
Operating System	■ Microsoft Windows* 10 Enterprise			
Test Software	■ Passmark* BIT v8.1 Pro - CPU utilization ~90%			
163t GOILWAIG	 Intel Thermal Analysis Tool* (TAT) v5.0.1026 Primarily used to read the CPU core temperature 			
Test Environment	■ Thermal chamber			

The test results reflect the test environment within the temperature chamber used. This particular chamber has an airflow of about 0.5 meters per second (~100 linear feet per minute). Thermal performance can be greatly enhanced by increasing the overall airflow beyond 0.5 meters per second.

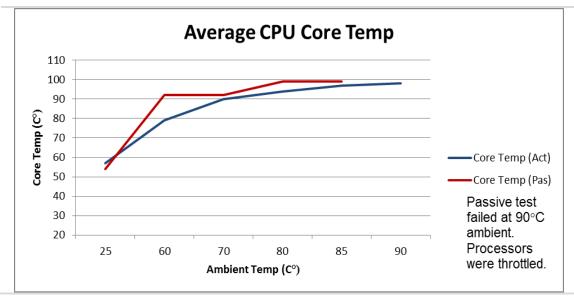
The system power dissipation is primarily dependent on the application program - that is, its use of computing or I/O resources. The stress levels used in this testing are considered to be at the top of the range of a typical user's needs.

Test Results

Test Scenario 1: Dual Core EPMe-42EAP - Passive and Active Performance

The figure below shows the thermal performance of the EPMe-42EAP using the Core i3 processor.

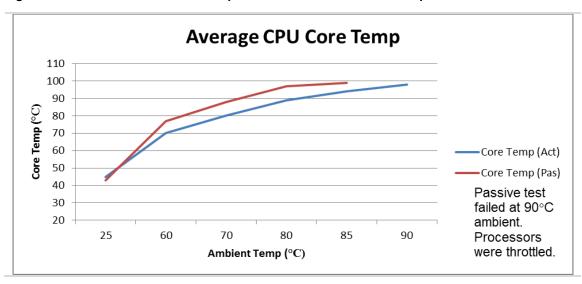
Figure 18. EPMe-42EAP CPU Core Temperature Relative to Ambient Temperature



Test Scenario 2: Dual Core EPMe-42EBP - Passive and Active Performance

This figure shows the thermal performance of the EPMe-42EBP using the Core i5 processor.

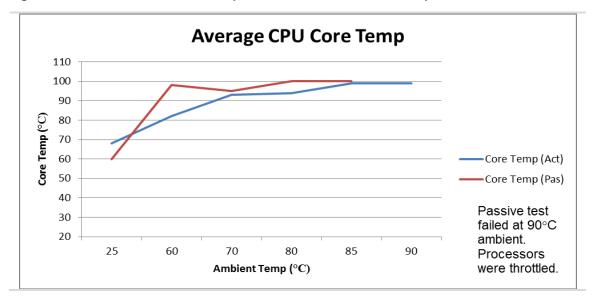
Figure 19. EPMe-42EBP CPU Core Temperature Relative to Ambient Temperature



Test Scenario 3: Dual Core EPMe-42ECP - Passive and Active Performance

The active and passive performance of the Core i7 version of the Lion will typically require a heat sink + fan for operation above 70°C, at >90% CPU utilization. As noted in the graph below, the CPU temperature is maintained at or below 100°C, but the CPU is performance constricted to limit power consumption.

Figure 20. EPMe-42ECP CPU Core Temperature Relative to Ambient Temperature



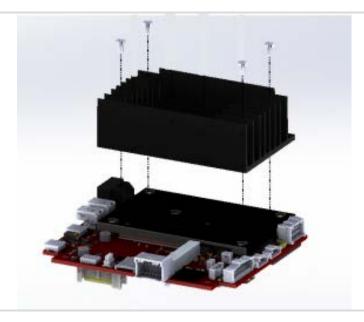
Installing the VersaLogic Thermal Solutions

The following thermal solution accessories are available from VersaLogic:

- VL-HDW-401 Thermal Compound Paste used to mount the heat sink to the heat plate
- VL-HDW-406 Passive Heat Sink
- VL-HDW-413 Heat Sink and Cooling Fan Assembly mounts to standard product.
- VL-HDW-408 Heat Pipe Block.

Installing the Passive Heat Sink

Figure 21. Thermal Heat Sink Solution Installation



Install the passive heat sink (VL-HDW-406) using these steps:

1. Apply the Arctic Silver Thermal Compound

 Apply the HDW-401 thermal compound to the heat plate using the method described on the Arctic Silver website - http://www.arcticsilver.com/

2. Position the passive heat sink

 Using the figure above as a guide, align the four mounting holes of the heat sink with the heat plate.

3. Secure the passive heat sink to the heat plate

- Affix the passive heat sink to the heat plate using four M2.5 pan head screws.
- Using a torque screwdriver, tighten the screws to 4.0 inch-pounds.

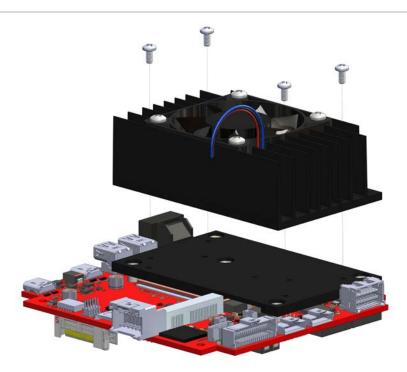


Figure 22. Thermal Fan Assembly Solution Installation

Installing the Heat Sink + Fan Assembly

Install the heat sink + fan assembly (VL-HDW-413) using these steps:

1. Apply the Arctic Silver Thermal Compound

 Apply the HDW-401 thermal compound to the heat plate using the method described on the Arctic Silver website - http://www.arcticsilver.com/

2. Position the fan assembly

Using the figure above as a guide, align the mounting holes of the heat sink fan with the four holes in the passive heat sink. Position the fan so that its power cable is on the side nearest the J18 CPU fan connector.

3. Connect power to the fan

Connect the fan's power cable to the J18 CPU fan connector on the Lion board.

Installing the VL-HDW-408 Heat Pipe Block

1. Apply the Arctic Silver Thermal Compound (VL-HDW-401)

Apply the thermal compound to the heat plate using the method described on the Arctic Silver website - http://www.arcticsilver.com/. The 4 mm heat pipes will also typically have the thermal compound applied to where the pipes contact both the heat plate and the block.

2. Position the heat pipe block

Align the mounting holes of the heat pipe block with the heat plate.

3. Secure the heat pipe block to the heat plate

- Affix the heat pipe block to the heat plate using Phillips, pan head screws.
- Using a torque screwdriver, tighten the screws to 4.0 inch-pounds.

Appendix A – References

Processor

- i7-7600U (dual core) 4 MB Cache Specifications
- i5-7300U (dual core) 3 MB Cache Specifications
- i3-7100U (dual core) 3 MB Cache Specifications

Ethernet Controllers

- Intel I210-IT Gigabit Ethernet Controller Intel I210-IT Datasheet
- PC/104-Plus PC/104-Plus Specification
- Intel I219-IT Gigabit Ethernet Controller Intel I219-IT Datasheet
- PC/104-Plus PC/104-Plus Specification

Hardware

- Power maintain >5V input power...optimal is 5.15V +/- 2%
- CPU fan does not turn off at low temperatures.
- Sometimes hangs when entering S3 sleep.

Operating Systems

- Windows 7 SD card not currently usable
- Windows 7 Special install steps required to install since Windows 7 install does not support xHCl and Lion only supports xHCl.