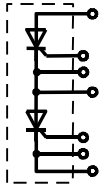


Dual Thyristor Module Types

MCC240-60io2 to MCC240-65io2

Absolute Maximum Ratings

V_{RRM} V_{DRM} [V]	 MCC
6000	240-60io2
6500	240-65io2

	VOLTAGE RATINGS	MAXIMUM LIMITS	UNITS
V_{DRM}	Repetitive peak off-state voltage ¹⁾	6000-6500	V
V_{DSM}	Non-repetitive peak off-state voltage ¹⁾	6100-6600	V
V_{RRM}	Repetitive peak reverse voltage ¹⁾	6000-6500	V
V_{RSM}	Non-repetitive peak reverse voltage ¹⁾	6100-6600	V

	OTHER RATINGS	MAXIMUM LIMITS	UNITS
$I_{T(AV)M}$	Maximum average on-state current, $T_C = 85^\circ\text{C}$ ²⁾	240	A
$I_{T(AV)M}$	Maximum average on-state current, $T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$ ²⁾	170	A
$I_{T(RMS)M}$	Nominal RMS on-state current, $T_C = 85^\circ\text{C}$ ²⁾	376	A
$I_{T(d.c.)}$	D.C. on-state current, $T_C = 55^\circ\text{C}$	458	A
I_{TSM}	Peak non-repetitive surge $t_p = 10$ ms, $V_{RM} = 60\%V_{RRM}$ ³⁾	4.40	kA
I_{TSM2}	Peak non-repetitive surge $t_p = 10$ ms, $V_{RM} \leq 10V$ ³⁾	4.00	kA
I^2t	I^2t capacity for fusing $t_p = 10$ ms, $V_{RM} = 60\%V_{RRM}$ ³⁾	80.0	kA^2s
I^2t	I^2t capacity for fusing $t_p = 10$ ms, $V_{RM} \leq 10V$ ³⁾	96.8	kA^2s
$(di/dt)_{cr}$	Critical rate of rise of on-state current (non-repetitive) ⁴⁾	500	$\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$
V_{RGM}	Peak reverse gate voltage	5	V
P_{GM}	Peak forward gate power	4	W
V_{ISOL}	Isolation Voltage ⁵⁾	3000	V
$T_{vj\ op}$	Operating temperature range	-40 to +125	$^\circ\text{C}$
T_{stg}	Storage temperature range	-40 to +50	$^\circ\text{C}$

Notes:

- 1) De-rating factor of 0.13% per $^\circ\text{C}$ is applicable for T_{vj} below 25°C .
- 2) Single phase; 50 Hz, 180° half-sinewave.
- 3) Half-sinewave, 125°C T_{vj} initial.
- 4) $V_D = 67\% V_{DRM}$, $I_{FG} = 2A$, $di_g/dt \geq 2A/\mu\text{s}$, $T_C = 125^\circ\text{C}$.
- 5) AC RMS voltage, 50 Hz, 1min test

Characteristics

	PARAMETER	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	TEST CONDITIONS ¹⁾	UNITS
V _{TM}	Maximum peak on-state voltage	-	-	2.80	I _{TM} = 785 A, T _{vj} = 25°C	V
V _{T0}	Threshold voltage	-	-	1.10		V
r _T	Slope resistance	-	-	2.50		mΩ
(dv/dt) _{cr}	Critical rate of rise of off-state voltage	-	-	1000	V _D = 67% V _{DRM} , linear ramp, Gate o/c	V/μs
I _{DRM}	Peak off-state current	-	-	150	Rated V _{DRM}	mA
I _{RDM}	Peak reverse current	-	-	150	Rated V _{RDM}	mA
V _{GT}	Gate trigger voltage	-	-	2.5	T _{vj} = 25°C, V _D = 12 V, I _T = 3 A	V
I _{GT}	Gate trigger current	-	-	300		mA
V _{GD}	Gate non-trigger voltage	0.35	-	-	67% V _{DRM}	V
I _L	Latching current	-	-	1000	V _D = 12 V, I _{FG} = 2A, t _{GP} = 50μs, T _{vj} = 25°C	mA
I _H	Holding current	-	-	300	V _D = 12 V, Gate o/c, T _{vj} = 25°C	mA
t _{gd}	Gate controlled turn-on delay time	-	-	3.50	I _{FG} = 2 A, t _r = 50 μs, V _D = 40%V _{DRM} , I _{TM} = I _{TAV} , di/dt ≥ 2A/μs, T _{vj} = 25°C	μs
Q _{rr}	Recovered Charge	-	-	4100	I _{TM} = 1000 A, t _p = 1 ms, di/dt = 5A/μs, V _R = 100 V	μC
Q _{ra}	Recovered Charge, 25% chord	-	-	2600		μC
I _{rm}	Reverse recovery current	-	-	104		A
t _{rr}	Reverse recovery time, 25% chord	-	-	50		μs
t _q	Turn-off time	-	-	630	I _{TM} = 240A, t _p = 1 ms, di/dt = 10 A/μs, V _R = 100 V, V _{DR} = 67%V _{DRM} , dv _D /dt = 50 V/μs	μs
R _{thJC}	Thermal resistance, junction to case	-	-	0.068	Single Arm	K/W
		-	-	0.034	Whole Module	K/W
R _{thCH}	Thermal resistance, case to heatsink	-	-	0.020	Single Arm	K/W
		-	-	0.010	Whole Module	K/W
F ₁	Mounting force (to heatsink)	-	6.00	-		Nm
F ₂	Mounting force (to terminals)	-	12.00	-	²⁾	Nm
W _t	Weight	-	1500	-		g

Notes:

- 1) Unless otherwise indicated T_{vj}=125°C.
- 2) Screws must be lubricated.

Notes on Ratings and Characteristics

1.0 Voltage Grade Table

Voltage Grade	V_{DRM} V	V_{RRM} V	V_{DSM} V	V_{RSM} V	V_D DC V	V_R DC V
60	6000	6000	6100	6100	3600	3600
65	6500	6500	6600	6600	3900	3900

2.0 Extension of Voltage Grades

This report is applicable to other voltage grades when supply has been agreed by Sales/Production.

3.0 De-rating Factor

A blocking voltage de-rating factor of 0.13%/°C is applicable to this device for T_{vj} below 25°C.

4.0 Repetitive dv/dt

Standard dv/dt is 1000V/μs.

5.0 Snubber Components

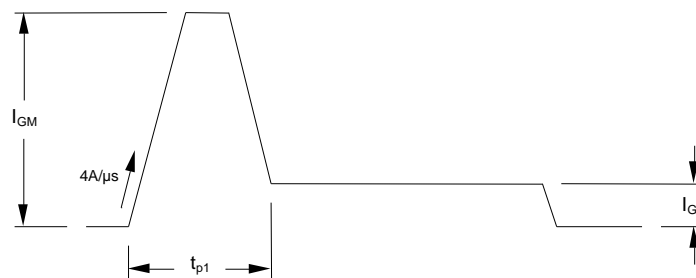
When selecting snubber components, care must be taken not to use excessively large values of snubber capacitor or excessively small values of snubber resistor. Such excessive component values may lead to device damage due to the large resultant values of snubber discharge current. If required, please consult the factory for assistance.

6.0 Rate of rise of on-state current

The maximum un-primed rate of rise of on-state current must not exceed 400A/μs at any time during turn-on on a non-repetitive basis. For repetitive performance, the on-state rate of rise of current must not exceed 200A/μs at any time during turn-on. Note that these values of rate of rise of current apply to the total device current including that from any local snubber network.

7.0 Gate Drive

The nominal requirement for a typical gate drive is illustrated below. An open circuit voltage of at least 30V is assumed. This gate drive must be applied when using the full di/dt capability of the device.



The magnitude of I_{GM} should be between five and ten times I_{GT} , which is shown on page 2. Its duration (t_{p1}) should be 20μs or sufficient to allow the anode current to reach ten times I_L , whichever is greater. Otherwise, an increase in pulse current could be needed to supply the necessary charge to trigger. The 'back-porch' current I_G should remain flowing for the same duration as the anode current and have a magnitude in the order of 1.5 times I_{GT} .

8.0 Computer Modelling Parameters

8.1 Thyristor Dissipation Calculations

$$I_{AV} = \frac{-V_{T0} + \sqrt{V_{T0}^2 + 4 \cdot ff^2 \cdot r_T \cdot W_{AV}}}{2 \cdot ff^2 \cdot r_T} \quad \text{and:} \quad W_{AV} = \frac{\Delta T}{R_{th}}$$

$$\Delta T = T_{jmax} - T_C$$

Where $V_{T0} = 1.1 \text{ V}$, $r_T = 2.5 \text{ m}\Omega$.

R_{th} = Supplementary thermal impedance, see table below and

ff = Form factor, see table below.

Supplementary Thermal Impedance							
Conduction Angle	30°	60°	90°	120°	180°	270°	d.c.
Square wave	0.1214	0.1185	0.1165	0.1149	0.1128	0.1108	0.1100
Sine wave	0.1188	0.1155	0.1138	0.1112	0.1098		

Form Factors							
Conduction Angle	30°	60°	90°	120°	180°	270°	d.c.
Square wave	3.464	2.449	2.000	1.732	1.414	1.149	1.000
Sine wave	4.025	2.778	2.220	1.879	1.568		

8.2 Calculating thyristor V_T using ABCD Coefficients

The on-state characteristic I_T vs. V_T , on page 6 is represented by a set of constants A, B, C, D, forming the coefficients of the representative equation for V_T in terms of I_T given below:

$$V_T = A + B \cdot \ln(I_T) + C \cdot I_T + D \cdot \sqrt{I_T}$$

The constants, derived by curve fitting software, are given below for both hot and cold characteristics. The resulting values for V_T agree with the true device characteristic over a current range, which is limited to that plotted.

25°C Coefficients		125°C Coefficients	
A	1.15851108	A	1.1169632
B	3.581416×10^{-2}	B	-0.059215663
C	1.839981×10^{-3}	C	2.130761×10^{-3}
D	-1.565977×10^{-3}	D	0.020248478

8.2 D.C. Thermal Impedance Calculation

$$r_t = \sum_{p=1}^{p=n} r_p \cdot \left(1 - e^{\frac{-t}{\tau_p}} \right)$$

Where $p = 1$ to n and:

- n = number of terms in the series
- t = Duration of heating pulse in seconds
- r_t = Thermal resistance at time t
- r_p = Amplitude of p th term
- τ_p = Time Constant of r th term

The coefficients for this device are shown in the table below:

D.C.						
Term	1	2	3	4	5	6
r_p	0.0385	0.01253	0.0144	0.007273	0.001871	0.0001367
τ_p	3.124	0.8558	0.1999	0.009185	0.002295	0.000238

9.0 Reverse recovery ratings

(i) Q_{ra} is based on 25% I_{RM} chord as shown in Fig. 1

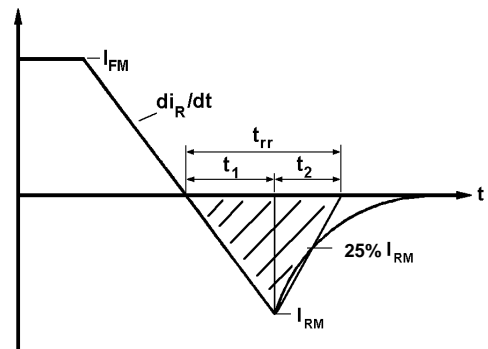


Fig. 1

(ii) $K \text{ Factor} = \frac{t_1}{t_2}$

Curves

Figure 1 – On-state characteristics of Limit device

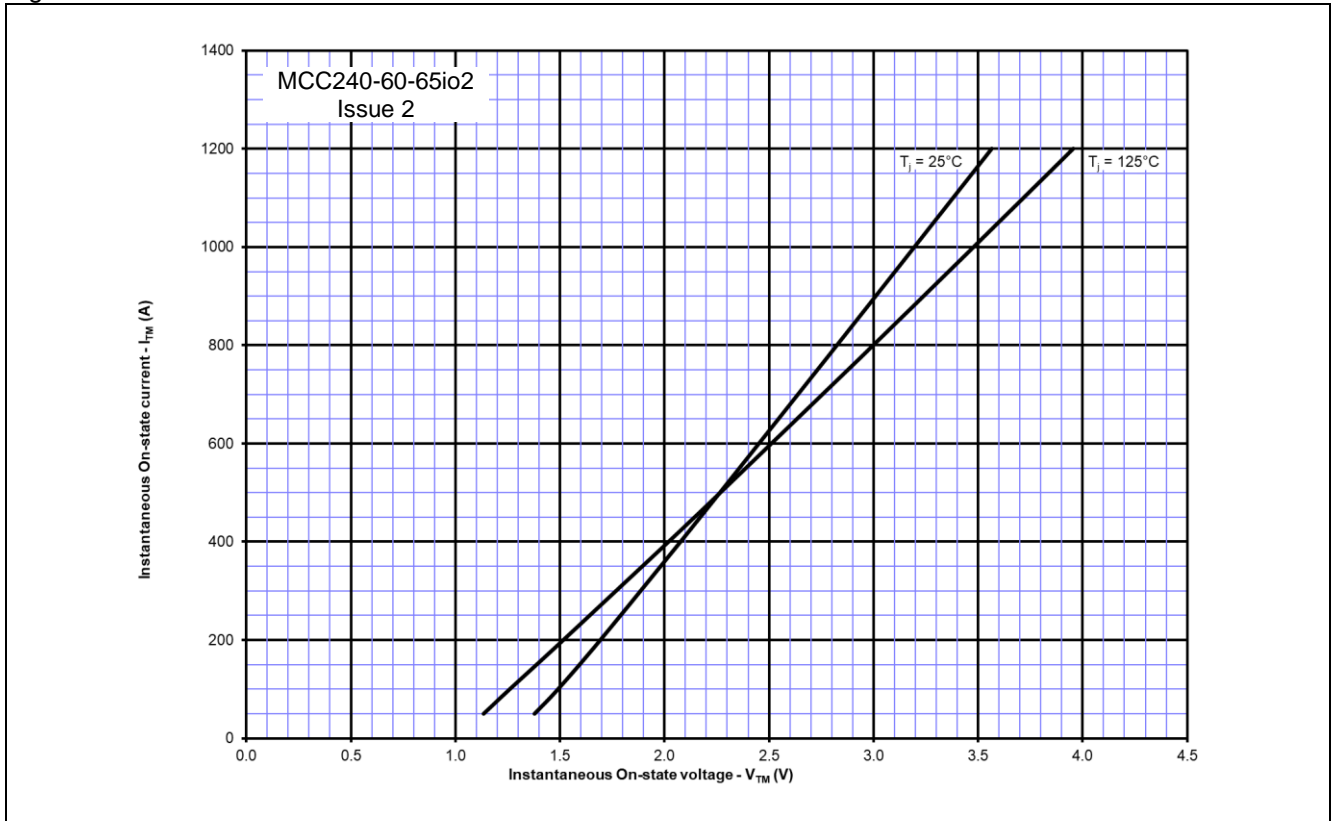


Figure 2 – Transient thermal impedance

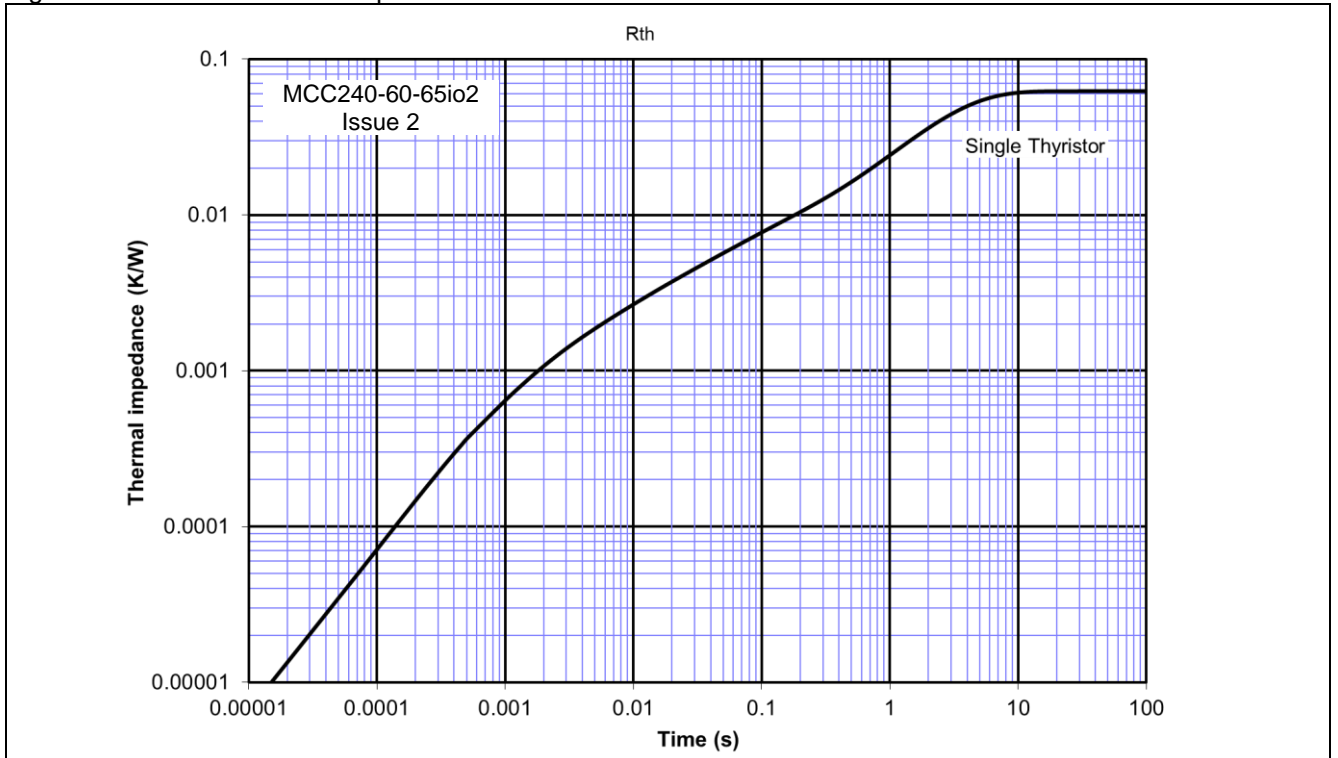


Figure 3 – Gate characteristics – Trigger limits

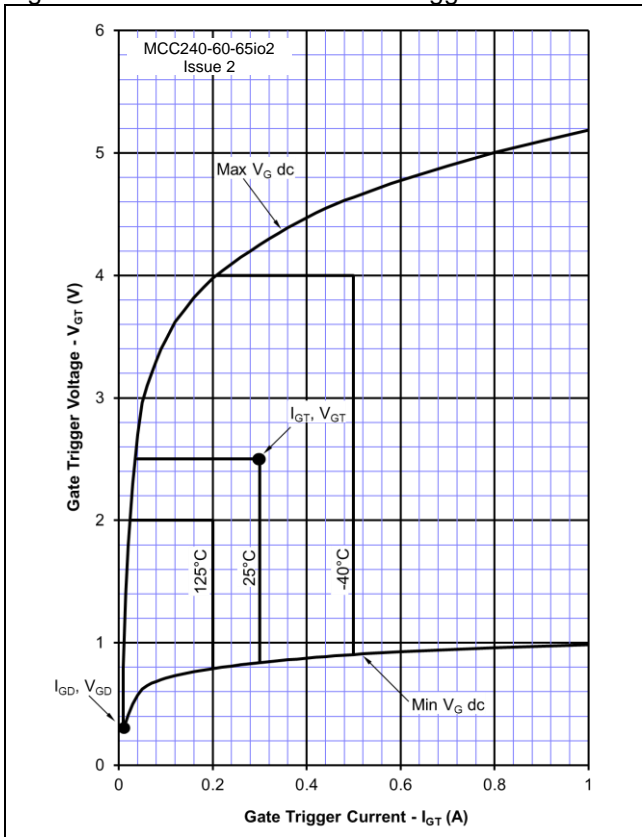


Figure 4 – Gate characteristics – Power curves

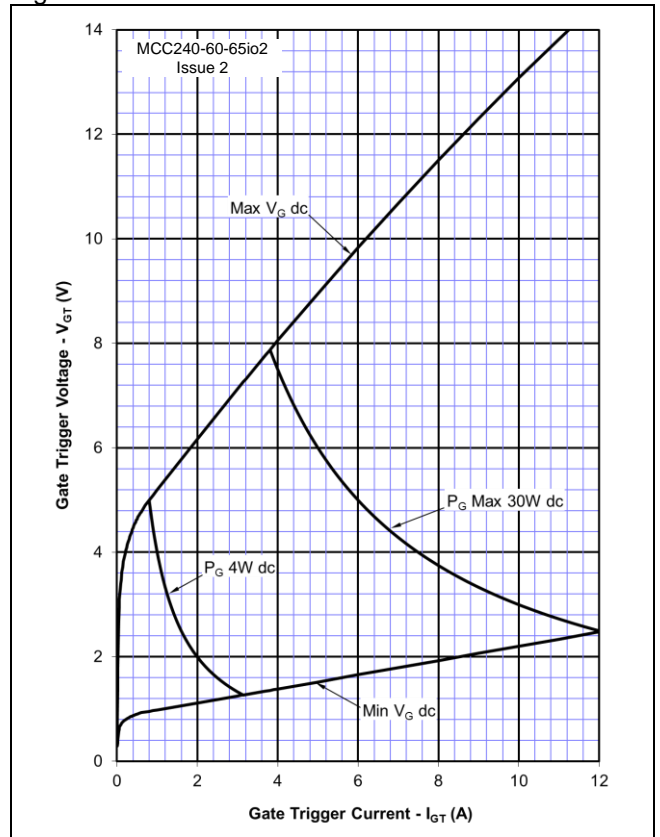


Figure 5 - Total recovered charge, Q_{rr}

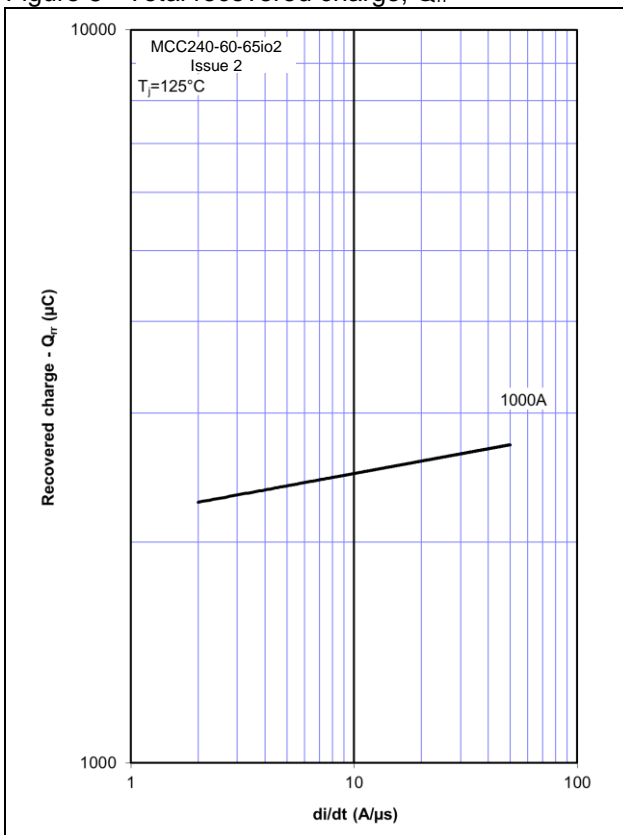


Figure 6 - Recovered charge, Q_{ra} (25% chord)

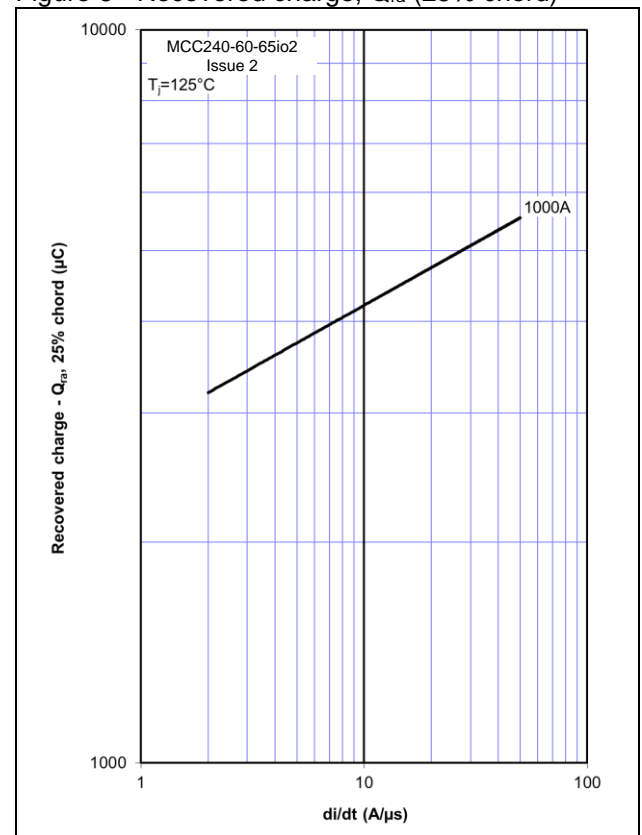


Figure 7 - Peak reverse recovery current, I_{rm}

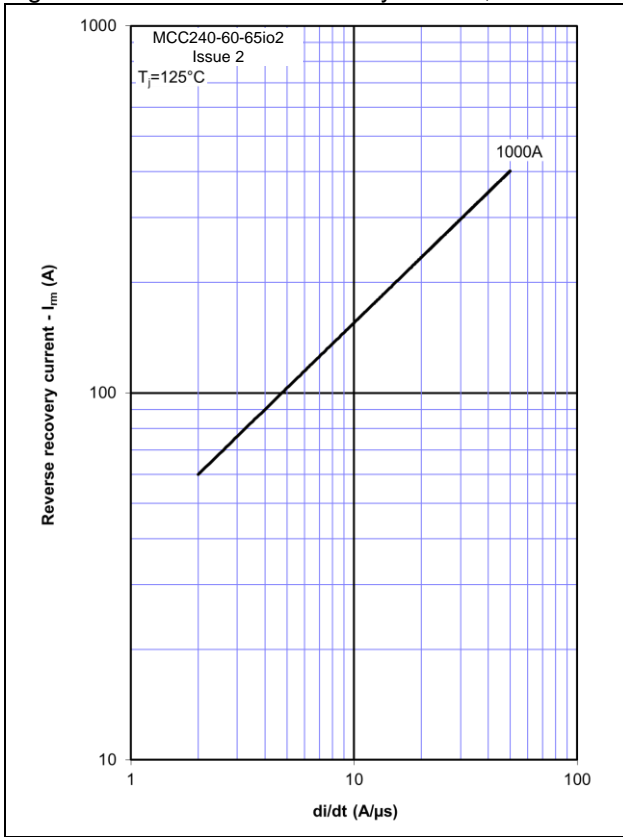


Figure 8 - Maximum recovery time, t_{rr} (25% chord)

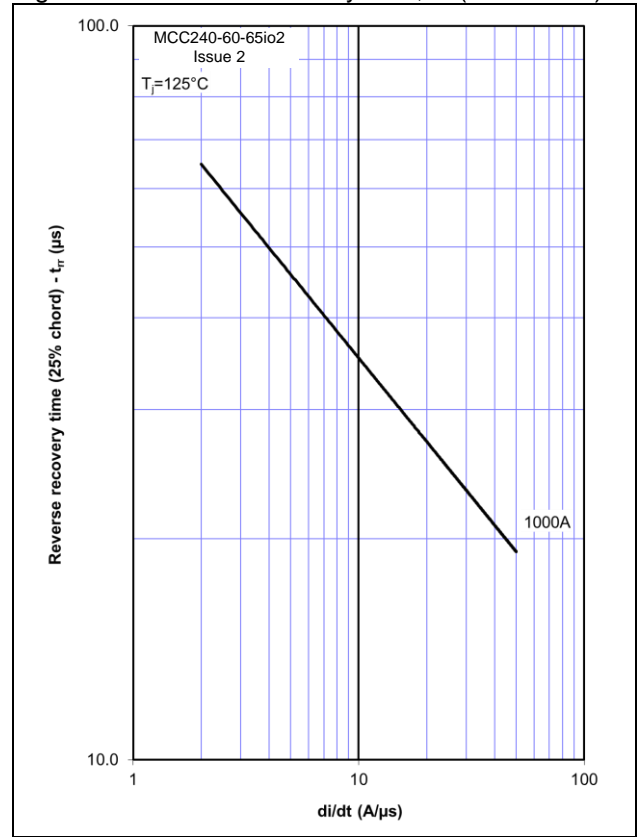


Figure 9 – On-state current vs. Power dissipation – Sine wave

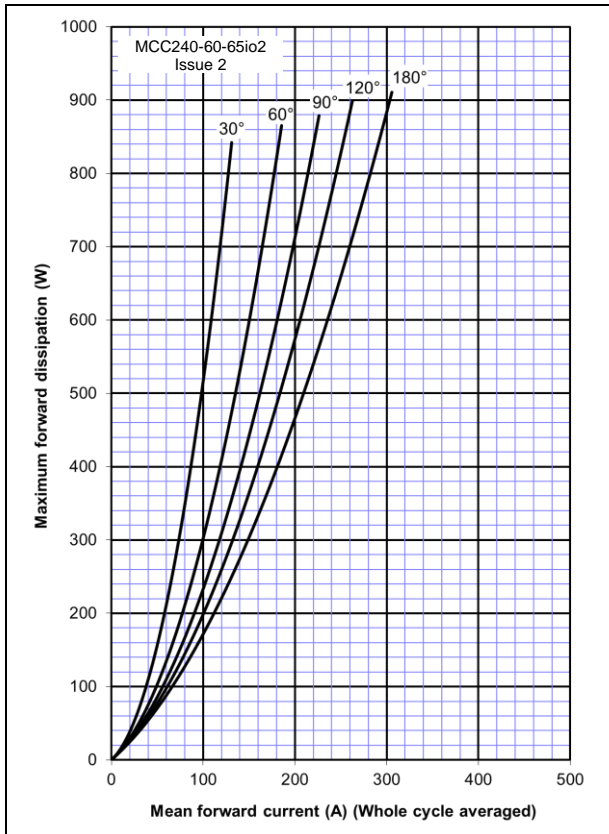


Figure 10 – On-state current vs. Heatsink temperature – Sine wave

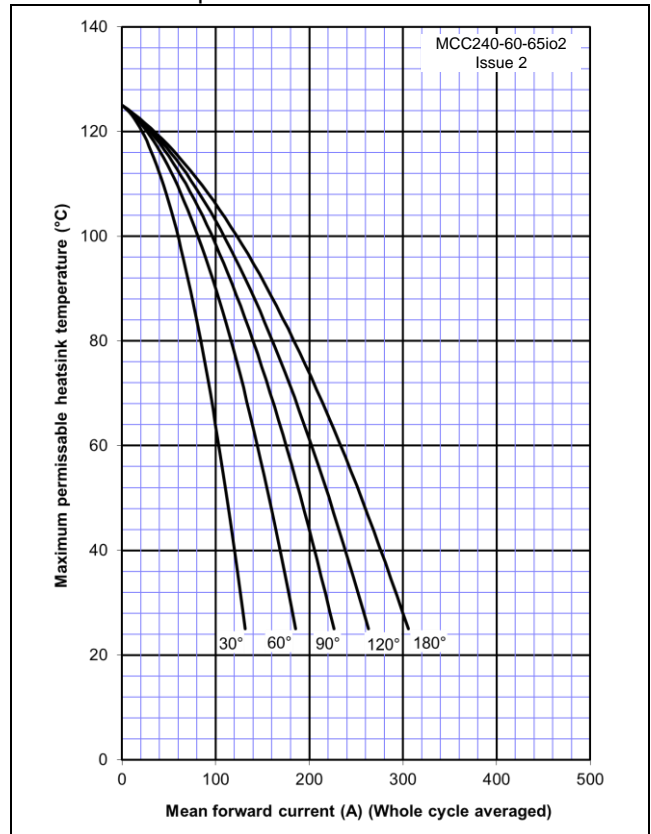


Figure 11 – On-state current vs. Power dissipation – Square wave

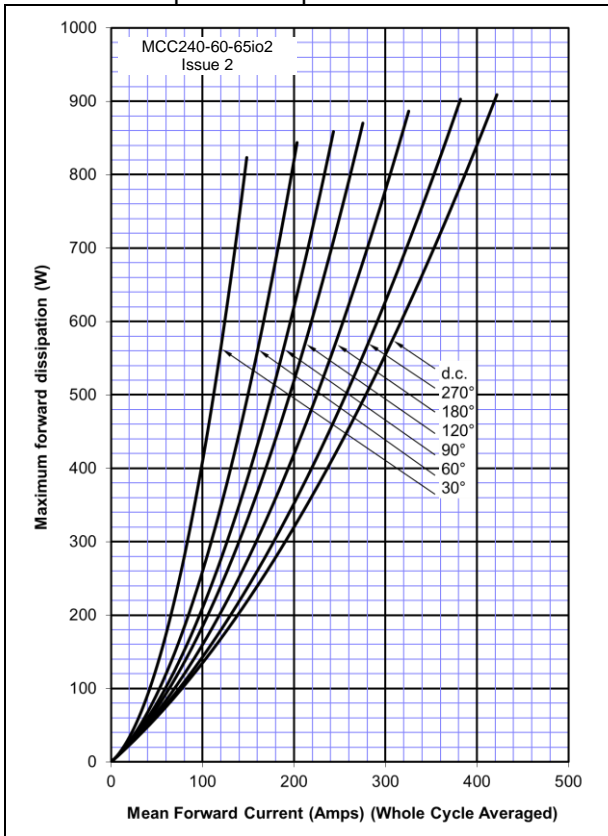


Figure 12 – On-state current vs. Heatsink temperature – Square wave

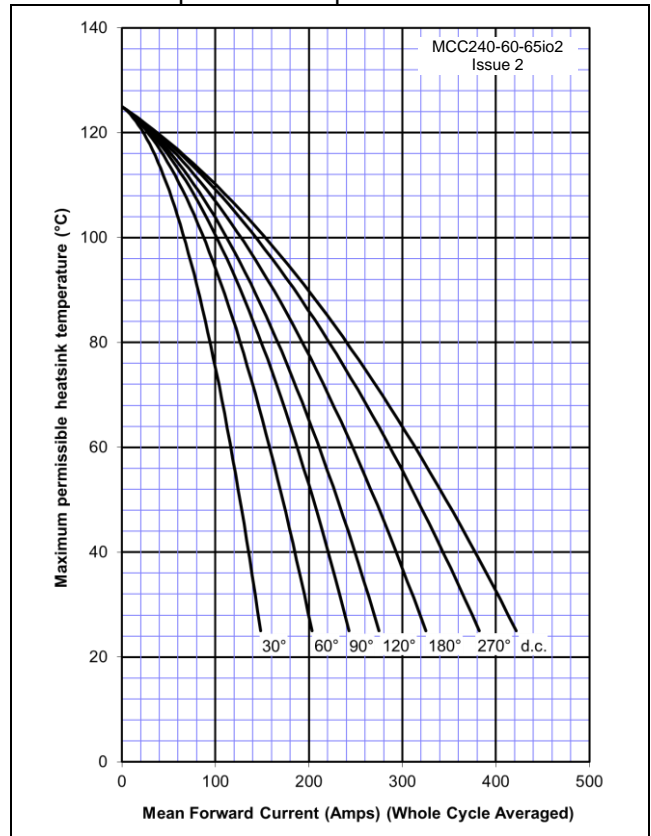
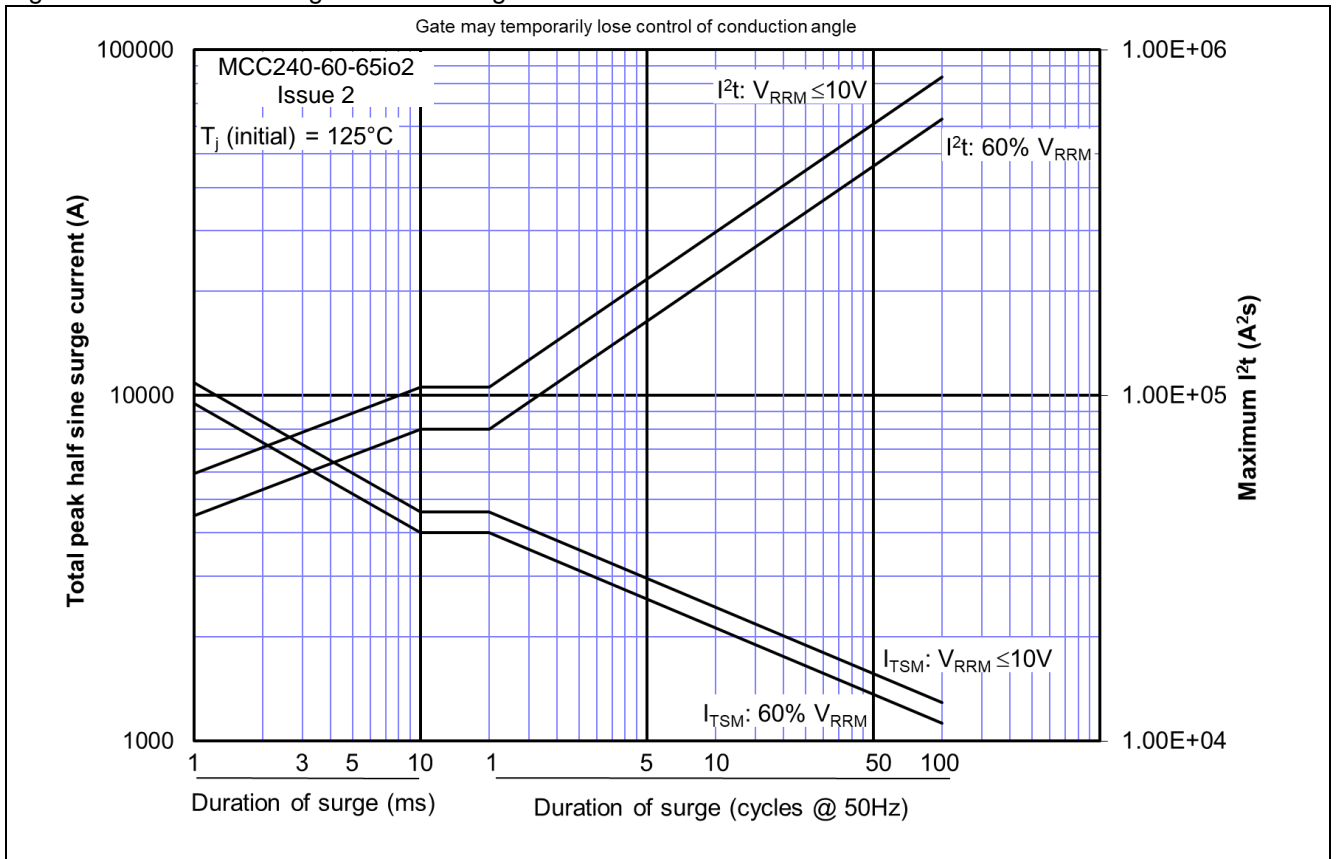
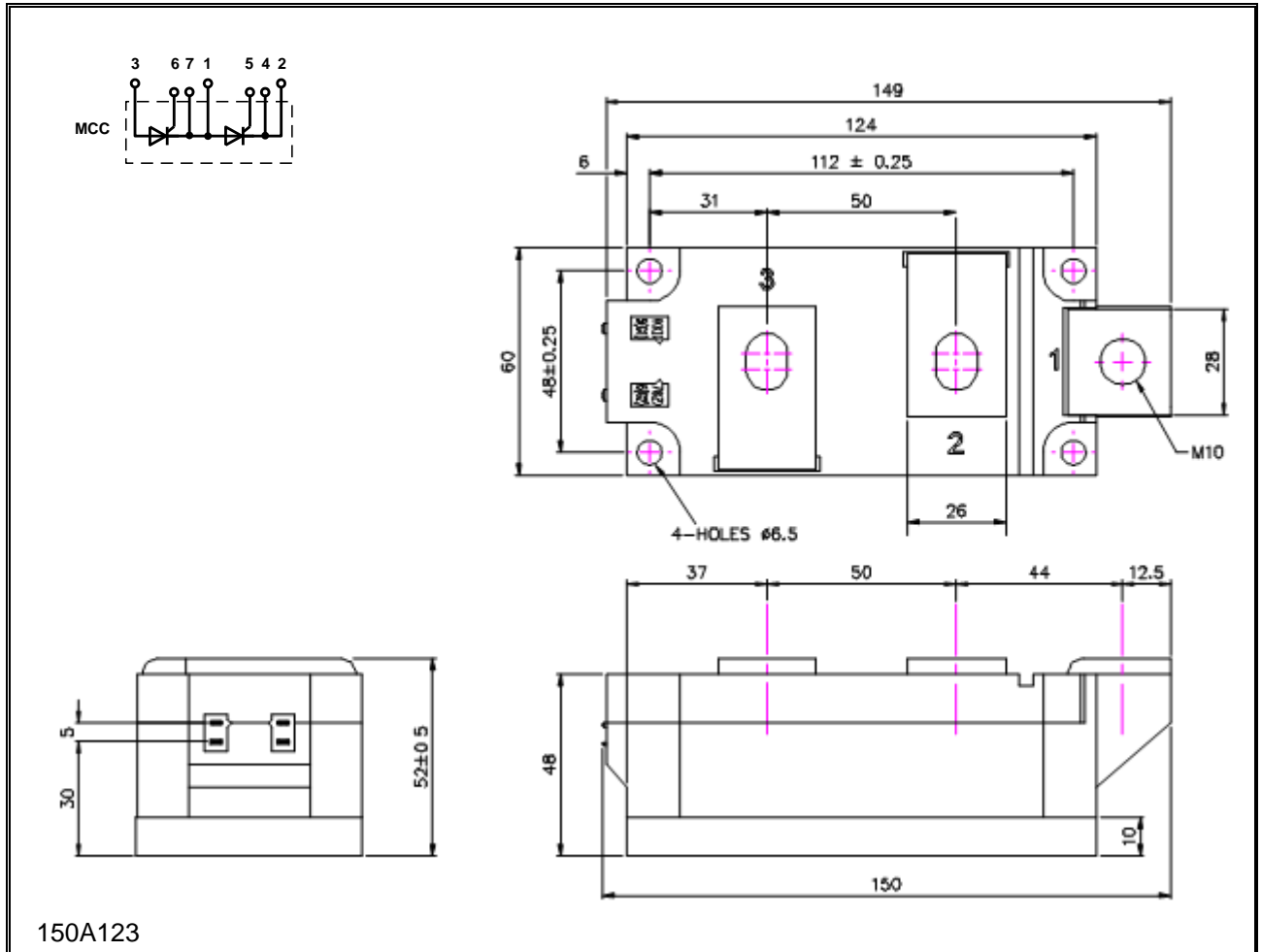


Figure 13 – Maximum surge and I²t Ratings



Outline Drawing & Ordering Information


150A123

ORDERING INFORMATION

(Please quote 11 digit code as below)

M	CC	240	◆◆	io	2
Fixed Type Code	Configuration code CC	Fixed Type Code	Voltage code $V_{RRM}/100$ 60-65	i = Critical dv/dt 1000 V/μs o = Typical turn-off time	Fixed Version Code

 Typical order code: MCC340-65io2- MCC configuration, 6500V V_{RRM}

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