

P.J

Highlights & Features

- Universal AC input voltage range
- Low Inrush Current / Low Leakage Current
- High efficiency
- Conforms to harmonic current IEC/EN/BS EN 61000-3-2, Class A
- Conformal coating on PCBA to protect against chemical and dust pollutants
- Versatile configuration options: Open Frame, L Frame, Enclosed
- Long life capacitors

Safety Standards



CB Certified for worldwide use

Model Number: Unit Weight:

Open Frame: 0.06 kg (0.13 lb) Enclosed: 0.15 kg (0.33 lb) Dimensions (L x W x H): Open Frame: 87.5 x 50 x 22 mm (3.44 x 1.97 x 0.86 inch) Enclosed: 107.5 x 60 x 32 mm (4.23 x 2.36 x 1.25 inch)

PJ-12V15W NA

General Description

The PJ series of Open Frame Power Supply comes with universal AC input at 85 Vac to 264 Vac. Other features include low leakage / Inrush current and conformal coating on the PCBAs to provide protection against dust and chemical pollutants. All products fulfill Harmonic Current Emission according to IEC/EN/BS EN 61000-3-2. The PJ series is certified for EMC standards according to EN/BS EN 55011 for industrial, scientific and medical (ISM) radio-frequency equipment and EN/BS EN 55032 for Industrial Technology Equipment (ITE) radio-frequency equipment and EMS according to EN/BS EN 55024. In addition, the detachable input and output connectors are from JST and only recognized Japanese capacitors are used.

Metal chassis and case cover are available as options for different installation preferences. The PJ series conforms to major international safety standards according to EN/UL 62368-1 standards and are fully compliant with RoHS Directive for environmental protection.

Model Information

PJ Open Frame Power Supply

Model Number	Input Voltage Range	Rated Output Voltage	Rated Output Current
PJ-12V15W□NA	85-264 Vac	12 Vdc	1.30 A

Model Numbering

1

				CC Code	
PJ –	12V	15W		Ν	Α
PJ Series	Output Voltage	Output Power	Product Type B - Open Frame L - L Frame C - Enclosed	Remote ON/OFF Function N - No Remote ON/OFF	Delta Standard



Specifications

Input Ratings / Characteristics

Nominal Input Voltage	100-240 Vac
Input Voltage Range	85-264 Vac (Please refer to the Output De-rating VS. Input Voltage graph)
Nominal Input Frequency	50-60 Hz
Input Frequency Range	47-63 Hz
Input Current	0.35 A typ. @ 100 Vac, 0.20 A typ. @ 200 Vac
Efficiency at 100% Load	81.0% typ. @ 100 Vac, 82.5% typ. @ 200 Vac
Max Inrush Current (Cold Start)	15 A typ. @ 100 Vac, 30 A typ. @ 200 Vac
Leakage Current	0.1 mA @ 100 Vac, 0.2 mA @ 240 Vac

Output Ratings / Characteristics

Nominal Output Voltage	12 Vdc
Output Voltage Tolerance	± 1% (initial set point tolerance from factory)
Output Voltage Adjustment Range	10.8-13.2 Vdc
Output Current	1.30 A
Output Power	15.6 W
Line Regulation	< 48 mV (@ 100 Vac & 200 Vac input, 100% load)
Load Regulation	< 100 mV (@ 100 Vac & 200 Vac input, 100% load)
Ripple (20 MHz)	< 120 mVpp @ 0°C to 50°C, < 160 mVpp @ -10°C to 0°C
Ripple Noise (20 MHz)	< 150 mVpp @ 0°C to 50°C, < 180 mVpp @ -10°C to 0°C
Start-up Time	200 ms typ. @ 100 Vac (100% load)
Hold-up Time	20 ms typ. @ 100 Vac (100% load)
Dynamic Response (Overshoot & Undershoot O/P Voltage)	\pm 5% @ 0-50% load and 50-100% load
Start-up with Capacitive Loads	8,000 μF Max

Mechanical

Case Cover / Chassis		SGCC
Dimensions (L x W x H)	Open Frame	87.5 x 50 x 22 mm (3.44 x 1.97 x 0.86 inch)
	Enclosed	107.5 x 60 x 32 mm (4.23 x 2.36 x 1.25 inch)
Unit Weight	Open Frame	0.06 kg (0.13 lb)
	Enclosed	0.15 kg (0.33 lb)
Cooling System		Convection
Terminal	Input	JST B3P5-VH (LF)(SN)
	Output	JST B2P-VH (LF)(SN)
Wire		AWG 22-18



Environment

Surrounding Air Temperature	Operating	-10°C to +70°C
	Storage	-25°C to +75°C
Power De-rating	Mounting Orientation A	> 50°C de-rate power by 2.5% / °C < 90 Vac de-rate power by 2% / V
Operating Humidity		5 to 95% RH (Non-Condensing)
Operating Altitude		0 to 5,000 Meters (16,400 ft.)
Shock Test (Non-Operating)		IEC60068-2-27, Half Sine Wave: 50 G for a duration of 11 ms, 3 shocks for each 3 directions
Vibration (Operating)		IEC60068-2-6, Sine Wave: 10Hz to 55 Hz @ 19.6 m/S² (2 G peak); 10 min per cycle, 60 min per axis for all X, Y, Z direction
Pollution Degree		2

Protections

Overvoltage	13.8-16.8 V, Latch Mode
Overload / Overcurrent	> 105% of rated load current, Hiccup Mode,
	Non-Latching (Auto-Recovery)
Over Temperature	Latch Mode
Short Circuit	Hiccup Mode, Non-Latching
	(Auto-Recovery when the fault is removed)
Protection Against Shock	Class I with PE* connection

*PE: Primary Earth

Reliability Data

MTBF	> 200,000 hrs. as per JEITA RCR-9102B
Expected Cap Life Time	10 years (115 Vac, 50% load @ 40°C)

Safety Standards / Directives

Electrical Safety	TUV Bauart UL/cUL recognized CB scheme	EN 60950-1, EN 62368-1 UL 60950-1 and CSA C22.2 No. 60950-1 (File No. E131881) UL 62368-1 and CSA C22.2 No. 62368-1 (File No. E131881) IEC 60950-1, IEC 62368-1
CE		In conformance with EMC Directive 2014/30/EU and Low Voltage Directive 2014/35/EU
UKCA		In conformance with Electromagnetic Compatibility Regulations 2016 and Electrical Equipment (Safety) Regulations 2016
Galvanic Isolation	Input to Output	3.0 KVac
	Input to Ground	2.0 KVac
	Output to Ground	0.5 KVac



EMC

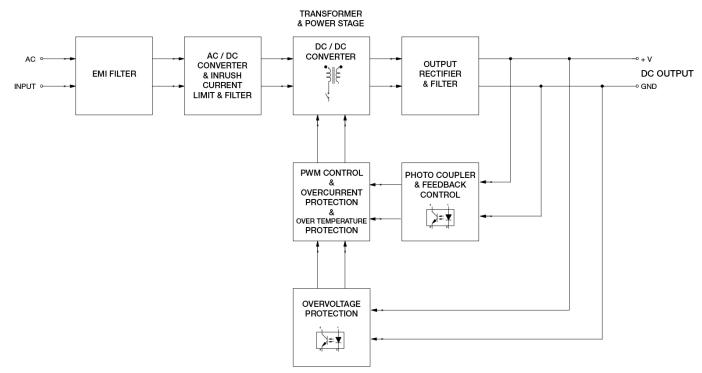
EMC / Emissions		CISPR 32, EN/BS EN 55032, FCC Title 47: Class B
Immunity to		EN/BS EN 55024
Electrostatic Discharge	IEC 61000-4-2	Level 4 Criteria A ¹⁾ (Tested with enclosed type) Air Discharge: 15 kV Contact Discharge: 8 kV
Radiated Field	IEC 61000-4-3	Level 2 Criteria A ¹⁾ 80 MHz-1 GHz, 3 V/M with 1 kHz tone / 80% modulation
Electrical Fast Transient / Burst	IEC 61000-4-4	Level 2 Criteria A ¹⁾ 1 kV
Surge	IEC 61000-4-5	Level 3 Criteria A ¹⁾ Common Mode ²⁾ : 2 kV Differential Mode ³⁾ : 1 kV
Conducted	IEC 61000-4-6	Level 2 Criteria A ¹⁾ 150 kHz - 80 MHz, 3 Vrms
Power Frequency Magnetic Fields	IEC 61000-4-8	Criteria A ¹⁾ Magnetic field strength 1 A/Meter
Voltage Dips	IEC 61000-4-11	100% dip; 1 cycle (20ms); Self Recoverable
Harmonic Current Emission		IEC/EN/BS EN 61000-3-2, Class A
Voltage Fluctuation and Flicker		IEC/EN/BS EN 61000-3-3

1) Criteria A: Normal performance within the specification limits

Asymmetrical: Common mode (Line to earth)
Symmetrical: Differential mode (Line to line)

Block Diagram

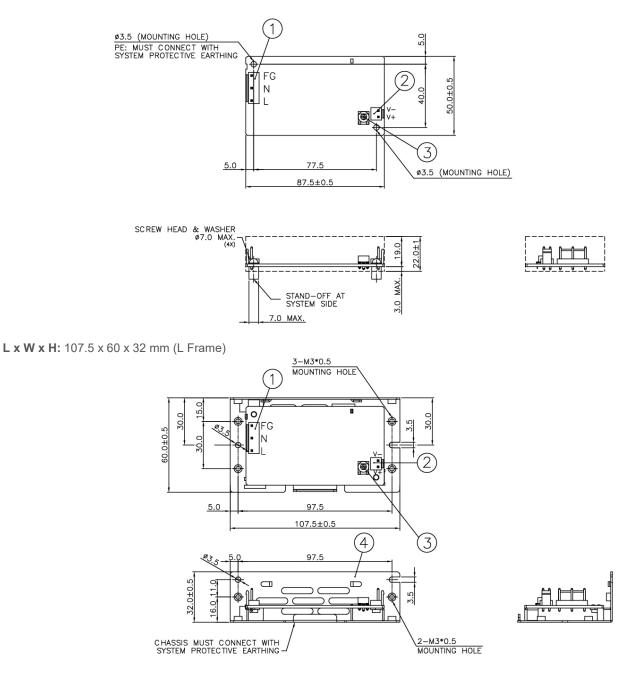
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Dimensions

L x W x H: 87.5 x 50 x 22 mm (Open Frame)



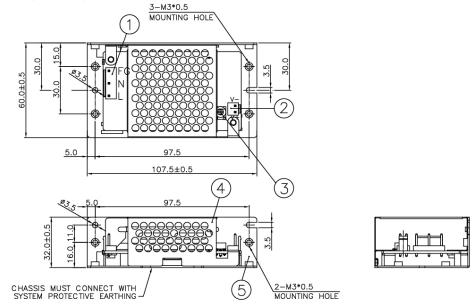
ltem	Device Description
1	Input Connector
2	Output Connector
3	VR
4	Chassis

Notes

- Dimensions are in mm
- For information I/O Connector and Housing, please refer to Table 1 (Page 6).
- For L Frame type: There are 6 threaded mounting holes and 2 normal mounting holes.
- For Open Frame type: There are 2 normal mounting holes.
- Recommended mounting torque for tightening: 4~8 Kgf.cm.



L x W x H: 107.5 x 60 x 32 mm (Enclosed)



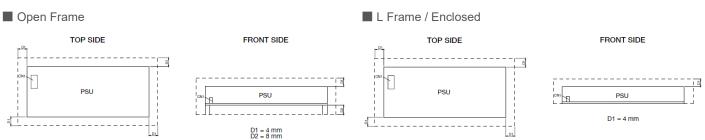
ltem	Device Description
1	Input Connector
2	Output Connector
3	VR
4	Cover
5	Chassis

Notes

- Dimensions are in mm
- For information on I/O Connector and Housing, please refer to Table 1 (Page 6).
- For Enclosed type: There are 6 threaded mounting holes and 2 normal mounting holes.
- Recommended mounting torque for tightening: 4~8 Kgf.cm.

Assembly & Installation

Assembly Reference



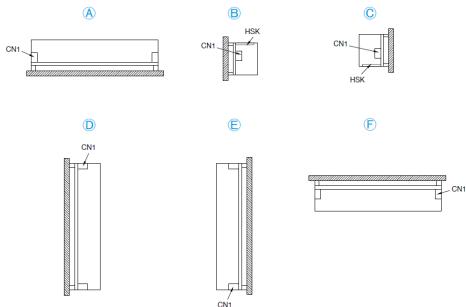
For safety reasons, please ensure the mounted device is kept at \geq 4 mm safety distance at all sides from other components and equipments. Please insert an insulation sheet between the system and product, if the safety distance is less than 4 mm.

Use flexible cable (stranded or solid) of AWG No. 22-18. Please refer to Table 1 for the recommended Housing and Terminal.

Table 1	Connector (Board Mounting)	Housing	Terminal
Input (JST)	B3P5-VH(LF)(SN)	VHR-5N	SVH-21T-P1.1
Output (JST)	B2P-VH(LF)(SN)	VHR-2N	



Mounting Orientation

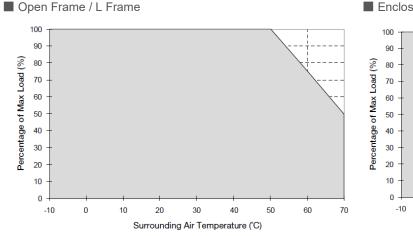


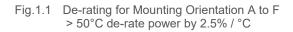
- Any excessive twisting or bending may damage the device's PCB. Please handle the device with care.
- The device is not recommended to be placed on low thermal conductive surfaces. For example, plastics.
- Prevent any foreign metal, particles or conductors from entering the device through the openings during installation. It may cause: -Electric shock; Safety hazard; Product failure.
- The power supply must be mounted by metal screws onto a grounded metal surface. lt is highly recommended that the Earth terminal on the connector be connected to the grounded metal surface.

Engineering Data

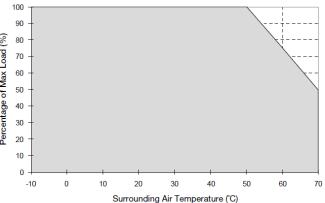
Convection

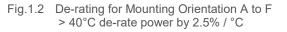
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Enclosed

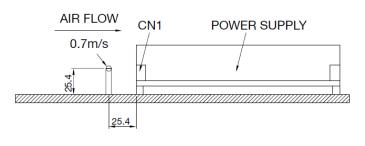




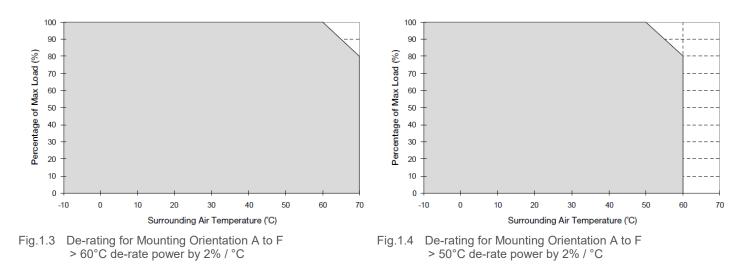


Forced Cooling (Air Velocity > 0.7m/s)

Air Flow Direction



Open Frame / L Frame



Enclosed

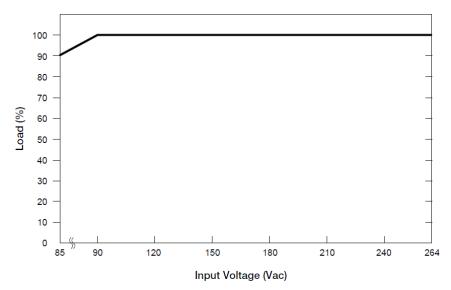
Notes

- 1. Power supply components may degrade, or be damaged, when the power supply is continuously used outside the shaded region, refer to the graphs shown above.
- 2. If the output capacity is not reduced when the surrounding air temperature is more than the upper limit temperature, the device will run into Over Temperature Protection. When activated, the output voltage will go into bouncing mode and will recover when the surrounding air temperature is lowered or the load is reduced as far as necessary to keep the device in working condition.
- 3. Depending on the surrounding air temperature and output load delivered by the power supply, the device housing can be very hot!
- 4. If the device has to be mounted in any other orientation, please do not hesitate to contact info@deltapsu.com for more details.



9

Output De-rating VS. Input Voltage



■ No output power de-rating for the input voltage range from 90 Vac to 264 Vac

Functions

Start-up Time

The time required for the output voltage to reach 90% of its final steady state set value, after the input voltage is applied.

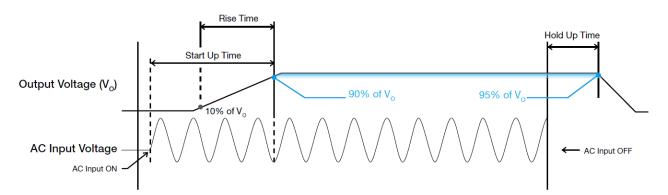
Rise Time

The time required for the output voltage to change from 10% to 90% of its final steady state set value.

Hold-up Time

Time between the collapse of the AC input voltage, and the output falling to 95% of its steady state set value.

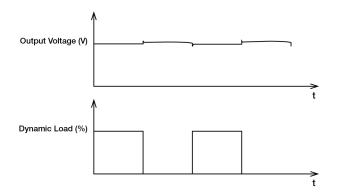
Graph illustrating the Start-up Time, Rise Time, and Hold-up Time





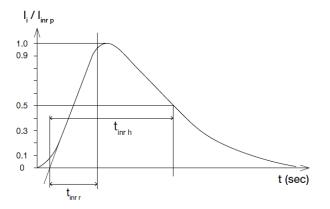
Dynamic Response

The power supply output voltage will remain within $\pm 5\%$ of its steady state value, when subjected to a dynamic load from 0 to 50% and 50 to 100% of its rated current.



Inrush Current

Inrush current is the peak, instantaneous, input current measured and, occurs when the input voltage is first applied. For AC input voltages, the maximum peak value of inrush current will occur during the first half cycle of the applied AC voltage. This peak value decreases exponentially during subsequent cycles of AC voltage.



Overvoltage Protection

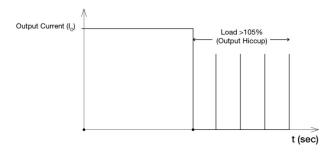
The power supply's overvoltage circuit will be activated when its internal feedback circuit fails. The output voltage shall not exceed its specifications defined on Page 3 under "Protections". **The power supply should be latch.**

Short Circuit Protection

The power supply's output OLP/OCP function also provides protection against short circuits. When a short circuit is applied, the output current will operate in "Hiccup mode", as shown in the illustration in the OLP/OCP section on this page. The power supply will return to normal operation after the short circuit is removed.

Overload & Overcurrent Protections

The power supply's Overload (OLP) and Overcurrent (OCP) Protections will be activated when output current exceeds 105% of I₀ (Max load). In such occurrence, the V₀ will start to droop and once the power supply has reached its maximum power limit, the protection is activated and the power supply will go into "Hiccup mode" (Auto-Recovery). The power supply will recover once the fault condition of the OLP and OCP is removed and I₀ is back within the specifications.



It is not recommended to prolong the duration of $I_{\rm O}$ when it is <105% but >100%, since it may cause damage to the PSU.

Over Temperature Protection

As mentioned above, the power supply also has Over Temperature Protection (OTP). In the event of a higher operating temperature at 100% load, the power supply will run into OTP when the operating temperature is beyond what is recommended in the de-rating graph. When activated, the output voltage will go into latch mode until the mains is reapplied and the temperature drops to its normal operating temperature as recommended in the de-rating graph.



Others

Conformal Coating



The Protective Coating Technology

Delta Electronics Group has designed the perfect dipping technique which penetrates everywhere including under device, and prevents leakage. The conformal coating dipping can be applied to PCBs or circuit board. The coating preserves the performance of precision electronic primarily by preventing ionizable contaminants such as salt from reaching circuit nodes, where the material slumps around sharp edges. This can be a problem especially in highly conversing atmosphere.

Attention

Delta provides all information in the datasheets on an "AS IS" basis and does not offer any kind of warranty through the information for using the product. In the event of any discrepancy between the information in the catalog and datasheets, the datasheets shall prevail (please refer to www.DeltaPSU.com for the latest datasheets information). Delta shall have no liability of indemnification for any claim or action arising from any error for the provided information in the datasheets. Customer shall take its responsibility for evaluation of using the product before placing an order with Delta.

Delta reserves the right to make changes to the information described in the datasheets without notice.

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