**Aluminum Can Power Film Capacitors** 

# C44P/C20A, 330 - 1,000 VAC/700 - 2,300 VDC, for PFC & AC Filter



#### **Overview**

The C44P/C20A series is a polypropylene metallized film capacitor with a cylindrical, aluminium can-type design filled with oil. It uses screw terminals, plastic insulator, and an overpressure safety device.

# **Applications**

Typical applications include commutation, power factor correction, and AC harmonic filtering.

#### **Benefits**

- · Overpressure safety device
- · High peak current capability
- · High torque screw terminals with plastic insulator
- · Long lifetime
- · Self-healing



# **Part Number System**

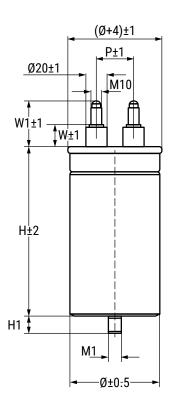
С	44	P		L	G	R	6	1	0	0	Α	A	S	J
Series		Application	Rated Voltage (VAC)		Case Type	Terminal Style	Capacitance Code (pF)		Internal Code	Inte Co		Tolerance		
MKP Capacitors for Power Applications	44 = 330 - 440 VAC 20 = 550 - 1,000 VAC	P = C44 A = C20	For C44P: L = 330 K = 440	For C20A: K = 550 L = 640 Q = 780 Z = 1,000	G = M12 bolt	R = Male M10	indica of ca 8 ind	s nine, to te the fir pacitand licates the eros to b	rst three ce value he numl	e digits . Digit ber of	A = Standard Z = Special			J = 5% K = 10%

It is not possible to manufacture every part number which could be created from coding description. Please refer to table of standard part numbers and ask KEMET for other possibilities.

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### **Dimensions - Millimeters**



Diameter	P	W	W1	M1	H1				
Ø = 65	28	18	40	12	16				
Ø ≥ 75	Ø ≥ 75 35		45	12	16				
All dimensions are in mm									

Maximum Driving Torque							
Terminals M10	10 [N*m]						
Bolt M12	12 [N*m]						

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#### **General Technical Data**

Reference Standards	IEC 61071					
Reference Standards	UL810 approved					
Dielectric	Polypropylene film					
Dielectric	Non-inductive type winding					
Climatic Category	25/70/56 - IEC 60068-1					
Maximum hot spot temperature	+80°C					
Endurance Test IEC 61071	+70°C at Case Temperature					
Installation	Whatever position					
Tinned brass deck with self estinguish UL94 V0 plastic insulators						

### **Electrical Characteristics**

Rated Voltage	Urms = (see table) VAC
Surge Voltage	Us = (see table) VDC
Capacitance Tolerance	±5% or ±10%
Dissipation Factor PP typical (tgδ0)	≤ 0.0002 at 25°C
	Annual average ≤ 80% at 24°C
Relative Humidity	On 30 days/year permanently 100%.
Relative Hullilaity	On other days occasionally 90%.
	Dewing not admitted
Capacitance deviation in temperature range (-40 +50°C)	±1.5% maximum on capacitance value at 20°C

# **Life Expectancy**

Life Expectancy	100,000 hours at $V_{RMS}$ with $T_{HS} \le 75$ °C
Capacitance drop at end of life	-5% (typical)
Failure Rate IEC 61709	See FIT Graph

#### **Test Methods**

Test voltage term to term (Utt)	1.5 x V <sub>RMS</sub> for 10 seconds at 25°C
Toot voltage term to eace (Uta)	3,600 V ~ 50 Hz for 10 seconds (C44P)
Test voltage term to case (Utc)	6,000 V ~ 50 Hz for 10 seconds (C20A)
Damp Heat	IEC 60068-2-78
Change of Temperature	IEC 60068-2-14
Vibration Strength	IEC 60068-2-6

NOTICE: Care should be taken to ensure that there still is electrical clearance of 15 mm between terminations and other live or earthed parts above the capacitor, in case of safety device activation.

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### **Table 1 - Ratings & Part Number Reference**

Cap Value	V <sub>rms</sub>	Rated Voltage	Surge Voltage	Maximum Dimensions (mm)		Ripple Current	ESR	ESL	Thermal Resistance	dV/dt	Part	
(μF)	VAC	VDC	VDC	D	Н	10 kHz 40°C (A) <sup>1</sup>	10 kHz (mΩ)	(nH)	(°C/W)	(V/µs)	Number	
100	330	700	1,050	65	117	25	3.0	115	8.5	12.5	C44PLGR6100AASJ	
200	330	700	1,050	65	147	43	2.8	140	5.4	12.5	C44PLGR6200ZASJ	
300	330	700	1,050	65	247	50	2.3	150	3.6	12.5	C44PLGR6300ZASJ	
300	330	700	1,050	75	197	55	1.4	160	4.2	12.5	C44PLGR6300AASJ	
400	330	700	1,050	65	247	55	2.0	160	3.1	12.5	C44PLGR6400ZASJ	
500	330	700	1,050	75	247	58	1.8	170	2.9	12.5	C44PLGR6500ZASJ	
500	330	700	1,050	85	197	63	1.2	160	3.4	12.5	C44PLGR6500ZBSJ	
600	330	700	1,050	85	247	65	1.6	180	2.9	12.5	C44PLGR6600AASJ	
600	330	700	1,050	85	280	75	1.1	210	2.4	12.5	C44PLGR6600ZASJ	
100	440	1,000	1,500	75	147	30	3.5	145	5.6	20	C44PKGR6100AASJ	
100	440	1,000	1,500	65	197	50	2.3	135	4.4	20	C44PKGR6100ZASJ	
120	440	1,000	1,500	65	197	50	1.8	165	4.2	20	C44PKGR6120AASJ	
133	440	1,000	1,500	65	247	40	3.0	155	3.7	20	C44PKGR6133AASJ	
133	440	1,000	1,500	75	197	50	1.6	170	4.0	20	C44PKGR6133ZASJ	
150	440	1,000	1,500	65	247	45	2.8	160	3.5	20	C44PKGR6150AASJ	
200	440	1,000	1,500	75	247	55	2.4	175	3.2	20	C44PKGR6200AASJ	
250	440	1,000	1,500	85	247	60	2.0	175	3.4	20	C44PKGR6250AASJ	
300	440	1,000	1,500	85	247	60	1.9	180	2.7	20	C44PKGR6300AASJ	
400	440	1,000	1,500	95	247	65	1.7	200	2.5	20	C44PKGR6400AASK	
22	550	1,280	1,900	65	117	40	2.1	125	13.3	30	C20AKGR5220AASK	
33	550	1,280	1,900	75	117	45	1.6	130	10.6	30	C20AKGR5330AASK	
47	550	1,280	1,900	65	197	50	1.4	135	7.8	30	C20AKGR5470AASK	
68	550	1,280	1,900	65	247	55	1.7	145	6.2	30	C20AKGR5680AASK	
100	550	1,280	1,900	75	247	60	1.4	160	5.2	30	C20AKGR6100AASK	
120	550	1,280	1,900	85	247	60	1.3	165	4.6	30	C20AKGR6120AASK	
150	550	1,280	1,900	95	247	60	1.2	180	4.4	30	C20AKGR6150AASK	
15	640	1,400	2,100	65	117	35	2.5	120	14.1	30	C20ALGR5150AASK	
22	640	1,400	2,100	65	147	35	3.0	125	10.9	30	C20ALGR5220AASK	
33	640	1,400	2,100	75	147	40	2.2	135	9.1	30	C20ALGR5330AASK	
47	640	1,400	2,100	65	247	55	1.9	145	6.3	30	C20ALGR5470AASK	
68	640	1,400	2,100	75	247	60	1.6	160	5.3	30	C20ALGR5680AASK	
100	640	1,400	2,100	95	247	60	1.3	170	4.4	30	C20ALGR6100AASK	
120	640	1,400	2,100	95	247	60	1.3	175	4.1	30	C20ALGR6120AASK	
150	640	1,400	2,100	116	247	60	1.2	180	3.8	30	C20ALGR6150AASK	
10	780 780	1,700	2,500	65	117	30	3.0	130	14.1	70	C20AQGR5100AASK	
15	780	1,700	2,500	75	147	35	3.6	135	10.1	70	C20AQGR5150AASK	
22	780	1,700	2,500	75	147	40	2.7	140	8.9	70	C20AQGR5220AASK	
33	780	1,700	2,500	85	147	50	2.0	150	7.6	70	C20AQGR5330AASK	
47	780 780	1,700	2,500	75	247	55	1.8	160	5.2	70	C20AQGR5470AASK	
68	780 780	1,700	2,500	85	247	60	1.5	170	4.5	70	C20AQGR5680AASK	
100	780	1,700	2,500	95	247	60	1.3	180	4.0	70	C20AQGR6100AASK	
15	1,000	2,300	3,300	75	147	33	2.5	150	9.2	85	C20AZGR5150AASK	
20	1,000	2,300	3,300	75	140	40	2.1	150	8.3	85	C20AZGR5200ZBSK	
22	1,000	2,300	3,300	75	147	35	2.0	155	8.0	85	C20AZGR5220AASK	
33	1,000	2,300	3,300	75	247	40	1.7	165	5.3	85	C20AZGR5330AASK	
47	1,000	2,300	3,300	85	247	45	1.4	170	4.7	85	C20AZGR5470AASK	
68	1,000	2,300	3,300	95	247	55	1.2	180	4.1	85	C20AZGR5680AASK	
Cap Value	VAC	Rated Voltage	Surge Voltage	D	Н	Ripple Current	ESR	ESL	Thermal Resistance	dV/dt (V/µs)	Part Number	

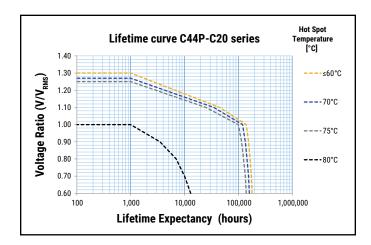
<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Maximum admissible RMS current  $T_{HS}$  ≤ 75°C.

Part numbers marked in blue font are not recommended for new designs. Please use the C44P-R series instead.

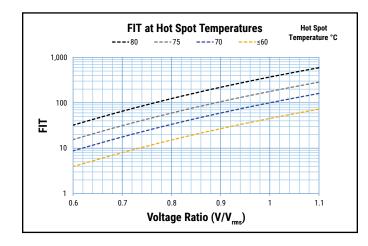
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# **Lifetime Expectancy/Failure Quota Graphs**



V = Operating Voltage [VAC] V<sub>rms</sub> = Rated Voltage [VAC]



#### **Power Losses and Hot Spot Temperature Calculation**

At each frequency, the Power Losses are the sum of:

1. Dielectric Power Losses

$$P_{n}(f) = 2 * \pi * f_{i} * C * V(f_{i})^{2} * tg\delta_{n}$$

which can be alternatively calculated as

$$P_{D}(f_{i}) = \frac{I(f_{i})^{2}}{2 * \pi * f_{i} * C} * tg\delta_{i}$$

where:  $tg\delta_0 = 2 * 10^{-4}$ 

2. Joule Power Losses:

$$P_{J}(f_{J}) = Rs * I(f_{J})^{2}$$

The Total Power Losses are the sum of the components at each frequency:

$$P_T = \sum_{i} \left[ P_D(f_i) + P_J(f_i) \right]$$

The Thermal Jump in the Hot Spot is:

$$\Delta T_{HS} = P_T * R_{th-hs}$$

The Hot Spot Temperature is:

$$T_{HS} = T_a + \Delta T_{HS}$$

#### Limits for the formulas

The limits listed below should not be exceeded:

$$\sqrt{\sum_{i} V(f_i)^2} \le V_{RMS}$$

$$2. \sqrt{\sum_{i} I(f_{i})^{2}} \leq I_{RMS}$$

$$T_{HS} = T_a + \Delta T_{HS} \le (T_{HS})_{MAX}$$

Where  $T_a$  is the ambient temperature (steady state temperature of the cooling air flowing around the capacitor, measured at 100 mm of distance from the capacitor and at a height of 2/3 height of the capacitor).

3. Maximum case temperature  $(T_{CASE}) \le 70^{\circ}C$ 

#### **Example of calculation**

Part Number: C44PKGR6100AASJ

Rated 
$$V_{RMS} = 440 [V_{RMS}]$$

Rated 
$$I_{RMS} = 30 [A]$$

$$R_s = 3.5 [m\Omega]$$

$$R_{th} = 5.6 \, [^{\circ}C/W]$$

Fundamental Frequency  $F_1 = 50$  [Hz]

Ripple Frequency  $F_2 = 7000$  [Hz]

Fundamental Voltage V, = 440 [V~]

Ripple Current I, = 27 [A]

 $T_{a} = 35^{\circ}C$ 

 $I_1 = I(50) = 2 * \pi * 50 * 100 * 10^{-6} * 440 = 13.8 [A]$ 

 $V_2 = V(7000) = [27/(2 * \pi * 7000 * 100 * 10^{-6})] = 6.14 [V]$ 

 $I_{RMS} = \sqrt{(13.8^2 + 27^2)} = 30 \le 30 \rightarrow Admitted$ 

 $V_{RMS} = \sqrt{(440^2 + 6.1^2)} = 440 \le 440 \rightarrow Admitted$ 

 $P_0(50) = 2 * \pi * 50 * 100 * 10^{-6} * 440^2 * 2 * 10^{-4} = 1.22 [W]$ 

 $P_{0}(7000) = [27^{2}/(2 * \pi * 7000 * 100 * 10^{-6})] * 2 * 10^{-4} = 0.03 [W]$ 

 $P_{1}(50) = 3.5 * 10^{-3} * [(2 * \pi * 50 * 100 * 10^{-6} * 440)^{2}] = 0.67 [W]$ 

 $P_{1}(7000) = 3.5 * 10^{-3} * 27^{2} = 2.55 [W]$ 

 $P_{\tau} = 1.22 + 0.03 + 0.67 + 2.55 = 4.47 [W]$ 

 $\Delta T_{HS} = 5.6 * 4.47 = 25 [°C]$ 

 $T_{HS} = Ta + \Delta T_{HS}$ 

 $T_{\mu s}$  = 35 + 25 = 60 [°C]  $\rightarrow$  0K since hot spot temperature is less

than maximum admitted

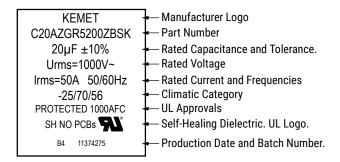
Expected Life at  $T_{HS}$  = 75°C  $\rightarrow$  100,000 hours (see lifetime curve)

Expected Life at  $T_{HS}$  = 60°C  $\rightarrow$  140,000 hours (see lifetime curve)

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### Marking



### **Environmental Compliance**

As a leading global supplier of electronic components and an environmentally conscious company, KEMET continually aspires to improve the environmental effects of our manufacturing processes and our finished electronic components.

In Europe (RoHS Directive) and in some other geographical areas such as China (China RoHS), legislation has been enacted to prevent or otherwise limit the use of certain hazardous materials, including lead (Pb), in electronic equipment. KEMET monitors legislation globally to ensure compliance and endeavors to adjust our manufacturing processes and/or electronic components as may be required by applicable law.

For military, medical, automotive, and some commercial applications, the use of lead (Pb) in the termination is necessary and/or required by design. KEMET is committed to communicating RoHS compliance to our customers. Information related to RoHS compliance will be provided in data sheets and using specific identifiers on the packaging labels.

All KEMET power film capacitors are RoHS compliant.

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#### **Materials & Environment**

The selection of raw materials that KEMET uses for the production of its electronic components is the result of extensive experience. KEMET directs specific attention toward environmental protection. KEMET selects its suppliers according to ISO 9001 standards and performs statistical analyses on raw materials before acceptance for use in manufacturing our electronic components. All materials are, to the best of KEMET's knowledge, non-toxic and free from cadmium; mercury; chrome and compounds; polychlorine triphenyl (PCB); bromide and chlorinedioxins bromurate clorurate; CFC and HCFC; and asbestos.

### **Dissipation Factor**

Dissipation factor is a complex function involved with capacitor inefficiency. The  $tg\delta$  may vary up and down with increased temperature. For more information, refer to Performance Characteristics.

### **Sealing**

#### **Hermetically Sealed Capacitors**

As the temperature increases, the pressure inside the capacitor increases. If the internal pressure is high enough, it can cause a breach in the capacitor. Such a breach can result in leakage, impregnation, filling fluid, or moisture susceptibility.

#### **Barometric Pressure**

The altitude at which hermetically sealed capacitors are operated controls the capacitor's voltage rating. As the barometric pressure decreases, the susceptibility to terminal arc-over increases. Non-hermetic capacitors can be affected by internal stresses due to pressure changes. These effects can be in the form of capacitance changes, dielectric arc-over, and/or low insulation resistance. Altitude can also affect heat transfer. Heat that is generated in an operation cannot be dissipated properly, and high RI<sup>2</sup> losses and eventual failure can result.

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Although KEMET designs and manufactures its products to the most stringent quality and safety standards, given the current state of the art, isolated component failures may still occur. Accordingly, customer applications which require a high degree of reliability or safety should employ suitable designs or other safeguards (such as installation of protective circuitry or redundancies) in order to ensure that the failure of an electrical component does not result in a risk of personal injury or property damage.

Although all product-related warnings, cautions and notes must be observed, the customer should not assume that all safety measures are indicted or that other measures may not be required.